Preface

Thank you for choosing SINEE's EM730-PV series inverter.

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The EM730-PV inverter is a high-reliable and small-sized universal inverter which designed specifically

for solar water pumps launched by SINEE. EM730-PV supports three-phase AC asynchronous motors and

permanent magnet synchronous motors.

Features of the EM730-PV series inverter:

• Supports single-phase/three-phase 200V~240V, three-phase 340V~460V water pump; power from

0.4kW~110kW, frequency range: 0~400Hz.

Solar tracking efficiency up to 99%.

Supports optional GPRS module, enabling remote monitoring via computer or mobile APP.

Models of 4kW and below are equipped with optional boost modules to meet low-voltage working

requirements, save solar panels and reduce costs.

The entire series can switch freely between photovoltaic input and grid input, enabling 24 hours of

maintenance-free operation.

Water source water shortage protection, water pump dry-run/underload protection (Dry-run protection),

reservoir full protection, light-weak sleep and wake-up/low voltage input protection, water pump stalled

overload protection.

Before using the EM730 series inverter, please read this manual carefully and keep it properly.

While connecting the inverter to motor for the first time, please select the motor type (asynchronous or

synchronous) correctly and set the motor nameplate parameters: rated power, rated voltage, rated current, rated

frequency, rated speed, motor connection, rated power factor, etc.

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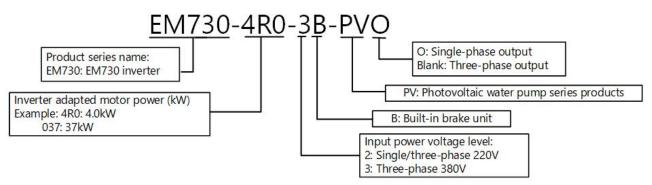
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Part 1 Product Specifications

1.1 Naming Convention



1.2 Product Model

Rated power supply voltage	Model	Applicable motor power (kW)	Rated output current (A)
	EM730-0R4-2B-PVO	0.4	4.8
Single-phase output	EM730-0R7-2B-PVO	0.75	8.0
Single-phase/three-phase AC	EM730-1R5-2B-PVO	1.5	10
200~240V input/ Single-phase DC 200~450V input	EM730-2R2-2B-PVO	2.2	17
Single-phase DC 200~450 v input	EM730-4R0-2B-PVO	4.0	32
	EM730-0R4-2B-PV	0.4	2.8
Single-phase/three-phase AC 200~240V input/	EM730-0R7-2B-PV	0.75	4.8
Single-phase DC 200~450V input	EM730-1R5-2B-PV	1.5	8
Single-phase DC 200~450 v input	EM730-2R2-2B-PV	2.2	10
	EM730-0R7-3B-PV	0.75	2.5
	EM730-1R5-3B-PV	1.5	4.2
	EM730-2R2-3B-PV	2.2	5.6
	EM730-4R0-3B-PV	4.0	9.4
Three-phase AC 340~460V input/	EM730-5R5-3B-PV	5.5	13
Single-phase DC 250~900V input	EM730-7R5-3B-PV	7.5	17
	EM730-011-3B-PV	11	25
	EM730-015-3B-PV	15	32
	EM730-018-3B-PV	18.5	38
	EM730-022-3B-PV	22	45
	EM730-030-3/3B-PV	30	60

EM730-037-3/3B-PV	37	75
EM730-045-3-PV	45	90
EM730-055-3-PV	55	110
EM730-075-3-PV	75	150
EM730-090-3-PV	90	176
EM730-110-3-PV	110	210

1.3 Product Specifications

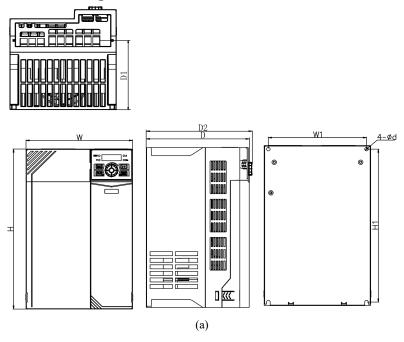
Item		Specification
		2B : MPPT Range 200~450VDC; Single phase/Three phase AC 200V-10% \sim
Power	Rated voltage of power	240V+10%; 50/60HZ±5%
supply	supply	3/3B : MPPT Range 250~900VDC; Three phase AC 340V-10% \sim 460V+10%;
		50/60HZ±5%
	Maximum output voltage	The maximum output voltage is the same as the input power voltage.
Output	Rated output current	Continuous output of 100% rated current
Output	Maximum overload current	150% rated current 60s
	Waximum overload current	120% rated current 60s
	Drive mode	V/F control (VVF); speed sensorless vector control (SVC)
	Input mode	Frequency (speed) input, torque input
	Start and stop control mode	Keyboard, control terminal (two-line control and three-line control),
	Start and stop control mode	communication
	Frequency control range	0.00~600.00Hz/0.0~3000.0HZ
Basic	Input frequency resolution	Digital input: 0.01Hz/0.1Hz
control	input frequency resolution	Analog input: 0.1% of maximum frequency
functions	Speed control range	1:50 (VVF), 1:200 (SVC)
	Speed control accuracy	Rated synchronous speed $\pm0.2\%$
	Acceleration and	0.01 4 600.00 /0.1 4 6000.0 /1 4 60.000
	deceleration time	0.01 s to 600.00 s / 0.1 s to 6,000.0 s / 1 s to 60,000 s
	Voltage/frequency	Rated output voltage: 20% to 100%, adjustable
	characteristics	Reference frequency: 1Hz to 600Hz/3,000Hz

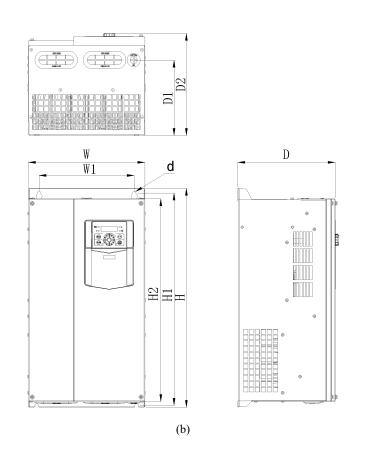
	T	Fixed torque boost curve
	Torque boost	Any V/F curve is acceptable.
	g, i	150%/1Hz (VVF)
	Starting torque	150%/0.25Hz (SVC)
	Torque control accuracy	±8% rated torque (SVC)
	Self-adjustment of output	When the input voltage changes, the output voltage will basically remain
	voltage	unchanged.
		Output current is automatically limited to avoid frequent overcurrent protection
	Automatic current limit	actions.
		Braking frequency: 0.01 to maximum frequency
	DC braking	Braking time: 0∼30s
		Braking current: 0% to 150% rated current
	Signal input source	Communication, multi-speed, analog, etc.
	Reference power supply	10V/20mA
	Terminal control power	24V/100mA
	D: :/ 1: 1	5-channel digital multi-function input: X1~X5
	Digital input terminal	X5 can be used as the high-speed pulse input (max 100kHZ).
		2-channel analog inputs:
Input and	Analog input terminal	One (AI1) voltage source: -10 to 10V input;
output		One channel (AI2): 0 to 10V input voltage or 0 to 20mA input current optional;
function		Multi-function output of one open collector and one relay
	Disital autout tamain al	Maximum output current of the collector: 50mA;
	Digital output terminal	Relay contact capacity: 250VAC/3A or 30VDC/1A,
		EA-EC: normally open; EB-EC: normally closed
	A1 1	One multi-function analog terminal output
	Analog output terminal	M1: 0-10V/0-20mA multi-function analog output terminal
Keyboard	LED display	The LED digital tube displays relevant information about the inverter.
		Short circuit, overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage, phase loss, overload,
D (;	Protective Function	overheat, load loss, external protection, water source water shortage protection,
Protection		water pump dry-run/underload protection (Dry-run protection), reservoir full
		protection, light-weak sleep and wake-up/low voltage input protection, water pump

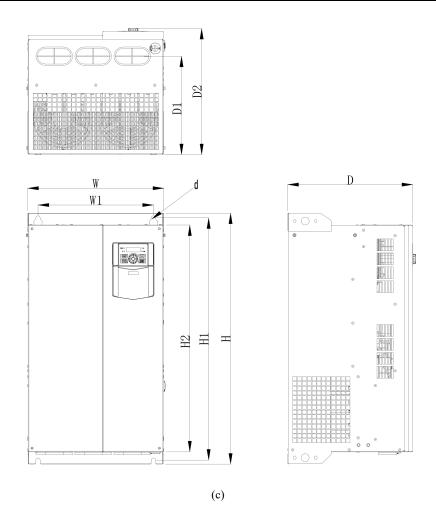
		stalled overload protection etc.	
	Location	Indoor, at an altitude of less than 1 km, free of dust, corrosive gases and direct sunlight. When the altitude is higher than 1km, it is derated by 1% per 100m. The maximum allowable altitude is 3km.	
Use		-10°C to +50°C, 5% to 95%RH (no condensation). When the ambient temperature exceeds 50°C, it needs to be derated by 3% per 1°C temperature rise. The maximum allowable ambient temperature is 60°C.	
	Vibration	Less than 0.5g	
	Storage environment	-40°C∼+70°C	
	Installation method	Wall-mounted or installed in the cabinet	
Levels of protection		IP20/IP21 (with plastic baffle)	
Cooling method		Forced air cooling	

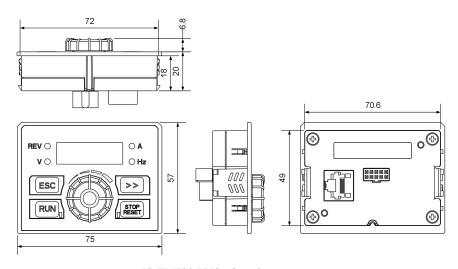
Part 2 Product Size

2.1 Product Appearance Drawings









(d) EM730-PV keyboard appearance

2.2 Product Size Table

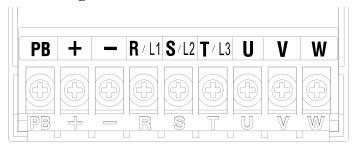
Specifications	W	W1	Н	H1	Н2	D	D1	D2	d	appearance
EM730-0R4-2B-PV										
EM730-0R7-2B-PV	75	65	142	132		146	67	152	4.5	
EM730-0R4-2B-PVO										
EM730-1R5-2B-PV										
EM730-0R7-2B-PVO	93	82	172	162		126	0.5	141	4.7	
EM730-1R5-2B-PVO	93	82	172	163		136	85	141	4.7	
EM730-2R2-2B-PV										
EM730-0R7-3B-PV	7.5	(5	1.42	122		146	(7	150	4.5	
EM730-1R5-3B-PV	75	65	142	132		146	67	152	4.5	
EM730-2R2-3B-PV	02	92	172	1(2		126	0.5	1.4.1	4.7	a
EM730-4R0-3B-PV	93	82	172	163		136	85	141	4.7	
EM730-2R2-2B-PVO										
EM730-5R5-3B-PV	109	98	207	207 196	154	154	103	160	5.5	
EM730-7R5-3B-PV										
EM730-4R0-2B-PVO										
EM730-011-3B-PV	136	125	250	240		169	115	174	5.5	
EM730-015-3B-PV										
EM730-018-3B-PV	190	175	293	280		184	145	189	6.5	
EM730-022-3B-PV	190	173	293	200		104	143	109	0.5	
EM730-030-3-PV										
EM730-030-3B-PV	245	200	454	440	420	205	156	212	7.5	
EM730-037-3-PV	243	200	434	440	420	203	130	212	1.3	
EM730-037-3B-PV										ь
EM730-045-3-PV	300	266	524	508	480	229	174	236	9	
EM730-055-3-PV	300	200	344	300	400	223	1/4	230	2	
EM730-075-3-PV	335	286	580	563	536	228	177	235	9	
EM730-090-3-PV	335	286	630	608	570	310	247	317	11	c
EM730-110-3-PV		200	050	000	3/0	310	Z+1	31/	11	

Part 3 Main Circuit Terminal Wiring

3.1 Main Circuit Terminal Composition

Terminal	Terminal Definition		
PB	Braking resistor terminals		
+	DC noview input terminal		
-	DC power input terminal		
R/L1			
S/L2	AC power input terminal		
T/L3			
U			
V	Motor terminal		
W			
<u>_</u>	Grounding		

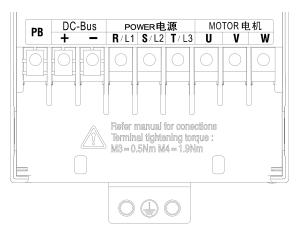
3.2 Main Circuit Terminal Arrangement



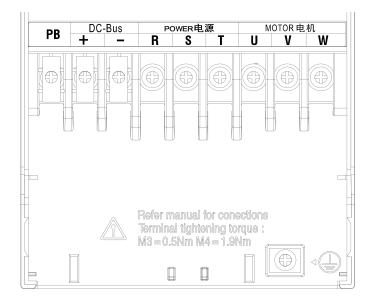
(a) Schematic Diagram of Terminals (EM730-0R7-3B-PV~EM730-1R5-3B-PV)

Note:

EM730-0R4-2B \sim EM730-0R7-2B terminals are the same as EM730-0R7-3B \sim EM730-1R5-3B; EM730-1R5-2B \sim EM730-2R2-2B terminals are the same as EM730-2R2-3B \sim EM730-4R0-3B.



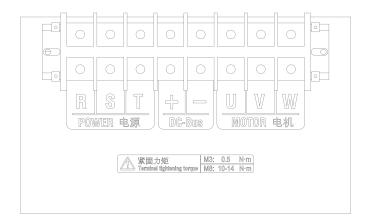
(b) Schematic Diagram of Terminals (EM730-2R2-3B-PV~EM730-4R0-3B-PV)



(c) Schematic Diagram of Terminals (EM730-5R5-3B-PV \sim EM730-022-3B-PV) (with slight difference in the grounding position)

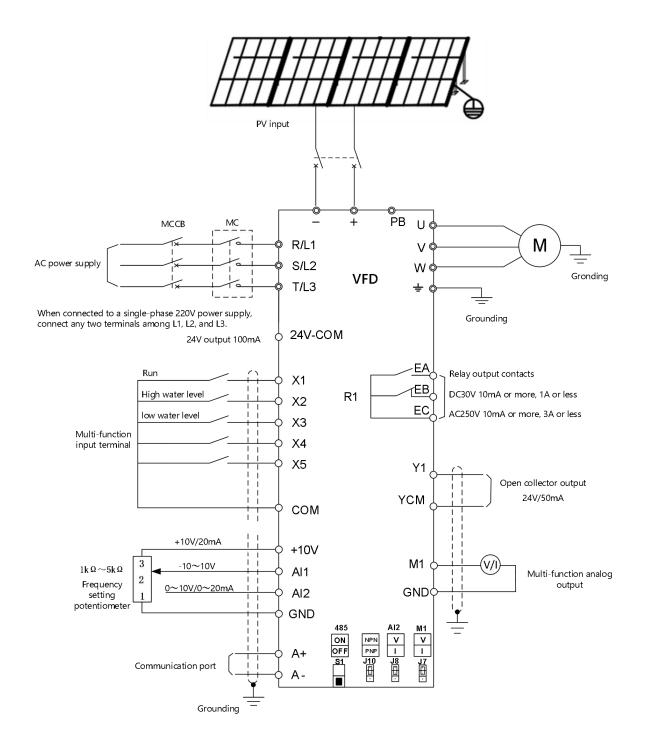


(d) Schematic Diagram of Terminals (EM730-030-3/3B-PV \sim EM730-037-3/3B-PV)

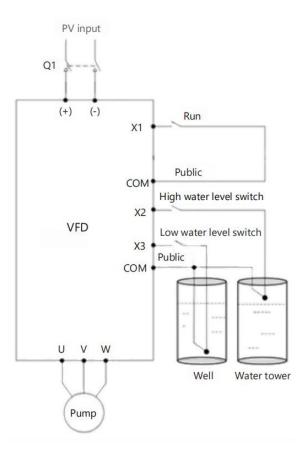


(e) Schematic Diagram of Terminals (EM730-045-3-PV~EM730-110-3-PV)

3.3 Wiring



(a) Main circuit terminal wiring



(b) Main circuit terminal wiring

Part 4 Product Installation



Attention

1. When carrying the inverter, hold its bottom.

If you hold the panel only, the body main fall to hit your feet.

2. Install the inverter on non-flammable boards (e.g. metal).

If the inverter is installed on a flammable object, a fire may occur.

3. When two or more inverters are installed in one control cabinet, please install a cooling fan and keep the air temperature below $50\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ at the air inlet.

Overheating may cause fire and other accidents.

4.1 Installation Site

The installation site should meet the following conditions:

- 1) The room is well ventilated.
- ② The ambient temperature should be -10°C to 50°C. When the plastic case is used at the ambient temperature above 40°C, remove the top baffle.
- ③ The controller should be free from high temperature and humidity (less than 90% RH) or rainwater and other liquid droplets.
- ④ Please install the inverter on a fire-retardant object (e.g. metal). Never install it on flammable objects (e.g. wood).
- (5) No direct sunlight.
- 6 There should be no flammable or corrosive gas and liquid.
- There should be no dust, oily dust, floating fibers or metal particles.
- ® The installation foundation should be secured and vibration-free.
- Avoid electromagnetic interference and keep the controller away from interference sources.

4.2 Environment Temperature

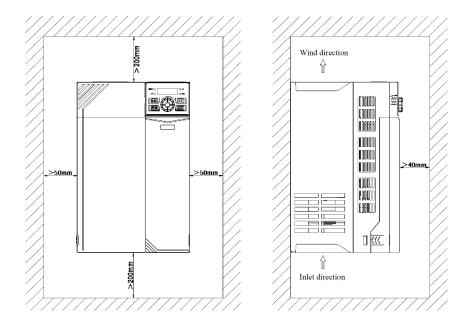
In order to improve the operational reliability, please install the inverter in a well-ventilated place. When it is used in a closed cabinet, a cooling fan or cooling air conditioner should be installed to keep the ambient temperature below 50° C.

4.3 Preventive Measures

Take protective measures to the inverter during installation to prevent metal fragments or dust generated in drilling and other processes from falling into the inverter. Remove the protection after installation.

4.4 Installation Direction and Space

The EM730-1R5-3B-PV inverters and above are equipped with the cooling fan for forced air cooling. To ensure good cyclic cooling effects, the inverter must be installed in a vertical direction, and sufficient spaces must be reserved between the inverter and adjacent objects or baffles (walls).



Part 5 Keyboard Operation

5.1 Keyboard Functions

5.1.1 Structure of LED keyboard

The control panel of EM730 series inverter is a pluggable LED keyboard The LED keyboard has one five-digit LED digital display, four operation buttons, one digital potentiometer, and six status and unit indicators. Users can perform parameter setting, status monitoring and start/stop of the inverter via the keyboard.



Fig. 7-1 LED Keyboard

5.1.2 Functions of keys and indicators on LED keyboard

The functions of the keys and indicators on the LED keyboard are as shown in Table 7-1.

Table 7-1 Functions of Keys and Indicators on LED Keyboard

Key/Indicator	Name Function	
		Select the group number and function number of the
>>	Right	currently modified function code.
		Change the monitoring parameters.
		Go back to the previous menu.
F 00	Back	Cancel the current parameter modification when the
ESC	Back	menu mode selection level is enabled from the
		monitoring level.
DIM	Run	When the keyboard control is enabled, press this key
RON	Kun	to start the inverter.
		When the keyboard control is enabled, press this key
STOP	Stop/Reset	to stop the inverter.
		Reset the protection in use.
	Potentiometer/	Turn it clockWise to select the function code and
	Confirm key	menu group or increase the parameter value.

		Increase the currently valid reference digital input
		data.
		Turn it counterclockWise to select the function code
		and menu group or decrease the parameter value.
		Decrease the currently valid reference digital input
		data.
		Click it to enter the lower-level menu.
		Confirm and save the parameter modification, and
		enable the function code following the current
		function code.
● ● ● Hz A V	Unit indicator	It is ON when the frequency, current, and voltage are
		displayed.
	Running	This indicator is ON during reverse running.
REV	direction	It is OFF during forward running.
KEV		It is ON when a certain frequency is being
	indicator	monitored or displayed.
	ъ .	It is ON when the inverter is running, flickering when
(Green) Running indicator	C	the inverter is being stopped, and OFF after the
	indicator	inverter is stopped.
	Protection	When the inverter is in the protection status,
(Red)	this indicator will be ON in red.	





and below means that the potentiometer rotates clockWise and counterclockWise.)

5.2 Operation Mode of Keyboard with Digital Tube Display

The LED keyboard menu is divided into the monitoring level (Level 0), menu mode selection level (Level 1), function code selection level (Level 2) and parameter level (Level 3) from low to high. The menu levels mentioned below are represent by numbers.

There are five parameter display modes: menu mode (--A--), used to display all function codes; user-defined mode (--U--), used to display only function codes selected by the user based on the F11 group; non-default mode (--C--), used to display only the function codes that differ from the default settings;

Protection information display mode (--E--): display the current protection information; version information mode (--P--): display software and product serial numbers.

When the keyboard is powered on, the first monitoring parameter of Level 0 is displayed by default. Press the ESC key to open the Level 1 menu. Users can use the keyboard to select different menu modes. The process of menu mode selection is shown in Fig. 7-2.

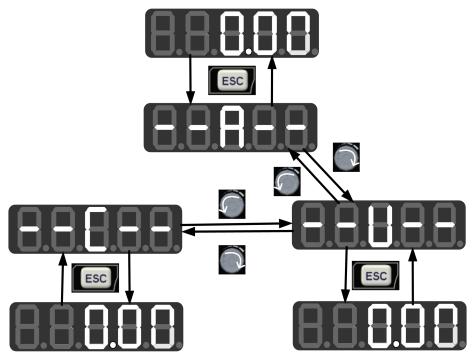


Fig. 7-2 Flowchart of Menu Mode Selection

5.2.1 Full Menu Mode (--A--)

In the full menu mode, press the ENTER key to enter the Level 2 menu and select any function code. Then press the ENTER key to enter the Level 3 menu and view or modify the function code. Except for a few special ones, the function codes needed by general users can be modified.

The entire process from the initial status of power-on to change of the value of the function code F03.28 to 5.28 in the full menu mode is shown in Fig. 7-3.

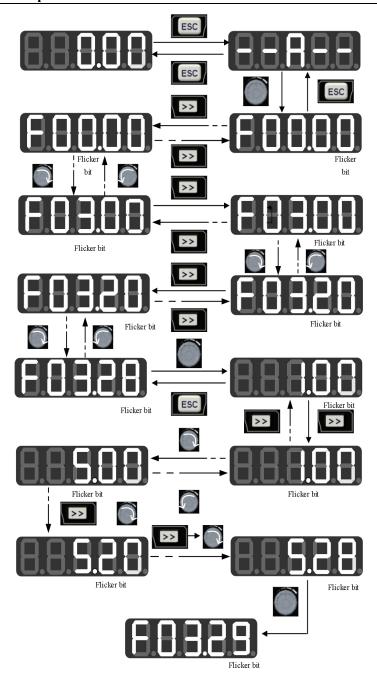


Fig. 7-3 Flowchart from Power-on to F03.28=5.28 Setting

In all menu modes, the user needs to press the ENTER key to save parameter modifications. Differences after parameter saving are as follows: In the full menu mode, enter the function code following the function code that has been successfully modified. In the user-defined mode, enter the user-defined function code (according to the sequence defined in F11.00-F11.31) following the function code that has been successfully modified. In the non-default mode, enter the non-default function code following the non-default function code that has been successfully modified. In the protection information display mode, enter the protection information function code that has been successfully modified. In the version information display mode, enter the serial number function code

following the serial number function code has been successfully modified.

In the Level 3 menu, press the ESC key to abandon parameter modifications.

5.2.2 User-defined Mode (--U--)

Enter the F11 group of function codes from the full menu mode. Then the user can arbitrarily set the shortcut for the parameter to be accessed frequently. When F11.00 is enabled for the first time, U00.00 will be displayed by default, meaning that the function code defined by default for F11.00 is F00.00. The lowest cursor bit will flicker. The user can set any function code, similar to the function code selection in the Level 2 menu. After setting, press the ENTER key to save it and enter the user-defined menu mode to display the set function code.

For example, F11.00 is set to U00.07 and F11.01 to U00.09. F11.00 and F11.01 will be defined as F00.07 and F00.09, respectively. They are distinguished by U and F. U indicates that this function code is user-defined, as shown in Fig. 7-4.

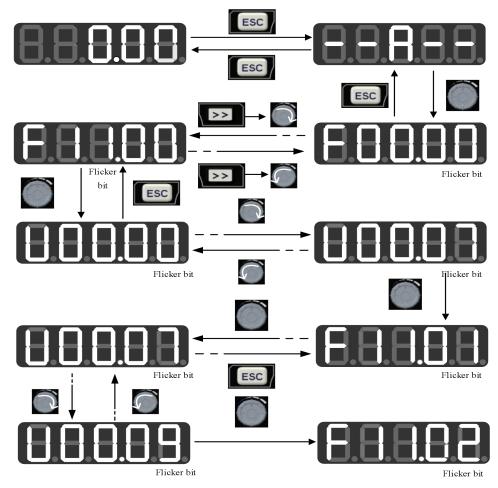


Fig. 7-4 Example of User-defined Mode Setting

In the user-defined mode, press the ENTER key to enter the Level 2 menu. The Level 2 menu only display 32 user-defined parameters in the F11 group. The user can enter the F11 group from the full menu mode to set these

function codes.

After the function codes are defined in the F11 group, enter the user-defined mode. Then we can see F00.07 defined by the first function code F11.00, F00.09 defined by the first function code F11.01, and so on to F11.31, 32 in total. Function code modification in the Level 3 menu is equivalent to that in the full menu mode, and the modification method is also the same.

In the Level 2 menu of the user-defined mode, turn the potentiometer key on the keyboard, to change the function code defined by F11.00 to that defined by F11.31.

When the right shift key is pressed in the Level 2 menu, the cursor will not shift. Press the ENTER key to enter the Level 3 menu. If the displayed function code is modifiable currently, the lowest bit indicated by the cursor will flicker. Parameter modification is the same as that in the Level 3 menu under the full menu mode. After modification, press the ENTER key to confirm and save the parameters and enable next user-defined parameter. Function code modifications in the Level 3 menus under different menu modes have equivalent effects.

5.2.3 Non-default Mode (--C--)

In the non-default mode, press the ENTER key to enter the Level 2 menu. The first parameter different from the default settings of the inverter will be displayed, starting from F00.00. When the right shift key pressed in the Level 2 menu, the cursor will not shift. If the increment or decrement key on the keyboard is pressed, the function group and function code will not be modified, and the non-default function code following and in front of the current function code will be displayed respectively. If the displayed function code is modifiable currently in the Level 3 menu, the lowest bit indicated by the cursor will flicker. In this case, parameters can be modified in the Level 3 menu under the full menu mode. After modification, press the ENTER key to confirm and save the parameters and enable next non-default parameter.

For example, change F00.03 to 1 and F00.07 to 40.00 in the full menu mode, which are not default values. Then enable the non-default mode. F00.03 will be displayed first. When the potentiometer key on the keyboard is turned clockWise, F00.07 will be displayed; and when the potentiometer key on the keyboard is turned counterclockWise, F00.03 will be returned, as shown below:

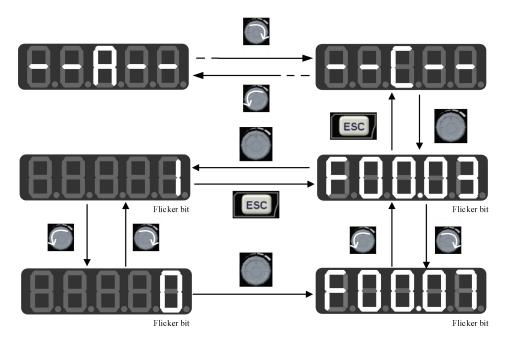


Fig. 7-5 Function Code Modification in Non-default Mode

5.2.4 Protection Information Display Mode (--E--)

In the protection information display mode, press the ENTER key to enter the Level 2 menu. The Level 2 menu will only display the fault record group under the F19 group, which is conducive to direct viewing of protection record information.

Turn the potentiometer key on the keyboard in the Level 2 menu under this mode to increase or decrease the function code of the protection group, and the shift key will be unavailable. In case of protection, you can press the shift key on the keyboard in the Level 3 menu to switch the display of the protection code, protection output frequency, protection output current, protection bus voltage, and protection operation status.

5.3 Protection Monitoring

When the inverter is in the protection status, you can directly press the right shift key to switch the current protection type and the output frequency, output current, output voltage, running status and working time during the protection.

5.4 Operation Monitoring

5.4.1 Normal Monitoring

In the monitoring status mode 1 of EM730, you can set any function code to be viewed between F12.33 and F12.37. When F12.32=1, the monitoring mode 1 will be enabled. If the Level 0 monitoring menu appears, you can press the right shift key to switch the monitoring parameters according to the order set for each function code between F12.33 and F12.37. When the inverter changes from the stop status to running status, the monitoring parameter will automatically change from the current value to that indicated by F12.33. When the inverter changes

from the running status to stop status, the monitoring parameter will automatically change from the current value to that indicated by F12.34.

5.4.2 Editing Mode

Quick change in the monitoring mode:

When F00.04 is set to "0: digital frequency setting F00.07", turn the potentiometer key to directly change the offset;

When F00.04 is set to "8: digital potentiometer", turn the potentiometer key to change the set frequency of F12.42 digital potentiometer. In this case, turn the potentiometer key to enter the editing mode. The value will change from the second digit of the digital tube by default. The digital tube corresponding to the changed digit will flash. Press the right shift key to move to next digit on the right. Press the ESC key to cancel change and return to the original value. Or, press the ENTER key to confirm the change and exit the editing mode. The indicator will not be flicker. Press the right shift key to enable the normal monitoring mode: switch to next monitoring parameter. Fig. 7-6 shows the editing status in the monitoring mode.

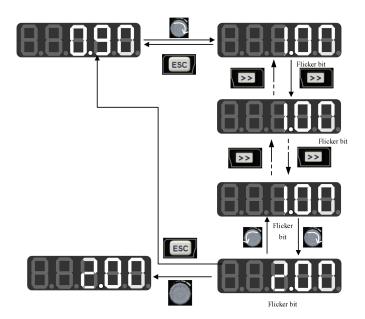


Fig. 7-6 Editing Status in the Monitoring Mode

5.5 Run/Stop

After setting the parameters, press the RUN key to enable the normal operation of the inverter, and the STOP/RESET key to stop the inverter.

5.6 Other Warning Prompts

5.6.1 P.-ON Prompt

The P.-ON prompt will be displayed after power-on initialization.

5.6.2 P.-OFF Prompt

When the voltage drops to 250V (with the soft start disconnected), P-OFF will be displayed, and the keyboard can be operated freely to exit the P.-OFF display and display normal information. In case of no keyboard operation within 5s, P-OFF will be displayed again. After the voltage is restored and the soft start is engaged, P.-ON will be displayed again.

5.6.3 SOFT.E Warning

If the soft start is not engaged and the inverter is started, the SOFT.E warning will appear. After the voltage is restore and the soft start is engaged, normal operation will be enabled.

Part 6 Debugging Guide

6.1 Pre-operation Check

Please make sure to check the following items before turning on the power.

- ① Check whether the inverter is reliably grounded;
- 2 Check whether the wiring is correct and reliable;
- ③ Check whether the selection of AC and DC circuit breakers is correct;
- (4) Check whether the solar DC input voltage is within the allowable range of the inverter;
- ⑤ Check whether the type, voltage and power of the motor match those of the inverter.

6.2 Trial Operation

Close the DC circuit breaker. The inverter will automatically start running after a delay of about 15 seconds, and observe the water output of the water pump. If the water output is normal, the trial run is successful; if the water output is small, swap any two motor wires before running.

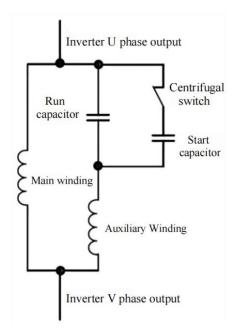
6.3 Parameter Settings

The inverter runs automatically when powered on by default. If you need to set parameters, you can modify them directly through the keyboard. For some parameters that need to be stopped to modify, you need to set the parameters within 15 seconds after the inverter is powered on. If the inverter is already running after powering on, press the STOP/RESET key to stop it and then enter the parameter setting interface. After completing the parameter setting, turn off the power switch and then turn it on again to put it into operation again.

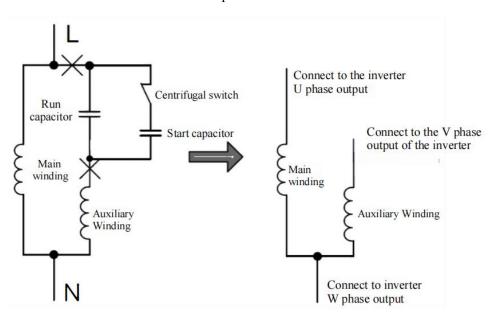
6.4 Description of Single-phase Asynchronous Motor

6.4.1Wiring Method

① Connect the running capacitor: The output U and V phases of the inverter are connected to the phase line of the single-phase motor



② Remove the running capacitor: connect the inverter U phase to one end of the main winding, the V phase to one end of the auxiliary winding, and short-circuit the other ends of the main and auxiliary windings together and connect them to the inverter W phase.



6.4.2Parameter Settings

① Connect running capacitor: Select single-phase motor as the motor type and connect running capacitor (F01.00=6). Since the running capacitor is set at 50 Hz, when the frequency is low, the secondary winding capacitive reactance is large, resulting in a small current. Therefore, it cannot be started when the

frequency is set too low. Generally, it needs to be higher than 30 Hz, or a large capacitor that can run for a long time is connected to the secondary winding for low-frequency starting. If the motor vibrates or the current is large, it can be set to multi-point broken line VF (F05.00=1), and the values of F05.01~F05.06 can be adjusted according to the motor operation: reduce the voltage when the motor current is too large, and increase the voltage when the motor cannot start.

② Remove the running capacitor: Select the single-phase motor with running capacitor (F01.00=5) as the motor type. Set the motor parameters F01.00~F01.06, and then perform motor parameter self-learning (F01.34 = 1). After parameter self-learning, the three-phase wiring phase sequence can be automatically adapted, and the U/V/W three-phase wiring can be connected arbitrarily. Since the impedance of the main and auxiliary windings are different, if the main and auxiliary windings output the same voltage, the motor may vibrate. If the motor vibrates, adjust the main and auxiliary winding voltage ratio (F51.42) to reduce the vibration.

③ Output voltage gain setting:

If the motor current is large or jitter occurs at the maximum frequency, the maximum output voltage can be reduced by adjusting the output voltage gain (F51.43).

6.5 Function Parameter List

Function	Function code name	Parameter description	Unit	Default setting	Attribute	mailing address	
F00		Basic function parameter group					
F00.00	Reserved						
F00.01	Drive control mode of	0: v/f control (VVF)		0		0x0001	
F00.01	motor 1	1: speed sensorless vector control (SVC)		0	0	UXUUUI	
		0: keyboard control (LOC/REM indicator: ON)					
F00.02	Options of command	1: terminal control (LOC/REM indicator: OFF)		0	0	0x0002	
1 00.02	source	2: communication control (LOC/REM indicator:					
		flicker)					
		0: terminal RUN (running) and F/R					
	Options of terminal control	(forward/reverse)					
F00.03	mode	1: terminal RUN (forward) and F/R (reverse)		0	0	0x0003	
	HIOGE	2: terminal RUN (forward), Xi (stop) and F/R					
		(reverse)					

		3: terminal RUN (running), Xi (stop) and F/R				
		(forward/reverse)				
		0: digital frequency setting F00.07				
		1: AI1				
		2: AI2				
		3: reserved				
		4: reserved				
F00.04	Options of main frequency	5: high frequency pulse input (X5)		0	0	0x0004
	source A	6: main frequency communication setting				
		(percentage)				
		7: main frequency communication setting (direct				
		frequency)				
		8: digital potentiometer setting				
		0: digital frequency setting F00.07				
		1: AI1				
		2: AI2				
		3: reserved				
		4: reserved				
		5: high frequency pulse input (X5)				
E00.05	Options of auxiliary	6: auxiliary frequency communication setting		0		0.0005
F00.05	frequency source B	(percentage)		0	O	0x0005
		7: auxiliary frequency communication setting				
		(direct frequency)				
		8: digital potentiometer setting				
		9: reserved				
		10: process PID				
		11: simple PLC				
		0: main frequency source A				
E00.06	Options of frequency	1: auxiliary frequency source B				0000
F00.06	source	2: main and auxiliary operation results		0	0	0x0006
		3: switching between main frequency source A and				
	•	•				

	•					
		auxiliary frequency source B				
		4: switching between main frequency source A and				
		main and auxiliary operation results				
		5: switching between auxiliary frequency source B				
		and main and auxiliary operation results				
		6: auxiliary frequency source B + feedforward				
		calculation (winding application)				
F00.07	Digital frequency setting	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	50.00	•	0x0007
		0: main frequency source A + auxiliary frequency				
		source B				
		1: main frequency source A - auxiliary frequency				
		source B				
		2: larger value of main and auxiliary frequency				
		sources				
	Options of main and	3: smaller value of main and auxiliary frequency				
F00.08	auxiliary operation	sources		0	0	0x0008
		4: main frequency source A - auxiliary frequency				
		source B, the operation result is greater than or				
		equal to zero				
		5: main frequency source A + auxiliary frequency				
		source B, the operation result is greater than or				
		equal to zero				
	Reference options of					
F00.09	auxiliary frequency source	0: relative to he maximum frequency		0		00000
F00.09	B in main and auxiliary	1: relative to main frequency source A		0	0	0x0009
	operation					
F00.10	Gain of main frequency	0.0~300.0	%	100.0	•	0x000A
1.00.10	source	0.0 ~ 300.0	/0	100.0	•	UXUUUA
F00.11	Gain of auxiliary frequency	0.0~300.0	%	100.0		0x000B
1 00.11	source	0.0 300.0	/0	100.0	•	OAUUUD
F00.12	Synthetic gain of main and	0.0~300.0	%	100.0	•	0x000C

	auxiliary frequency sources					
		0: synthetic frequency of main and auxiliary				
		channels				
		1: AI1 * synthetic frequency of main and auxiliary				
		channels				
F00.13	Analog adjustment of	2: AI2 * synthetic frequency of main and auxiliary		0	0	0x000D
100.13	synthetic frequency	channels				0.0000
		3: reserved				
		4: reserved				
		5: high frequency pulse (PULSE) * synthetic				
		frequency of main and auxiliary channels				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F00.14	Acceleration time 1	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	5.00	•	0x000E
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F00.15	Deceleration time 1	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	0.5	•	0x000F
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
F00.16	Maximum frequency	1.00~600.00/1.0~3000.0	Hz	50.00	0	0x0010
		0: set by F00.18				
		1: AI1				
		2: AI2				
F00.17	Options of upper frequency	3: reserved		0	0	0x0011
1 00.17	limit control	4: reserved				OXOUTT
		5: high frequency pulse input (X5)				
		6: communication setting (percentage)				
		7: communication setting (direct frequency)				
F00.18	Upper frequency limit	lower frequency limit F00.19 to maximum	Hz	50.00	•	0x0012
2 30.10	opport requency mine	frequency F00.16	-12	20.00		0.10012
F00.19	Lower frequency limit	0.00 to upper frequency limit F00.18	Hz	0.00	•	0x0013
F00.20	Running direction	0: consistent direction		0	•	0x0014
1 00.20		1: opposite direction				

F00.21	Reverse control	0: allow forward/reverse running 1: prohibit reversing		0	0	0x0015
F00.22	Duration of forward and reverse dead zone	0.00~650.00	s	0.00	•	0x0016
F00.23	Carrier frequency	$1.0 \sim 16.0$ (rated power of the inverter: $0.75\text{-}4.00\text{kW}$) $1.0 \sim 10.0$ (rated power of the inverter: $5.50 \sim 7.50\text{kW}$) $1.0 \sim 8.0$ (rated power of inverter $11.00 - 45.00\text{kW}$) $1.0 \sim 4.0$ (rated power of inverter $55.00 - 90.00\text{kW}$) $1.0 \sim 3.0$ (rated power of inverter: 110.00 and above)	kHz	4.0 (0.75 and below) /2.0	•	0x0017
F00.24	Automatic adjustment of carrier frequency	0: invalid 1: valid 1 2: valid 2		1	0	0x0018
F00.25	Noise suppression of carrier frequency	0: invalid 1: noise suppression of carrier frequency mode 1 2: noise suppression of carrier frequency mode 2		0	0	0x0019
F00.26	Noise suppression width	1~20	Hz	1	•	0x001A
F00.27	Noise suppression intensity	0: invalid 0~10: noise suppression of carrier frequency mode 1 0~4: noise suppression of carrier frequency mode 2	%	2	•	0x001B
F00.28	Options of motor parameter group	0: parameter group of motor 1 1: parameter group of motor 2		0	0	0x001C
F00.29	User password	0~65535		0	0	0x001D
F00.31	Frequency resolution	0: 0.01Hz 1: 0.1Hz (speed unit: 10rpm)		0	0	0x001E
F00.35	Power supply voltage	0: 380V		0	0	0x0023

	selection	1: 440V				
	Single and double brush	0: Single brush				
F00.39	PWM switching control	1: Double brush		0	0	0x0027
	1 WW SWIEDING CONTO	2: Automatic switching				
F01		Parameter group of motor 1				
		0: ordinary asynchronous motor				
		1: variable-frequency asynchronous motor				
		2: permanent magnet synchronous motor				
		3 : Reserved				
F01.00	Motor type	4 : Reserved		0	0	0x0100
		5 : Single-phase asynchronous motor (without				
		running capacitor)				
		6 : Single-phase asynchronous motor (connected to				
		running capacitor)				
	Rated power of electric motor			Dependi		
		0.10~650.00		ng on		
F01.01			kW	the	0	0x0101
				motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
				ng on		
F01.02	Rated voltage of motor	50~2000	V	the	0	0x0102
				motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
		1~ 60000 (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)		ng on		
F01.03	Rated current of motor	0.1~6000.0 (rated power of motor: > 75kW)	A	the	0	0x0103
		on state point of motors (, , , , ,)		motor		
				type		
F01.04	Rated frequency of motor	0.01~600.00	Hz	Dependi	\circ	0x0104
101.01	Rated frequency of motor	0.01~000.00	ΠZ	ng on	0	UXU1U4

F01.05 Rated speed $1\sim60000$ rpm the motor type $1\sim60000$ rpm the prior type $1\sim60000$ rpm the motor type $1\sim60000$ rpm the prior type $1\sim60000$ rpm the prior type $1\sim60000$ rpm the prior $1\sim60000$ rated power of motor: $1\sim600000$ rated power of motor: $1\sim600000$ rated power of motor:		•					
F01.05 Rated speed 1~60000 rpm the					the		
F01.05 Rated speed $1{\sim}60000$ rpm the 0 0x0105 motor type 0 0x0106 motor type 0 0x0106 motor 0 0x0107 motor 0 0x0107 motor 0 0x0108 motor 0 0x0109 motor 0 0x0100 0 0x0100 motor 0 0x0100 mo					motor		
F01.05 Rated speed $1\sim60000$ rpm $\frac{1}{100000}$ ng on the 0.00000 notor type $\frac{1}{1000000}$ $\frac{1}{10000000}$ $\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$					type		
F01.05 Rated speed $1\sim60000$ rpm the 0 0x0105 motor type 0 1.2 Depending on the 0 0x0106 motor type 0 1.2 Depending on the 0 0x0106 motor 0 1.3 Depending on the 0 0x0107 motor 0 1.4 Depending on the 0 0x0107 motor 0 1.5 Depending on the 0 0x0107 motor 0 1.6 Depending on the 0 0x0107 motor 0 1.7 Depending on the 0 0x0108 motor 0 1.6 Stator resistance of asynchronous motor 0 1.6 Stator fresistance of asynchronous motor 0 1.6 Stator fresistance of asynchronous motor 0 1.7 Stator fresist					Dependi		
F01.06 Motor winding connection $0.2Y$ the $0.2P$ and $0.2P$ the $0.2P$					ng on		
F01.06 Motor winding connection $1:\Delta$ Rated power factor of motor F01.07 Motor efficiency F01.08 Motor efficiency Stator resistance of asynchronous motor F01.09 Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor F01.00 Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor	F01.05	Rated speed	1~60000	rpm	the	0	0x0105
F01.06 Motor winding connection $1:\Delta$ Rated power factor of motor $1:\Delta$ $0:Y$ $1:\Delta$ $1:\Delta$ $0:Y$ $1:\Delta$ Rated power factor of motor $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.6000\sim1.000$ $0.6000\sim1.000$ $0.6000\sim1.000$ $0.6000\sim1.000$ $0.60000\sim1.000$ $0.1\sim6000.0$ $0.1\sim600.0$ $0.1\sim6000.0$ $0.1\sim6000.0$ $0.1\sim6000.0$ $0.1\sim6000.0$ 0.1					motor		
F01.06 Motor winding connection $1.\Delta$ 0.7Y $1.\Delta$ 0x0106 motor type $1.\Delta$ 0x0106 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x0106 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x0106 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x0107 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x0107 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x0107 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x0109 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x109 motor $1.\Delta$ 0x0109 motor $1.$					type		
F01.06 Motor winding connection $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					Dependi		
F01.06 Motor winding connection 1: Δ			0:Y		ng on		
F01.07 Rated power factor of motor type	F01.06	Motor winding connection			the	0	0x0106
F01.07 Rated power factor of motor $0.600\sim1.000$ the $0.600\sim1.000$ the $0.600\sim1.000$ motor $0.600\sim1.000$ motor $0.600\sim1.000$ motor $0.600\sim1.000$ 0.00107 motor 0.00107 motor 0.00108 motor 0.00109 mo					motor		
F01.07 Rated power factor of motor $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.6000\sim1.000$ 0.60000					type		
F01.07 Rated power factor of motor $0.600\sim1.000$ the $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.600\sim1.000$ $0.6000\sim1.000$ 0.600000 0.600000 0.600000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.600000 0.600000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000 0.60000					Dependi		
F01.07 motor $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					ng on		
F01.08 Motor efficiency $30.0 \sim 100.0$ % the O 0x0108 motor type Stator resistance of asynchronous motor $0.1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) asynchronous motor $0.1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) Rotor resistance of $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) motor type F01.10 Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor $0.1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) motor $0.1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: $0.1 \sim 60000$ motor)	F01.07		0.600~1.000		the	0	0x0107
F01.08 Motor efficiency $30.0 \sim 100.0$ % the O 0x0108 motor type O Depending on O Stator resistance of asynchronous motor O 0.1 O 000.0 (rated power of motor: O 0.1 O 0 Motor O 0.1 O 0 Depending on O 0.1 O 0 Ox010A asynchronous motor O 0.1 O					motor		
F01.08 Motor efficiency $30.0 \sim 100.0$ % the motor type $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)					type		
F01.08 Motor efficiency $30.0 \sim 100.0$ % the motor type $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) F01.09 Stator resistance of asynchronous motor $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≥ 75 kW) F01.10 Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≥ 75 kW) F01.10 Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) F01.10 Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) F01.10 Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor $1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) F01.10 Oxollos					Dependi		
F01.09 Stator resistance of asynchronous motor $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≥ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≥ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≥ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ Rotor resistance of $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)					ng on		
$F01.09 \begin{tabular}{ l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l$	F01.08	Motor efficiency	30.0~100.0	%	the	0	0x0108
F01.09 Stator resistance of asynchronous motor $1\sim60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) asynchronous motor $0.1\sim6000.0$ (rated power of motor: > 75 kW) $0.1\sim6000.0$ (rated power of motor: > 75 kW) $0.1\sim6000.0$ (rated power of motor: $= 75$ kW)					motor		
Stator resistance of asynchronous motor					type		
Stator resistance of asynchronous motor $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: > 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: > 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: > 75 kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: $= 75$ kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: $= 75$ kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: $= 75$ kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: $= 75$ kW) $1\sim 60000$ $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: $= 75$ kW)					Dependi		
F01.09 asynchronous motor $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Stator resistance of	1~ 60000 (rated power of motor: < 75 kW)		ng on		
$[F01.10] \begin{tabular}{ l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l$	F01.09			mΩ	the	0	0x0109
Rotor resistance of $1\sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) Ω ng on Ω		asynchronous motor	0.1~0000.0 (fated power of motor. > /3kw)		motor		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					type		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Rotor registance of	1 (0000 () 1		Dependi		
	F01.10			mΩ	ng on	0	0x010A
		asynchronous filotor	0.17-0000.0 (fated power of motor: > /3kw)		the		

				motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
	Leakage inductance of	0.01 to 600.00 (rated power of motor: $\leq 75 \text{ kW}$)		ng on		
F01.11	asynchronous motor	0.001 to 60.000 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)	mH	the	0	0x010B
				motor		
				type		
				Depen-d		
F01.12	Mutual inductance of	0.1 to 6000.0 (rated power of motor: $\leq 75 \text{ kW}$)	mН	ing on the		0x010C
F01.12	asynchronous motor	0.01 to 600.00 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)	ШП	motor	0	UXUTUC
				type Dependi		
	No-load excitation current	0.01 to 600.00 (rated power of motor: \leq 75 kW) 0.1 to 6000.0 (rated power of motor: $>$ 75 kW)	A	ng on		
F01.13				the	0	0x010D
101.13	of asynchronous motor			motor	0	ONOTOD
				type		
	Flux weakening coefficient			31		
F01.14	1 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	87.00	0	0x010E
	Flux weakening coefficient					
F01.15	2 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	80.00	0	0x010F
	Flux weakening coefficient					
F01.16	3 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	75.00	0	0x0110
	Flux weakening coefficient					
F01.17	4 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	72.00	0	0x0111
E01.10	Flux weakening coefficient	10.00 100.00	0/	70.00	<u> </u>	00112
F01.18	5 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	70.00	0	0x0112
				Dependi		
F01.19	Stator resistance of	1~ 60000 (rated power of motor: ≤75kW) 0.1 to 6000.0 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)	mΩ	ng on	0	0x0113
101.17	synchronous motor			the		0.0113
				motor		

				type		
F01.20	d-axis inductance of synchronous motor	0.01 to 600.00 (rated power of motor: \leq 75 kW) 0.001 to 60.000 (rated power of motor: $>$ 75 kW)	mH	Dependi ng on the motor type	0	0x0114
F01.21	q-axis inductance of synchronous motor	$0.01\sim600.00$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW) $0.001\sim60.000$ (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)	mH	Dependi ng on the motor type	0	0x0115
F01.22	Counter electromotive force of synchronous motor	$10.0 \sim 2000.0$ (counter electromotive force of rated speed)	V	Dependi ng on the motor type	0	0x0116
F01.23	Initial electrical angle of synchronous motor	$0.0 \sim 359.9$ (valid for synchronous motor)			0	0x0117
F01.34	Motor parameter self-learning	00: no operation 01: static self-learning of asynchronous motor 02: rotation self-learning of asynchronous motor 03: inertia self-learning of asynchronous motor 11: static self-learning of synchronous motor 12: rotary self-learning of synchronous motor 13: encoder self-learning of synchronous motor		00	0	0x0122
F02		Input terminal function group				
F02.00	Options of X1 digital input function	0: no function 1: terminal running (RUN)		1	0	0x0200
F02.01	Options of X2 digital input function	2: running direction (F/R)3: stop control in three-line operation		96	0	0x0201
F02.02	Options of X3 digital input	4: forward jog (FJOG)		97	0	0x0202

	function	5: reverse jog (RJOG)				
E02.02	Options of X4 digital input	6: terminal UP		10	(0.0202
F02.03	function	7: terminal DOWN		12	0	0x0203
F02.04	Options of X5 digital input	8: clear UP/DOWN offset		10	(0.0204
F02.04	function	9: free stop		13	0	0x0204
700.05	Options of AI1 digital input	10: reset protection			(
F02.07	function	11: multi-segment speed terminal 1		0	0	0x0207
		12: multi-segment speed terminal 2				
		13: multi-segment speed terminal 3				
		14: multi-segment speed terminal 4				
		15: multi-segment PID terminal 1				
		16: multi-segment PID terminal 2				
		17: multi-segment torque terminal 1				
		18: multi-segment torque terminal 2				
		19: acceleration and deceleration time terminal 1				
		20: acceleration and deceleration time terminal 2				
		21: acceleration and deceleration prohibition				
		22: operation pause				
F02.08	Options of AI2 digital input	23: external protection input		0		00200
F02.08	function	24: switching of RUN command to keyboard		0	0	0x0208
		25: switching of RUN command to communication				
		26: frequency source switching				
		27: clearing of regular running time				
		28: speed control/torque control switching				
		29: torque control prohibition				
		30: motor 1/motor 2 switching				
		31: resetting of simple PLC status (running from				
		the first segment, with the running time cleared)				
	32: s	32: simple PLC time pause (keep running at				
		current segment)				
		33: reserved				

V1/30-1 V	Series Solar Pump Inv	erter Osci Manuar		
		34: counter input (≤250Hz)		
		35: high-speed count input (≤100kHz, only valid		
		for X5)		
		36: count clearing		
		37: length counter input (≤250Hz)		
		38: High-speed length counting input (≤100kHz,		
		only valid for X5)		
		39: reset length (clear by meter)		
		40: pulse input (≤100kHz, only valid for X5)		
		41: process PID pause		
		42: process PID integral pause		
		43: PID parameter switching		
		44: PID positive/negative switching		
		45: stop and DC braking		
		46: DC braking at stop		
		47: immediate DC braking		
		48: fastest deceleration to stop		
		49: reserved		
		50: external stop		
		51: switching of main frequency source to digital		
		frequency setting		
		52: switching of main frequency source to AI1		
		53: switching of main frequency source to AI2		
		54: reserved		
		55: switching of main frequency source to		
		high-frequency pulse input		
		56: switching of main frequency source to		
		communication setting		
		57: inverter enabling		
		58: prohibit reversing and prohibit enabling		
		68: Reverse prohibition enable		

69: Reverse prohibition 70: Input terminal expansion 82: Fire mode trigger function 96: Low water level signal 97: Full water level signal 121: external material cutoff signal 122: wiring detection signal 123: brake reset terminal 123: brake reset terminal 124: wiring detection signal 125: wiring detection signal 126: wiring detection signal 126: wiring detection signal 126: wiring detection signal 127: wiring detection signal 128: wiring detection signal 12															
R2: Fire mode trigger function 96: Low water level signal 97: Full water level signal 121: external material cutoff signal 122: wiring detection signal 122: wiring detection signal 123: brake reset terminal			69: Re	everse p	rohibi	tion									
96: Low water level signal 97: Full water level signal 121: external material cutoff signal 122: wiring detection signal 123: brake reset terminal D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 a a x x5 x4 x3 x2 x1 00000 ○ 0x020F Positive/negative logic 1 of digital input terminal F02.15 Positive/negative logic 2 of digital input terminal Positive/negative logic 2 of digital input terminal F02.16 F02.17 Filtering times of digital input terminal F02.18 X1 valid delay time F02.20 X2 valid delay time 0.000-30.000 96: Low water level signal 97: Full water level signal 121: external material cutoff signal 122: wiring detection signal 123: brake reset terminal 123: brake reset terminal 123: brake reset terminal 124: D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a			70: In	put tern	ninal e	xpansi	on								
97: Full water level signal 121: external material cutoff signal 122: wiring detection signal 123: brake reset terminal D7			82: Fi	re mode	e trigge	er func	ion								
121: external material cutoff signal 122: wiring detection signal 123: brake reset terminal 123: brake res			96: Lo	w wate	r level	signal									
122: wiring detection signal 123: brake reset terminal 123: brake reset re			97: Fu	ıll wate	r level	signal									
Positive/negative logic 1 of digital input terminal D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 D0			121: e	xternal	materi	al cuto	ff sign	al							
D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0			122: v	viring d	etectio	n signa	ıl								
Positive/negative logic 1 of digital input terminal Positive/negative logic, or logic, invalid in the closed state/invalid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/invalid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, valid in the closed state/valid in the open s			123: b	rake re	set terr	ninal									
Positive/negative logic 1 of digital input terminal			D7	D6	D5	D4	D	D0				0.000			
F02.15 digital input terminal the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0			*	*	*	X5	X	X1		00000		0x020F			
D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 D0 D0 D0 D0 D0		Positive/negative logic 1 of	0: pos	itive lo	gic, va	lid in tl	ne clos	d in							
The open state D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 D0 O Ox0210	F02.15	digital input terminal	the op	en state	;										
D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0			1: neg	ative lo	gic, in	valid ii	n the cl	d in							
Positive/negative logic 2 of O: positive logic, valid in the closed state/invalid in digital input terminal the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in 2			the op	en state	;										
Positive/negative logic 2 of digital input terminal 0: positive logic, valid in the closed state/invalid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/invalid in the closed state/invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/invalid in the closed state/valid in the closed state/vali			D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D	2	D1	D0				
F02.16 digital input terminal the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state			*	*	*	*	*	,	*	AI2	AI1		00	0	0x0210
digital input terminal the open state 1: negative logic, invalid in the closed state/valid in the open state		Positive/negative logic 2 of	0: pos	itive lo	gic, va	lid in tl	ne clos	ed s	tate/i	nvali	d in				
the open state Filtering times of digital input terminal 0~100, 0: no filtering; n: sampling every n ms 2 0x0211 F02.18 X1 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0212 F02.19 X1 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0213 F02.20 X2 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0214 F02.21 X2 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0215	F02.16	digital input terminal	the op	en state	;										
F02.17 Filtering times of digital input terminal 0~100, 0: no filtering; n: sampling every n ms 2 ○ 0x0211 F02.18 X1 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0212 F02.19 X1 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0213 F02.20 X2 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0214 F02.21 X2 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0215			1: neg	ative lo	gic, in	valid ii	n the cl	ose	d stat	e/vali	d in				
F02.17 input terminal 0~100, 0: no filtering; n: sampling every n ms 2 ○ 0x0211 F02.18 X1 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0212 F02.19 X1 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0213 F02.20 X2 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0214 F02.21 X2 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0215			the op	en state	;										
input terminal F02.18 X1 valid delay time 0.000~30.000		Filtering times of digital												_	
F02.19 X1 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 0x0213 F02.20 X2 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0214 F02.21 X2 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0215	F02.17	input terminal	0~100), 0: no	filterin	g; n: sa	mplin	g ev	ery n	ms			2		0x0211
F02.20 X2 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0214 F02.21 X2 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0215	F02.18	X1 valid delay time	0.000	0.000~30.000									0.000	•	0x0212
F02.21 X2 invalid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0215	F02.19	X1 invalid delay time	0.000	0.000~30.000								s	0.000	•	0x0213
	F02.20	X2 valid delay time	0.000	~30.000)							s	0.000	•	0x0214
F02.22 X3 valid delay time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 • 0x0216	F02.21	X2 invalid delay time	0.000	~30.000)							s	0.000	•	0x0215
	F02.22	X3 valid delay time	0.000	~30.000)							s	0.000	•	0x0216

	•	erter eger munuur				
F02.23	X3 invalid delay time	0.000~30.000	S	0.000	•	0x0217
F02.24	X4 valid delay time	0.000~30.000	s	0.000	•	0x0218
F02.25	X4 invalid delay time	0.000~30.000	s	0.000	•	0x0219
F02.26	Minimum input pulse frequency	0.00 to maximum input pulse frequency F02.28	kHz	0.00	•	0x021A
F02.27	Minimum input setting	$-100.0 \sim +100.0$	%	0.0	•	0x021B
F02.28	Maximum input pulse frequency	0.01~100.00	kHz	50.00	•	0x021C
F02.29	Maximum input setting	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	100.0	•	0x021D
F02.30	Pulse input filtering time	0.00 ~ 10.00	s	0.10	•	0x021E
F02.31	Options of analog input function	Ones place: AI1 0: analog input 1: digital input (0 below 1V, 1 above 3V, the same as last time under 1-3V) Tens place: AI2 0: analog input 1: digital input (the same as above)		00B	0	0x021F
F02.32	Options of analog input curve	Ones place: Options of AI1 curve 0: curve 1 1: curve 2 2: curve 3 3: curve 4 Tens place: AI2 curve selection 0: curve 1 1: curve 2 2: curve 3 3: curve 4		10	0	0x0220

F02.33	Minimum input of curve 1	-10 ~ F02.35	V	0.10	•	0x0221
F02.34	Minimum input setting of curve 1	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	0.0	•	0x0222
F02.35	Maximum input of curve 1	-10~10.00V	V	9.90	•	0x0223
F02.36	Maximum input setting of curve 1	-100.0~ +100.0	%	100.0	•	0x0224
F02.37	Minimum input of curve 2	-10.00V~F02.39	V	0.10	•	0x0225
F02.38	Minimum input setting of curve 2	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	0.0	•	0x0226
F02.39	Maximum input of curve 2	F02.37~10.00V	V	9.90	•	0x0227
F02.40	Maximum input setting of curve 2	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	100.0	•	0x0228
F02.41	Minimum input of curve 3	-10.00V ~ F02.43	V	0.10	•	0x0229
F02.42	Minimum input setting of curve 3	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	0.0	•	0x022A
F02.43	Input of inflection point 1 of curve 3	F02.41 ~ F02.45	V	2.50	•	0x022B
F02.44	Input setting of inflection point 1 of curve 3	$-100.0 \sim +100.0$	%	25.0	•	0x022C
F02.45	Input of inflection point 2 of curve 3	F02.43 ~ F02.47	V	7.50	•	0x022D
F02.46	Input setting of inflection point 2 of curve 3	$-100.0 \sim +100.0$	%	75.0	•	0x022E
F02.47	Maximum input of curve 3	F02.45 ~ 10.00	V	9.90	•	0x022F
F02.48	Maximum input setting of curve 3	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	100.0	•	0x0230
F02.49	Minimum input of curve 4	-10.00 ~ F02.51	V	-9.90	•	0x0231
F02.50	Minimum input setting of curve 4	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	-100.0	•	0x0232
F02.51	Input of inflection point 1 of curve 4	F02.49 ~ F02.53	V	-5.00	•	0x0233

F02.52	Input setting of inflection point 1 of curve 4	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	-50.0	•	0x0234
F02.53	Input of inflection point 2 of curve 4	F02.51 ~ F02.55	V	5.00	•	0x0235
F02.54	Input setting of inflection point 2 of curve 4	$-100.0 \sim +100.0$	%	50.0	•	0x0236
F02.55	Maximum input of curve 4	F02.53 ~ 10.00	V	9.90	•	0x0237
F02.56	Maximum input setting of curve 4	-100.0 ~ +100.0	%	100.0	•	0x0238
F02.57	AI1 filtering time	0.00 ~ 10.00	s	0.10	•	0x0239
F02.58	AI2 filtering time	0.00~10.00	s	0.10	•	0x023A
F02.60	Reserved					0x023C
F02.61	AD hysteresis code	2~50		2	0	0x023D
F02.62	Selection of analog input All type	0: 0~10V 3: -10~10V 4: 0~5V		0	0	0x023E
F02.63	Selection of analog input AI2 type	0: 0~10V 1: 4~20mA 2: 0~20mA 4: 0~5V		0		0x023F
E02 ((Selection of AI2 current	0: 500Ω		0		00242
F02.66	input impedance	1: 250Ω		0	0	0x0242
F03		Output terminal function group				
F03.00	Options of Y1 output function	0: no output 1: inverter running (RUN)		1	0	0x0300
F03.02	Options of R1 output function (EA-EB-EC)	2: up to output frequency (FAR) 3: output frequency detection FDT1 4: output frequency detection FDT2 5: reverse running (REV) 6: jog 7: inverter protection		7	0	0x0302

8: inverter ready to run (READY) 9: reach the upper frequency limit 10: reach the lower frequency limit 11: valid current limit 12: valid overvoltage stall 13: complete simple PLC cycle 14: reach the set count value 15: reach the specified count value 16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: unalog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent FO3.05 Options of output signat type O: level	1,1,001	Series Solar 1 ump mv			1 1/14114								
10: reach the lower frequency limit 11: valid current limit 12: valid overvoltage stall 13: complete simple PLC cycle 14: reach the set count value 15: reach the specified count value 16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 © 0x0305			8: inverter ready to run (READY)										
11: valid current limit 12: valid overvoltage stall 13: complete simple PLC cycle 14: reach the set count value 15: reach the specified count value 16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 © 0x0305			9: rea	ch t	ne upper	frequer	ey limit						
12: valid overvoltage stall 13: complete simple PLC cycle 14: reach the set count value 15: reach the specified count value 16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 9 * * * * * R1 * Y1 Ortions of output signal type Ortions of elevel			10: re	ach	the lower	r freque	ency lim	it					
13: complete simple PLC cycle 14: reach the set count value 15: reach the specified count value 16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7			11: va	alid	current li	mit							
14: reach the set count value 15: reach the specified count value 16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7			12: va	alid	overvolta	ge stall							
15: reach the specified count value 16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * * R1 * Y1 Options of output signal type 0: level			13: co	omp	lete simp	le PLC	cycle						
16: length reached (in meters) 17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 Options of output signal type 0: level			14: re	ach	the set co	ount val	lue						
17: motor overload pre-alarm 18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 O*O Oxto305			15: re	ach	the speci	fied co	unt valu	e					
18: inverter overheat pre-alarm 19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 O*O Ox0305			16: le	ngth	reached	(in met	ters)						
19: reach the upper limit of PID feedback 20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * * R1 * Y1 O*O 0x0305			17: m	otor	overload	l pre-al	arm						
20: reach the lower limit of PID feedback 21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 O: level			18: in	vert	er overhe	at pre-a	alarm						
21: analog level detection ADT1 22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 0: level			19: re	ach	the upper	r limit o	of PID f	eedback					
22: analog level detection ADT2 24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * R1 * Y1 O*0 Ox0305			20: re	ach	the lower	r limit o	of PID f	eedback					
24: undervoltage state 26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 73: output overcurrent Options of output signal * * * * * R1 * Y1 Occupancy O			21: ar	nalog	g level de	tection	ADT1						
26: up to the set time 27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 73: over limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 74: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 75: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 76: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 76: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 76: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 77: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 78: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 79: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 70: limit (pulse, invalid in JOG)			22: ar	nalog	g level de	tection	ADT2						
27: zero-speed running 38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 73: output overcurrent Options of output signal type 0: level			24: uı	nder	voltage s	tate							
38: off-load 47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * R1 * Y1 O: level			26։ սյ	p to	the set tir	ne							
47: PLC output 67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 Options of output signal type 0: level			27: ze	ero-s	peed run	ning							
67: brake control 68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * R1 * Y1 O** O** O** O** O** O** O** O			38: of	ff-lo	ad								
68: material cutoff detection output 69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * R1 * Y1 O** O** O** O** O** O** O** O			47: P	LC o	output								
69: FDT1 lower limit (pulse) 70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 O*0 Ox0305 0: level			67: bi	rake	control								
70: FDT2 lower limit (pulse) 71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 0: level			68: m	ater	ial cutoff	detecti	on outp	ıt					
71: FDT1 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 O: level			69: F	DT1	lower lin	nit (pul	se)						
72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG) 73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * R1 * Y1 Options of output signal type 0: level			70: F	DT2	lower lin	nit (pul	se)						
73: output overcurrent D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 * * * * * * * R1 * Y1 0*0 0x0305 Type 0: level			71: F	DT1	lower lin	nit (pul	se, inva	lid in JC	OG)				
D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 0*0 0x0305			72: FDT2 lower limit (pulse, invalid in JOG)										
F03.05 Options of output signal			73: oı	utpu	t overcur	rent							
F03.05 Options of output signal			D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	0*0		0.0205
type 0: level	F03.05	Options of output signal	*	*	*	*	*	R1	*	Y1		O	0x0305
	103.03	type	0: lev	el									
1: single pulse			1: sin	gle _l	oulse								

		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		0*0		0x0306
		*	*	*	*	*	R1	*	Y1		0.0	0	0x0300
F03.06	Positive/negative logic of	0: po	sitiv	e logic, v	alid in	the clos	ed state/	invali	d in				
1 03.00	digital output	the o	pen s	state									
		1: No	egati	ve logic,	invalid	in the c	losed sta	ate/val	id				
		in th	e ope	n state		Ι		ı					
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0				
F03.08	Output status control in jog	*	*	*	REV	FDT2	FDT1	FAR	RU N		00000	0	0x0308
		0: va	lid ir	jogging	I		l						
		1: in	valid	in joggir	ng								
F03.09	Y1 valid delay time	0.000	0~3	0.000						s	0.000	•	0x0309
F03.10	Y1 invalid delay time	0.000	0~3	0.000						s	0.000	•	0x030A
F03.13	R1 valid delay time	0.000)~3	0.000						s	0.000	•	0x030D
F03.14	R1 invalid delay time	0.000	0~3	0.000						s	0.000	•	0x030E
F03.17	Single pulse time of Y1 output	0.00	1~3	0.000						s	0.250	•	0x0311
F03.19	Single pulse time of R1 output	0.00	1~3	0.000						s	0.250	•	0x0313
		0: ru	nnin	g frequen	cy (abs	olute va	lue)						
		1: se	t frec	uency (a	bsolute	value)							
		2: ou	tput	torque (a	bsolute	value)							
		3: se	t torc	ue (abso	lute val	ue)							
		4: ou	tput	current									
F03.21	Options of analog output	5: ou	tput	voltage							0	0	0x0315
	M1	6: bu		_									
				power									
		8 : A											
		9 : A		•	,	•	11 100	27					
				requency			/1th 100	/ /0					
		corre	spor	ding to 1	00.00k	HZ)							

	Series Solar Tump IIIV											1	
		13: co	mmuni	cation se	etting 1								
		14: co	unt valı	ue									
		15: ler	ngth val	lue									
		16: PI	D outpu	ut									
		18: PI	D feedl	oack									
		19: PI	D settir	ng									
		30: co	mmuni	cation se	etting 2								
F03.27	M1 output bias	-100.0	~100.	0						%	0.0	•	0x031B
F03.28	M1 output gain	-10.00	0~10.	000							1.000	•	0x031C
											00		
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		000	•	0x031F
F03.31	Control logic options of	*	*	*	*	*	R1	*	Y1				
	PLC output terminal			·			Kı		11				
		0: no o											
		1: outp											
E02.24	Selection of analog output	0: 0~1											0.0222
F03.34	M1 type	1: 4~2									0	0	0x0322
		2: 0~2											
F04		S	tart/sto	op contr	ol para	meter	group						
F04.00	Start-up method	0: dire	ct start								0	0	0x0400
	-	1: star	t of spe	ed track	ing								
F04.01	Start frequency	0.00 ~	10.00							Hz	0.00	0	0x0401
F04.02	Start frequency hold time	0.00 ~	60.00,	0.00 is i	invalid					s	0.00	0	0x0402
E04.02	Starting current of DC	0.0 1	100 0 (1	1000	2 . 1	,	C .	`		0/	100.0		0.0402
F04.03	braking	0.0~1	100.0 (1	100.0 = 1	Kated ci	irrent o	i moto	r)		%	100.0	0	0x0403
F04.04	Starting time of DC braking	0.00~	30.00	0.00: inv	alid					s	0.00	0	0x0404
F04.06	Pre-excitation current	$50.0 \sim 500.0 \text{ (100.0 = no-load current)}$								%	100.0	0	0x0406
F04.07	Pre-excitation time	0.00 ~ 10.00								s	0.10	0	0x0407
		Ones place: tracking start frequency											
F04.08	Speed tracking mode	0: max	0: maximum frequency										0x0408
		1: stop	freque	ency									
		1: stop frequency											

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		2: power frequency				
		Tens place: selection of search direction				
		0: search only in command direction				
		1: search in the opposite direction if the speed				
		cannot be found in the command direction				
F04.10	Deceleration time of speed tracking	0.1 ~ 20.0	s	2.0	0	0x040A
F04.11	Speed tracking current	$30.0 \sim 150.0 \text{ (100.0 = rated current of inverter)}$	%	50.0	0	0x040B
F04.12	Speed tracking compensation gain	0.00 ~ 10.00		1.00	0	0x040C
F04.14	Acceleration and deceleration mode	O: linear acceleration and deceleration 1: acceleration and deceleration of continuous S curve 2: acceleration and deceleration of intermittent S curve		0	0	0x040E
F04.15	Starting time of S curve in acceleration	0.00~30.00(F15.13=0) 0.0~300.0(F15.13=1) 0~3000(F15.13=2)	S	1.00	•	0x040F
F04.16	Ending time of S curve in acceleration	0.00~30.00(F15.13=0) 0.0~300.0(F15.13=1) 0~3000(F15.13=2)	s	1.00	•	0x0410
F04.17	Starting time of S curve in deceleration	0.00~30.00(F15.13=0) 0.0~300.0(F15.13=1) 0~3000(F15.13=2)	s	1.00	•	0x0411
F04.18	Ending time of S curve in deceleration	0.00~30.00(F15.13=0) 0.0~300.0(F15.13=1) 0~3000(F15.13=2)	s	1.00	•	0x0412
F04.19	Stop mode	0: slow down to stop 1: free stop		0	0	0x0413
F04.20	Starting frequency of DC braking in stop	0.00Hz to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	0.00	0	0x0414

F04.21	DC braking current in stop	$0.0 \sim 100.0 \text{ (100.0 = Rated current of motor)}$	%	50.0%	0	0x0415
F04.22	DC braking time in stop	0.00~30.00 0.00: invalid	s	0.00	0	0x0416
F04.23	Demagnetization time for DC braking in stop	0.00 ~ 30.00	s	0.50	0	0x0417
F04.24	Flux braking gain	100~150 (100: no flux braking)		100	0	0x0418
F04.26	Start mode after	0: start according to F04.00 setting mode 1: start of speed tracking		0	0	0x041A
	protection/free stop					
		0: Not required for confirmation				
F04.27	Second confirmation of	1: to be confirmed		0	0	0x041B
	terminal start command	2: Not required for confirmation of mode 2(also				
		not required during fault reset)				
F04.28	Lowest effective output frequency	0.00~50.00 (0.00 : function invalid)	Hz	0.00	0	0x041C
F04.29	Zero speed check frequency	0.00 ~ 5.00	Hz	0.25	•	0x041D
	Initial magnetic pole search	0: Invalid				
F04.30	mode of synchronous motor	1: Mode 1		0	•	0x041E
F05		V/F control parameter group				
		0: straight line V/F				
		1: multi-point broken line V/F				
		2: 1.3-power V/F				
		3: 1.7-power V/F				
F05.00	V/F curve setting	4: square V/F		0	0	0x0500
		5: vf complete separation mode (Ud = 0, Uq = K *				
		t = voltage of separation voltage source)				
		6: vf semi-separation mode (Ud = 0, Uq = K * t =				
		F/Fe * 2 * voltage of separation voltage source)				
F05.01	Frequency point F1 of multi-point VF	0.00 ~ F05.03	Hz	0.50	•	0x0501
F05.02	Voltage point V1 of multi-point VF	$0.0 \sim 100.0 \text{ (100.0 = Rated voltage)}$	%	1.0	•	0x0502

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F05.03	Frequency point F2 of multi-point VF	F05.01~F05.05	Hz	2.00	•	0x0503
F05.04	Voltage point V2 of multi-point VF	0.0~100.0	%	4.0	•	0x0504
F05.05	Frequency point F3 of multi-point VF	F05.03 to rated frequency of motor (reference frequency)	Hz	5.00	•	0x0505
F05.06	Voltage point V3 of multi-point VF	0.0~100.0	%	10.0	•	0x0506
F05.07	Voltage source of VF separation mode	0: digital setting of VF separation voltage 1: AI1 2: AI2 4: high-frequency pulse (X5) 5: PID 6: communication setting note: 100% is the rated voltage of the motor.		0	0	0x0507
F05.08	Digital setting of VF separation voltage	$0.0\sim100.0 \text{ (100.0 = rated voltage of motor)}$	%	0.0	•	0x0508
F05.09	Rise time of VF separation voltage	0.00 ~ 60.00	s	2.00	•	0x0509
F05.10	Compensation gain of V/F stator voltage drop	0.00 ~ 200.00	%	100.00	•	0x050A
F05.11	V/F slip compensation gain	0.00 ~ 200.00	%	100.00	•	0x050B
F05.12	V/F slip filtering time	0.00 ~ 10.00	s	1.00	•	0x050C
F05.13	Oscillation suppression	0~10000		100	•	0x050D
F05.14	Oscillation suppression cutoff frequency	0.00~600.00	Hz	55.00	•	0x050E
F05.15	Droop control frequency	0.00 ~ 10.00	Hz	0.00	•	0x050F
F05.16	Energy saving rate	0.00 ~ 50.00	%	0.00	•	0x0510
F05.17	Energy saving action time	1.00 ~ 60.00	s	5.00	•	0x0511

F05.18	Flux compensation gain of synchronous motor	0.00 ~500.00	%	0.00	•	0x0512
F05.19	Filtering time constant of flux compensation of synchronous motor	0.00 ~ 10.00	s	0.50	•	0x0513
F05.20	Change rate of VF separate power supply setting	-500.0 ~ +500.0	%	0.0	•	0x0514
F05.21	Manual torque boost cut-off frequency	-50.00~50.00	%	0.00	•	0x0515
F05.22	Automatic torque boost gain	0.00~50.00	Hz	50.00	•	0x0516
F05.23	Oscillation suppression mode selection	Cow-pass filter suppression Low-pass and high-pass filter suppression		0	0	0x0517
F05.24	Torque current filter time constant	0.0~6500.0	ms	30.0	•	0x0518
F05.25	Excitation current filter time constant	0.0~500.0	ms	0.5	•	0x0519
F05.26	Overexcitation enable bit	Disable overexcitation function Enable overexcitation function		1	0	0x051A
F05.27	Overexcitation current setting value	0.0~180.0	%	150.0	•	0x051B
F05.28	Overexcitation action voltage	110.0~140.0	%	120.0	•	0x051C
F05.29	Overexcitation current regulation proportional gain	0.00~100.00	ms	0.10	•	0x051D
F05.30	Overexcitation current regulation integration time	0.00~600.00	ms	50.00	•	0x051E
F05.31	Overvoltage suppression adjusts the proportional gain	0.00~600.00	ms	2.50	•	0x051F
F05.32	Overvoltage suppression	0.00~600.00	ms	20.00	•	0x0520

	frequency modulation					
	integration time					
F05.33	Undervoltage suppression frequency modulation time	0.00~600.00	ms	30.00	•	0x0521
F05.34	Torque boost loop proportional gain	0.00~600.00	ms	0.50	•	0x0522
F05.35	Torque boost loop integral time	0.00~600.00	ms	20.00	•	0x0523
F05.36	Oscillation suppression gain during acceleration and deceleration	0~20000		10	•	0x0524
F05.37	Asynchronous machine VF high speed overcurrent stall gain	0.00~60.00		0.10	•	0x0525
F05.38	Asynchronous motor VF high speed overcurrent stall integral time	0.000~6.000	ms	0.350	•	0x0526
F05.39	Asynchronous machine VF method selection	VF control VF optimization mode VF performance improvement mode		1	0	0x0527
F06		Vector control parameter group				
F06.00	Speed proportional gain ASR_P1	0.00 ~ 100.00		12.00	•	0x0600
F06.01	Speed integral time constant ASR_T1	0.000-30.000 0.000: no integral	S	0.200	•	0x0601
F06.02	Speed proportional gain ASR_P2	0.00 ~ 100.00		8.00	•	0x0602
F06.03	Speed integral time constant ASR_T2	0.000-30.000 0.000: no integral	S	0.300	•	0x0603

F06.04	Switching frequency 1	0.00 to switching frequency 2	Hz	5.00	•	0x0604
F06.05	Switching frequency 2	Switching frequency 1 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	10.00	•	0x0605
F06.06	No-load current gain	50.0~300.0	%	100.0	•	0x0606
F06.07	Filtering time constant of speed loop output	0.000 ~ 0.100	s	0.001	•	0x0607
F06.08	Vector control slip gain	50.00 ~ 200.00	%	100.00	•	0x0608
F06.09	Upper limit source selection of speed control torque	0: set by F06.10 and F06.11 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: reserved 4: reserved 5: communication setting (percentage) 6: The larger of AI1 and AI2 7: The smaller of AI1 and AI2		0	0	0x0609
F06.10	Upper limit of speed control motor torque	$0.0 \sim 250.0$	%	165.0	•	0x060A
F06.11	Upper limit of speed control brake torque	0.0 ~ 250.0	%	165.0	•	0x060B
F06.12	Excitation current proportional gain ACR-P1	0.00 ~ 100.00		0.50	•	0x060C
F06.13	Excitation current integral time constant ACR-T1	0.00-600.00 0.00: no integral	ms	10.00	•	0x060D
F06.14	Torque current proportional gain ACR-P2	0.00 ~ 100.00		0.50	•	0x060E
F06.15	Torque current integral time constant ACR-T2	0.00 ~ 600.00 0.00: no integral	ms	10.00	•	0x060F

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F06.17	SVC zero-frequency processing	0: braking 1: not processed 2: seal the tube		2	0	0x0611
F06.18	SVC zero-frequency braking current	$50.0 \sim 400.0$ (100.0 is the no-load current of the motor)	%	100.0	0	0x0612
F06.20	Voltage feedforward gain	0~100	%	0	•	0x0614
F06.21	Flux weakening control options	0: invalid 1: direct calculation 2: automatic adjustment		2	0	0x0615
F06.22	Flux weakening voltage	70.00 ~ 100.00	%	95.00	•	0x0616
F06.23	Maximum field weakening current of synchronous motor	$0.0 \sim 150.0$ (100.0 is the rated current of the motor)	%	100.0	•	0x0617
F06.24	Proportional gain of flux weakening regulator	0.00 ~ 10.00		0.50	•	0x0618
F06.25	Integral time of flux weakening regulator	0.01 ~ 60.00	s	2.00	•	0x0619
F06.26	MTPA control option of synchronous motor	0: invalid 1: valid		1	0	0x061A
F06.27	Self-learning gain at initial position	0~200	%	100	•	0x061B
F06.28	Frequency of low frequency band of injection current	$0.00 \sim 100.00$ (100.00 is the rated frequency of the motor)	%	10.00	•	0x061C
F06.29	Injection current of low frequency band	$0.0 \sim 60.0$ (100.0 is the rated current of the motor)	%	20.0 40.0-(F1 6.00=2)	•	0x061D
F06.30	Regulator gain of low frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 10.00		0.50	•	0x061E

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F06.31	Regulator integral time of low frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 300.00	ms	10.00	•	0x061F
F06.32	Frequency of high frequency band of injection current	$0.00 \sim 100.00$ (100.00 is the rated frequency of the motor)	%	20.00	•	0x0620
F06.33	Injection current of high frequency band	$0.0 \sim 30.0$ (100.0 is the rated current of the motor)	%	8.0	•	0x0621
F06.34	Regulator gain of high frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 10.00		0.50	•	0x0622
F06.35	Regulator integral time of high frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 300.00	ms	10.00	•	0x0623
F06.36	Magnetic saturation coefficient of synchronous motor	0.00~1.00		0.75	0	0x0624
F06.37	Stiffness coefficient of speed loop	0~20		12	•	0x0625
F06.38	Gain coefficient of sliding mode of synchronous motor	1.00~3.70		3.50	0	0x0626
F06.39	Error width of sliding mode of synchronous motor	0.005~0.100		0.100	0	0x0627
F06.40	Amplitude of injected reactive current of synchronous motor	0.0~20.0	%	10.0	0	0x0628
F06.41	Open-loop low-frequency processing of synchronous motor	0: VF 1: IF 2: IF in start and VF in stop		0	0	0x0629
F06.42	Open-loop low-frequency processing range of	0.0 ~ 50.0	%	8.0	0	0x062A

	synchronous motor					
F06.43	IF injection current	0.0 ~ 600.0	%	50.0	0	0x062B
F06.44	Time constant of pull-in current of magnetic pole	0.0 ~ 6000.0	ms	1.0	0	0x062C
F06.45	Initial lead angle of magnetic pole	0.0 ~ 359.9	0	30.0	0	0x062D
F06.46	Speed tracking proportional gain of synchronous motor	0.00 ~ 10.00		1.00	0	0x062E
F06.47	Speed tracking integral gain of synchronous motor	0.00 ~ 10.00		1.00	0	0x062F
F06.48	Filtering time constant of speed tracking of synchronous motor	0.00 ~ 10.00	ms	0.40	0	0x0630
F06.49	Speed tracking control intensity of synchronous motor	1.0 ~ 100.0		5.0	0	0x0631
F06.50	Speed tracking control threshold of synchronous motor	0.00 ~ 10.00		0.20	0	0x0632
F06.51	Rise time of injected active current of synchronous motor	0.010 ~ 1.000	s	0.020	0	0x0633
F06.52	High frequency injection switching frequency point	0.0~50.0	%	2.5	•	0x0652
F06.58	Initial position self-learning injection pulse width	0.020~5.000	ms	0.050	0	0x063A
F06.61	Initial position self-learning current setting	0.00~1.25	%	0.75	0	0x063d
F06.62	High frequency injection enable bit	Disable high-frequency injection (recommended for surface-mount motors) High-frequency injection method 1		0	0	0x063E

		(recommended for embedded motors)				
		2: High-frequency injection method 2				
		(recommended for embedded motors)				
		3: High-frequency injection method 3				
		(recommended for embedded motors)				
E0((2	High frequency injection	5~100	***	20		0.0625
F06.63	voltage		V	28	0	0x063F
F0((4	High frequency injection	1~2000		500		0.0640
F06.64	frequency		Hz	500	0	0x0640
F06.65	Passband Width	1~100	Hz	40	0	0x0641
		0: Embedded permanent magnet synchronous				
		motor				
F06.66	Synchronous motor type	1: Surface mounted permanent magnet		1	0	0x642
		synchronous motor				
		2: Permanent magnet direct drive motor				
E0((7	Id_MTPA current given	0.0~0.1	%	100.0	•	0x0643
F06.67	gain					
E0((0	Estimated speed	10 1000		100		00(45
F06.69	proportional gain	10~1000		100	0	0x0645
F06.74	High frequency injection	0.00~10.00		0.50	•	0x064A
FU0./4	proportional gain					
F06.75	High frequency injection	0.00~60.00	s	0.30	•	0x064B
F00./3	integration time constant					
	Low-speed correction					
F06.76	factor of stator resistor of	10.0~500.0	%	100.0	•	0x064C
	asynchronous motor					
	Low speed correction factor					
F06.77	of rotor resistor of	10.0~500.0	%	100.0	•	0x064D
	asynchronous motor					
E07.70	Slip gain switching	0.10 Emay	11.	5.00		00645
F06.78	frequency of asynchronous	0.10 ~ Fmax	Hz	5.00	0	0x064D

	motor												
F06.82	Udc filtering time constant	0~150	0.00							ms	2.0	•	0x0652
F06.83	Flux coefficient online			(): Disab	le					0	0	0x0653
F00.83	identification enable bit				l: Enab	le							
F06.84	Back EMF estimation				0~500)					100	•	0x0654
1 00.04	integration time				0 - 300	,					100		
F06.85	Back EMF Estimation				0~500)					20	•	0x0655
1 00.03	Proportional Gain		0 200								20		
	Selection of Derivation												
F06.86	Methods for Synchronous		0~3							0	0	0x0656	
1 00.00	Machine Speed									, o		0.00000	
	Estimation Model												
	Excitation current												
F06.87	estimation compensation		0.00~0.99							0	•	0x0657	
	factor												
F06.88	IF test is enabled				0~1						0	0	0x0658
F06.89	IF test current given			0	.0~150	0.0				%	50.0	0	0x0659
F0(00	IF test current oscillation			0.0	200	000					0.010	_	0.0654
F06.90	gain			0.0	000~2.	000					0.010	•	0x065A
F06.91	Zero servo speed loop			0.0	00~100	00					40.00		0x0658
F00.91	proportional gain			0.0	00~100).00					40.00	•	0x0038
F06.92	Zero servo speed loop			0.0	00~30	.000				s	0.050		0x0659
100.72	integral time constant			0.00	0 : No j	points				3	0.030		0.0037
F06.93	Zero servo action time			(0.0~30	.0				s	1.0	•	0x065A
F07		1	Protection function setting group										
		F20		E12	For		F04	F0.7	F00		0*0		0.0700
F07.00	B	E20	*	E13	E06	*	E04	E07	E08		0*000	0	0x0700
F07.00	Protection shield	0: valid	d prote	ction					•				
	1: shielded protection												
F07.01	Motor overload protection	0.20 ~	0.20 ~ 10.00								1.00	•	0x0701

	gain					
F07.02	Motor overload pre-alarm coefficient	50 ~ 100	%	80	•	0x0702
F07.06	Bus voltage control options	Ones place: instantaneous stop/no-stop function options 0: invalid 1: deceleration 2: deceleration to stop Tens place: overvoltage stall function options 0: invalid 1: valid		10	0	0x0706
F07.07	Voltage of overvoltage stall control	110.0 ~ 150.0 (380V, 100.0=537V)	%	131.0 (703V)	0	0x0707
F07.08	Instantaneous stop/no-stop operating voltage	60.0 to instantaneous stop/no-stop recovery voltage (100.0 = standard bus voltage)	%	76.0	0	0x0708
F07.09	Instantaneous stop/no-stop recovery voltage	instantaneous stop/no-stop operating voltage to 100.0	%	86.0	•	0x0709
F07.10	Check time for instantaneous stop/no-stop recovery voltage	0.00 ~ 100.00	s	0.50	•	0x070A
F07.11	Current limit control	0: invalid 1: limit mode 1 2: limit mode 2		2	0	0x070B
F07.12	Current limit level	20.0-180.0(100.0 = the rated current of inverter)	%	150.0	•	0x070C
F07.13	Quick current limit options	0: invalid 1: valid		0	0	0x070D
F07.14	Protection retries	0-20; 0: Disable protection retry		0	0	0x070E
F07.15	Options of digital output action in protection retries	0: no action 1: action		0	0	0x070F
F07.16	Interval of protection retries	0.01 ~ 30.00	S	0.50	•	0x0710

F07.17	Restoration time of protection retries	0.01 ~	30.00							s	10.00	•	0x0711
F07.18	Action option of protection	E08	*	E07	*	E02	E06	E05	E0 4		0 *0 *0000	0	0x0712
				ection re				•					
E07.10	Action option 1 of	E21	E16	E15	E14	E13	*	E08	E07		000	0	0x0713
F07.19	protection	0: free	•	ling to s	top mo	de							
	Action option 2 of	E	28	I	E 27		*	Е	23		00*0	0	0x0714
F07.20	protection	0: free		ling to s	top mo	de							
F07.21	Options of load loss	0: inva): invalid								0	•	0x0715
F07.22	Load loss detection level	0.0 ~ 1	00.0							%	20.0	•	0x0716
F07.23	Load loss detection time	0.0 ~ 6	50.0							s	1.0	•	0x0717
F07.24	Options of load loss protection action	1: trip	protect	ion, free	o accord			node			1	0	0x0718
F07.25	Motor overspeed detection level	0.0 ~ 5	50.0 (re	ference:	maxim	num fre	quenc	y F00	.16)	%	20.0	•	0x0719
F07.26	Motor overspeed detection time	0.0 ~ 6	$0.0 \sim 60.0, 0.0$: disable motor overspeed protection							s	1.0	•	0x071A
F07.27	AVR function	1: vali	0: invalid 1: valid 2: automatic								1	0	0x071B
F07.28	Stall protection detection time	0.0~60	00.00	.0: no st	all prot	ection o	letecti	on)		s	0.0	0	0x071C

F07.29	Stall control intensity	0 ~ 10	0					%	20	0	0x071D		
F07.30	Instantaneous stop/no-stop deceleration time	0.00 ~	300.00)						s	20.00	0	0x071E
F07.22	Action option 2 of	E10	E13	E15	E16	*	E19	E20	*		000	0	0x0720
F07.32	protection	0: allo	w prote	ection re	try								
		1: disa	ble pro	tection	retry	1							
		*	*	*	*	*	*	E09	E1		****	0	0x0724
F07.36	Action option 3 of							20)	7		*00		0.10 / 2 !
	protection	0: allo	w prote	ection re	try								
		1: disa	ble pro	tection	retry								
F07.37	Save the initial voltage during power-off	60.0~	100.0							%	76.0	0	0x0725
	Power-on read and judge											(0::0726
F07.38	the voltage	60.0~	100.0							%	86.0	0	0x0726
	Power-on read judgment												0x0727
F07.39	delay time	0~100	0.00							S	5.00	0	
F07.40	Steady-state undervoltage judgment delay time	5~600	00							ms	20	0	0x0728
	Short-circuit the ground to												
	judge the setting value of											0	0x072A
F07.42	the current	0.0~1	0.00							%	20		
F07.48	Stall judgment frequency	0-600.	00							Hz	10.00	•	0x0730
F07.49	Stall judgment time	0-60.0	00							s	0	•	0x0731
F07.50	STO fault reset	0-1							0	0	0x0732		
F08		M	ulti-seg	gment s _l	peed an	d simp	le PLO	C					
F08.00	Multi-segment speed 1	0.00 to	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16							Hz	0.00	•	0x0800
F08.01	Multi-segment speed 2	0.00 to	maxin	num fre	quency	F00.16				Hz	5.00	•	0x0801

F08.02	Multi-segment speed 3	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	10.00	•	0x0802
F08.03	Multi-segment speed 4	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	15.00	•	0x0803
F08.04	Multi-segment speed 5	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	20.00	•	0x0804
F08.05	Multi-segment speed 6	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	25.00	•	0x0805
F08.06	Multi-segment speed 7	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	30.00	•	0x0806
F08.07	Multi-segment speed 8	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	35.00	•	0x0807
F08.08	Multi-segment speed 9	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	40.00	•	0x0808
F08.09	Multi-speed 10	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	45.00	•	0x0809
F08.10	Multi-segment speed 11	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	50.00	•	0x080A
F08.11	Multi-segment speed 12	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	50.00	•	0x080B
F08.12	Multi-segment speed 13	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	50.00	•	0x080C
F08.13	Multi-segment speed 14	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	50.00	•	0x080D
F08.14	Multi-segment speed 15	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	50.00	•	0x080E
F08.15	Simple PLC running mode	1: stop after a single run 1: stop after a limited number of cycles 2: run at the last segment after a limited number of cycles 3: continuous cycles		0	•	0x080F
F08.16	Limited number of cycles	1~10000		1	•	0x0810
F08.17	Simple PLC memory options	Ones place: stop memory options 0: no memory (from the first segment) 1: memory (from the moment of stop) Tens place: power-down memory options 0: no memory (from the first segment) 1: memory (from the power-down moment)		0	•	0x0811
F08.18	Simple PLC time unit	0: s (second) 1: min (minute)		0	•	0x0812
F08.19	Setting of the first segment	Ones place: running direction options 0: forward		0	•	0x0813
	1	I .				

		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
		options				
		0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.20	Running time of the first segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x0814
		Ones place: running direction options				
		0: forward				
		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
F08.21	Setting of the second	options		0	•	0x0815
	segment	0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.22	Running time of the second segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x0816
		Ones place: running direction options				
		0: forward				
		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
F08.23	Setting of the third segment	options		0	•	0x0817
		0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.24	Running time of the third	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/	5.0	_	0x0818
1.00.74	segment	0.0 - 0000.0	min	3.0		UAU010

	•					
		Ones place: running direction options				
		0: forward				
		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
F08.25		options		0	•	0x0819
	segment	0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F00.26	Running time of the fourth	0.0 (000.0	s/			0.0014
F08.26	segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	min	5.0	•	0x081A
		Ones place: running direction options				
		0: forward				
		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
F08.27	Setting of the fifth segment	options		0	•	0x081B
		0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.28	Running time of the fifth	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/	5.0	•	0x081C
1 00.20	segment	0.00	min	2.0		ONOGIC
		Ones place: running direction options				
		0: forward				
		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
F08.29	Setting of the sixth segment	options		0	•	0x081D
		0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				

F08.30	Running time of the sixth segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x081E
F08.31	Setting of the seventh segment	Ones place: running direction options 0: forward 1: reverse Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time options 0: acceleration and deceleration time 1 1: acceleration and deceleration time 2 2: acceleration and deceleration time 3 3: acceleration and deceleration time 4		0	•	0x081F
F08.32	Running time of the seventh segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x0820
F08.33	Setting of the eighth segment	Ones place: running direction options 0: forward 1: reverse Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time options 0: acceleration and deceleration time 1 1: acceleration and deceleration time 2 2: acceleration and deceleration time 3 3: acceleration and deceleration time 4		0	•	0x0821
F08.34	Running time of the eighth segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x0822
F08.35	Setting of the ninth segment	Ones place: running direction options 0: forward 1: reverse Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time options 0: acceleration and deceleration time 1 1: acceleration and deceleration time 2		0	•	0x0823

		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.36	Running time of the ninth segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x0824
F08.37	Setting of the tenth segment	Ones place: running direction options 0: forward 1: reverse Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time options 0: acceleration and deceleration time 1 1: acceleration and deceleration time 2 2: acceleration and deceleration time 3		0	•	0x0825
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.38	Running time of the tenth segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x0826
F08.39	Setting of the eleventh segment	Ones place: running direction options 0: forward 1: reverse Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time options 0: acceleration and deceleration time 1 1: acceleration and deceleration time 2 2: acceleration and deceleration time 3 3: acceleration and deceleration time 4		0	•	0x0827
F08.40	Running time of the eleventh segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/ min	5.0	•	0x0828
F08.41	Setting of the twelfth segment	Ones place: running direction options 0: forward 1: reverse Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time options		0	•	0x0829

	T		1			
		0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.42	Running time of the twelfth	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/	5.0		0x082A
100.42	segment	0.0 ~ 0000.0	min	3.0		0X062A
		Ones place: running direction options				
		0: forward				
		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
F08.43	Setting of the thirteenth	options		0	•	0x082B
	segment	0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
E00 44	Running time of the	0.0 (000.0	s/	5.0	_	0.0026
F08.44	thirteenth segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	min	5.0	•	0x082C
		Ones place: running direction options				
		0: forward				
		1: reverse				
		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
F08.45	Setting of the fourteenth	options		0	•	0x082D
	segment	0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
	Running time of the		s/			
F08.46	fourteenth segment	0.0 ~ 6000.0	min	5.0	•	0x082E
		Ones place: running direction options				
F08.47	Setting of the fifteenth	0: forward		0	•	0x082F
	segment	1: reverse				
	I .	<u> </u>		l .	I	

		Tens place: acceleration and deceleration time				
		options				
		0: acceleration and deceleration time 1				
		1: acceleration and deceleration time 2				
		2: acceleration and deceleration time 3				
		3: acceleration and deceleration time 4				
F08.48	Running time of the	0.0 ~ 6000.0	s/	5.0		0x0830
100.46	fifteenth segment	0.0 ~ 0000.0	min	3.0	•	0x0630
F09		PID function group				
		0: digital PID setting				
		1: AI1				
		2: AI2				
F09.00	PID setting source	3: reserved		0	0	0x0900
		4: reserved				
		5: PULSE, high-frequency pulse (X5)				
		6: communication setting				
F09.01	Digital PID setting	0.0 to PID setting feedback range F09.03		0.0	•	0x0901
		1: AI1				
		2: AI2				
F09.02	PID feedback source	3: reserved		1	0	0x0902
F09.02	FID feedback source	4: reserved		1	0	0x0902
		5: PULSE, high-frequency pulse (X5)				
		6: communication setting				
F09.03	PID setting feedback range	0.1 ~ 6000.0		100.0	•	0x0903
E00.04	PID positive and negative	0: positive		0	(00004
F09.04	action selection	1: negative		0	0	0x0904
F09.05	Proportional gain 1	0.00 ~ 100.00		0.40	•	0x0905
F09.06	Integral time 1	0.000 ~ 30.000, 0.000: no integral	s	2.000	•	0x0906
F09.07	Differential time 1	0.000 ~ 30.000	ms	0.000	•	0x0907
F09.08	Proportional gain 2	0.00 ~ 100.00		0.40	•	0x0908

F09.09 Integral time 2 $0.000 \sim 30.000, 0.000$: no integral s 2.000 • F09.10 Differential time 2 $0.000 \sim 30.000$ ms 0.000 • F09.11 PID parameter switching conditions 1: switching via digital input terminal 2: automatic switching according to deviation 3: automatic switching by frequency 0 • F09.12 PID parameter switching deviation 1 $0.00 \sim F09.13$ % $0.000 \sim F09.13$ • PID parameter switching $0.00 \sim F09.13$ % $0.000 \sim F09.13$ •	0x0909 0x090A 0x090B 0x090C
F09.11 PID parameter switching 1: switching via digital input terminal 2: automatic switching according to deviation 3: automatic switching by frequency PID parameter switching 0.00 ~ F09.13 % 20.00 •	0x090B 0x090C
F09.11 PID parameter switching conditions 1: switching via digital input terminal 2: automatic switching according to deviation 3: automatic switching by frequency PID parameter switching 0.00 ~ F09.13 % 20.00 •	0x090C
F09.12	
DID parameter aviitabing	0x090D
F09.13 F09.12 ~ 100.00 % 80.00 •	
F09.14 Initial PID value 0.00~100.00 % 0.00 •	0x090E
F09.15 PID initial value holding time 0.00~650.00 s 0.00 •	0x090F
F09.16 Upper limit of PID output F9.17~+100.0 % 100.0 •	0x0910
F09.17 Lower limit of PID output	0x0911
F09.18 PID deviation limit 0.00~100.00 (0.00: invalid) % 0.00 •	0x0912
F09.19 PID differential limit 0.00~100.00 % 5.00 •	0x0913
F09.20 PID integral separation threshold 0.00~100.00 (100.00% = invalid integral separation) % 100.00 •	0x0914
F09.21 PID setting change time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 •	0x0915
F09.22 PID feedback filtering time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 •	0x0916
F09.23 PID output filtering time 0.000~30.000 s 0.000 •	0x0917
F09.24 Upper limit detection value of PID feedback disconnection 0.00~100.00; 100.00 = invalid feedback % 100.00 •	0x0918
F09.25 Lower limit detection value of PID feedback disconnection 0.00~100.00; 0.00 = invalid feedback % 0.00 •	0x0919
F09.26 Detection time of PID 0.000 ~ 30.000 s 0.000	0x091A

	feedback disconnection					
F09.27	PID sleep control options	0: invalid 1: sleep at zero speed 2: sleep at lower frequency limit 3: sleep with tube sealed		0	•	0x091B
F09.28	Sleep action point	0.00-100.00 (100.00 corresponds to the PID setting feedback range)	%	100.00	•	0x091C
F09.29	Sleep delay time	0.0 ~ 6500.0	s	0.0	•	0x091D
F09.30	Wake-up action point	0.00 ~100.00 (100.00 corresponds to the PID setting feedback range)	%	0.00	•	0x091E
F09.31	Wake-up delay time	0.0 ~ 6500.0	s	0.0	•	0x091F
F09.32	Multi-segment PID setting	0.0 to PID setting feedback range F09.03		0.0	•	0x0920
F09.33	Multi-segment PID setting	0.0 to PID setting feedback range F09.03		0.0	•	0x0921
F09.34	Multi-segment PID setting	0.0 to PID setting feedback range F09.03		0.0	•	0x0922
F09.35	Upper limit of feedback voltage	lower limit of feedback voltage to 10.00	V	10.00	•	0x0923
F09.36	Lower limit of feedback voltage	0.00 to upper limit of feedback voltage	V	0.00	•	0x0924
F09.37	Integral action option within set PID change time	0: always calculate the integral term 1: calculate the integral term after the F09.21 set time is reached 2: calculate the integral term when the error is less than F09.38		0 Straight	•	0x0925
F09.38	Integral within set PID change time Input deviation	0.00-100.00	%	0	•	0x0926
F09.39	Wake-up option	0: target pressure F09.01* coefficient of wake-up		0	0	0x0927

	-	action point				
		1: wake-up action point (F09.30)				
F09.40	Coefficient of wake-up	0.0~100.0 (100% corresponds to PID setting)	%	90.0	•	0x0928
F09.41	Pipeline network alarm overpressure	0.0 to pressure sensor range F09.03	%	90.0	•	0x0929
F09.42	Overpressure protection time	0 ~ 3600 (0: invalid)	s	6	•	0x092A
F09.43	PID reverse limit	0: no limit 1: limit		1	0	0x092B
F09.44	Dormation method selection	0: Follow the frequency of dormancy (F09.45) 1: Follow the dormant movement point to sleep (F09.28)		0	0	0x092C
F09.45	Dormant frequency	0.00 ~ upper limit frequency f00.18	Hz	30.00	•	0x092D
F09.46	Pressure feedback increment	0~100		5	•	0x092E
F09.47	PID regulating dead area	0.00~600.00	Bar	0.02	•	0x092F
F10		Communication function group				
F10.00	Local Modbus communication address	1-247; 0: broadcast address		1	0	0x0A00
F10.01	Baud rate of Modbus communication	0:4800 1:9600 2:19200 3:38400 4:57600 5:115200		1	0	0x0A01
F10.02	Modbus data format	0: 1-8-N-1 (1 start bit + 8 data bits + 1 stop bit) 1: 1-8-E-1 (1 start bit + 8 data bits + 1 even parity check bit + 1 stop bit) 2: 1-8-O-1 (1 start bit + 8 data bits + 1 odd parity		0	0	0x0A02

		3: 1-8-N-2 (1 start bit + 8 data bits + 2 stop bits)				
		4: 1-8-E-2 (1 start bit + 8 data bits + 1 even parity				
		check bit + 2 stop bits)				
		5: 1-8-O-2 (1 start bit + 8 data bits + 1 odd parity				
		check bit + 2 stop bits)				
		$0.0s \sim 60.0s$; 0.0: invalid (valid for the				
F10.03	485 communication timeout	master-slave mode)	S	0.0	•	0x0A03
F10.04	Modbus response delay	1~20	ms	2	•	0x0A04
	Options of master-slave	0: invalid			(
F10.05	communication function	1: valid		0	0	0x0A05
		0: slave			_	
F10.06	Master-slave options	1: host (Modbus protocol broadcast transmission)		0	0	0x0A06
		0: output frequency				
		1: set frequency				
		2: output torque				
F10.07	Data sent by host	3: set torque		1	0	0x0A07
		4: PID setting				
		5: output current				
F10.08	Proportional factor of slave reception	$0.00 \sim 10.00$ (multiple)		1.00	•	0x0A08
F10.09	Host sending interval	0.000 ~ 30.000	s	0.200	•	0x0A09
F10.10	Communication protocol	0 M 11 DTH 1		0		0x0A0
F10.10	option	0: Modbus-RTU protocol		0	×	A
	O di CAOS EEDBOM	0-10: default operation (for commissioning)				
F10.56	Options of 485 EEPROM	11: writing not triggered (available after		0	0	0x0A38
	writing	commissioning)				
E10.57	Enabling of SCI sending	0: invalid resetting		1		0.0420
F10.57	timeout resetting	1: valid resetting		1	•	0x0A39
F10.50	Delay time of SCI sending	110 10000		150		0x0A3
F10.58	timeout resetting	110~10000	mS	150	•	A
	SCI response option	0: reply to both read and write commands		0	0	0x0A3

		1: reply to write commands only			D
		2: no reply to both read and write commands			
F11		User-selected parameter group			
F11.00	User-selected parameter 1		U 00.00	•	0x0B00
F11.01	User-selected parameter 2		U 00.01	•	0x0B01
F11.02	User-selected parameter 3		U 00.02	•	0x0B02
F11.03	User-selected parameter 4		U 00.03	•	0x0B03
F11.04	User-selected parameter 5		U 00.04	•	0x0B04
F11.05	User-selected parameter 6	The displayed content is Uxx.xx, which means that the Fxx.xx function code is selected When the	U 00.07	•	0x0B05
F11.06	User-selected parameter 7		U 00.14	•	0x0B06
F11.07	User-selected parameter 8	function code F11.00 is enabled, the keyboard displays U00.00, indicating that the first selected parameter is F00.00.	U 00.15	•	0x0B07
F11.08	User-selected parameter 9	parameter is 100.00.	U 00.16	•	0x0B08
F11.09	User-selected parameter 10		U 00.18	•	0x0B09
F11.10	User-selected parameter 11		U 00.19	•	0x0B0 A
F11.11	User-selected parameter 12		U 00.29	•	0x0B0B
F11.12	User-selected parameter 13		U 02.00	•	0x0B0C
F11.13	User-selected parameter 14		U 02.01	•	0x0B0 D

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F11.14	User-selected parameter 15	U 02.02	•	0x0B0E
F11.15	User-selected parameter 16	U 03.00	•	0x0B0F
F11.16	User-selected parameter 17	U 03.02	•	0x0B10
F11.17	User-selected parameter 18	U 03.21	•	0x0B11
F11.18	User-selected parameter 19	U 04.00	•	0x0B12
F11.19	User-selected parameter 20	U 04.20	•	0x0B13
F11.20	User-selected parameter 21	U 05.00	•	0x0B14
F11.21	User-selected parameter 22	U 05.03	•	0x0B15
F11.22	User-selected parameter 23	U 05.04	•	0x0B16
F11.23	User-selected parameter 24	U 08.00	•	0x0B17
F11.24	User-selected parameter 25	U 19.00	•	0x0B18
F11.25	User-selected parameter 26	U	•	0x0B19
F11.26	User-selected parameter 27	19.01 U	•	0x0B1
F11.27	User-selected parameter 28	U 19.02	•	0x0B1B
F11.28	User-selected parameter 29	19.03 U	•	0x0B1C
F11.29	User-selected parameter 30	19.04 U	•	0x0B1

	Series Solar Tump Inve				
			19.05		D
F11.30	User-selected parameter 31		U 19.06	•	0x0B1E
F12		Keyboard and display function group			
F12.00	Reserved		1	0	0x0C00
F12.01	Options of stop function of STOP key	valid only in keyboard control with all command channels valid	1	0	0x0C01
F12.02	Parameter locking	0: do not lock 1: reference input not locked 2: all locked, except for this function code	0	•	0x0C02
F12.03	Parameter copying	0: no operation 1: parameter upload to keyboard 2: download parameters to inverter(F01 and F14 groups do not download) 3: download parameters to inverter	0	0	0x0C03
F12.09	Load speed display	0.01~600.00	30.00	•	0x0C09
F12.10	UP/DOWN acceleration and deceleration rate	0.00: automatic rate 0.05~500.00Hz/s	5.00Hz/	0	0x0C0 A
F12.11	Options of UP/DOWN offset clearing	0: not clear (clear changes in main frequency setting) 1: clear in non-running state 2: clear by releasing the UP/DOWN button 3: clear once in non-running state	0	0	0x0C0B
F12.12	Options of UP/DOWN power-down saving of offset	0: do not save 1: save (valid after the offset is modified)	1	0	0x0C0C
F12.13	Power meter resetting	0: do not clear 1: clear	0	•	0x0C0 D
F12.14	Restoration of factory defaults	0: no operation 1: restoration of factory defaults (excluding the	0	0	0x0C0E

ma	notor parameters, inverter parameters, nanufacturer parameters, running and power-on				
	nanufacturer parameters, running and power-on				. '
tin					
	me record)				
Cumulative power-on time	(5535	1	3/3/3/		0.000
F12.15 (h)	~65535	h	XXX	×	0x0C0F
F12.16 Cumulative power-on time (min)	~ 59	min	XXX	×	0x0C10
Cumulative running time					
	~ 65535	h	XXX	×	0x0C11
F12.18 Cumulative running time (min)	~ 59	min	XXX	×	0x0C12
			Dependi		
			ng on		
F12.19 Rated power of inverter 0.4	.40 ~ 650.00	kW	the	×	0x0C13
			motor		
			type		
			Dependi		
			ng on		
F12.20 Rated voltage of inverter 60	0 ~ 690	V	the	×	0x0C14
			motor		
			type		
			Dependi		
			ng on		
F12.21 Rated current of inverter 0.	.1 ~ 1500.0	A	the	×	0x0C15
			motor		
			type		
Performance software S/N F12.22 X	YYY YY		XXX.X	×	0x0C16
1	XXX.XX		X	^	UAUC 10
F12.23 Performance software S/N2 X	2 XX.XXX	_	XX.XX	×	0x0C17
F12.25 Performance software S/N2 X.			X		UXUC1/
F12.24 Functional software S/N 1 X	XXX.XX		XXX.X	×	0x0C18

	Series Solar Tump IIIV				
			X		
F12.25	F : 1 0 G010	NV NVV	XX.XX		0.0010
F12.25	Functional software S/N 2	XX.XXX	X	×	0x0C19
F12.26	Keyboard software serial	XXX.XX	XXX.X	×	0x0C1
F12.20	number 1	ΑΛΛ.ΛΛ	X	^	A
F12.27	Keyboard software serial	XX.XXX	XX.XX	×	0x0C1B
112.27	number 2	AAAAA	X		OXOCID
			XX.XX		
F12.28	Serial No. 1	XX.XXX	X	×	0x0C1C
F12.29	Serial No. 2	XXXX.X	XXXX.	×	0x0C1
			X		D
F12.30	Serial No. 3	XXXXX	XXXX	×	0x0C1E
			X		
		0: Chinese			0.031-
F12.31	LCD language options	1: English	0	•	0x0C1F
		2: reserved			
	Running status display				
F12.33	parameter 1 of Mode 1	0.00 ~ 99.99	18.00	•	0x0C21
	(LED stop status display				
	parameter 5)				
	Running status display				
F12.34	parameter 2 of Mode 1	0.00 - 99.99	18.01	•	0x0C22
	(LED stop status display				
	parameter 1) Running status display				
	parameter 3 of Mode 1				
F12.35	(LED stop status display	0.00 ~ 99.99	18.06	•	0x0C23
	parameter 2)				
	Running status display				
F12.36	parameter 4 of Mode 1	0.00 ~ 99.99	18.08	•	0x0C24
	r				

	(LED stop status display									
	parameter 3)									
	Running status display parameter 5 of Mode 1									
F12.37	(LED stop status display	0.00 ~ 99	.99					18.09	•	0x0C25
	parameter 4)									
F12.38	LCD large-line display parameter 1	0.00 ~ 99	.99					18.00	•	0x0C26
F12.39	LCD large-line display parameter 2	0.00 ~ 99	.99					18.06	•	0x0C27
F12.40	LCD large-line display parameter 3	0.00 ~ 99.99					18.09	•	0x0C28	
F12.41	Options of UP/DOWN zero crossing	0: invalid 1: valid					0	0	0x0C29	
F12.42	Frequency setting of digital potentiometer	0.00 to m	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16			Hz	0.00	×	0x0C2 A	
F12.43	Digital potentiometer torque setting	0.00- Dig	ital torque set	tting F13.0)2		%	0.0	×	0x0C2B
E12.45	UP/DOWN function	Commu	High- speed pulse	Analog quantity	Digital frequenc y	Multi- segment speed		00000	0	0x0C2C
F12.45	options of keyboard	0	0	0	0	0				
		0: invalid				1				
		1: valid								
F12.48	Output frequency display	0: absol	ute value					1		0x0C30
112.40	Output frequency display	1: positi	ve/negative					1		0x0C30
F13		Torque control parameter group								
F13.00	Speed/torque control options	0: speed of 1: torque						0	0	0x0D00
F13.01	Options of torque setting		torque setting	g F13.02				0	0	0x0D01
113.01	source	1: AI1								5.1.0201

Procession Pro		Series Solar Tump IIIV					
A reserved S high frequency pulse input (XS) S high frequency estiting F13.02 digital torque setting F13.02 digital torque setting F13.02 digital torque setting F13.03 Multi-segment torque F13.04 Multi-segment torque F13.05 Multi-segment torque F13.06 Torque control acceleration F13.06 Torque control acceleration F13.09 F13.00 F13.0			2: AI2				
Signature Sign			3: reserved				
F13.02 Digital torque setting -200.0 - 200.0 -200			4: reserved				
Process of the second Proc			5: high frequency pulse input (X5)				
Sea digital potentiometer setting (Full range of the items 1-6, corresponding to F13.02 Digital torque setting -200.0 ~ 200.0 9% 100.0 • 0x0D02			6: communication setting				
Fig. 1.02 Digital torque setting -200.0 ~ 200.0 -			7: reserved				
F13.02 Digital torque setting F13.02 digital torque setting F13.02 Digital torque setting -200.0 ~ 200.0 9% 100.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			8: digital potentiometer setting				
F13.02 Digital torque setting -200.0 ~ 200.0 % 100.0 • 0x0D02			(Full range of the items 1-6, corresponding to				
F13.03 Multi-segment torque 1 -200.0 ~ 200.0 0x0D03 F13.04 Multi-segment torque 2 -200.0 ~ 200.0 0x0D04 F13.05 Multi-segment torque 3 -200.0 ~ 200.0 0x0D05 F13.06 Torque control acceleration and deceleration time 0.00 ~ 120.00 0x0D05 F13.08 Upper frequency limit options of torque control 2: A12			F13.02 digital torque setting)				
F13.04 Multi-segment torque 2 -200.0 ~ 200.0	F13.02	Digital torque setting	-200.0 ~ 200.0	%	100.0	•	0x0D02
F13.05 Multi-segment torque 3 -200.0 ~ 200.0 % 0.0 • 0x0D05	F13.03	Multi-segment torque 1	-200.0 ~ 200.0	%	0.0	•	0x0D03
F13.06 Torque control acceleration and deceleration time $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \sim 120.00 \\ and deceleration time \end{array}$	F13.04	Multi-segment torque 2	-200.0 ~ 200.0	%	0.0	•	0x0D04
F13.06 and deceleration time $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	F13.05	Multi-segment torque 3	-200.0 ~ 200.0	%	0.0	•	0x0D05
F13.08 Upper frequency limit options of torque control $2 \times A12$ 1: A11 2: A12 3: reserved 4: reserved 5: high frequency pulse input (X5) 6: communication setting (percentage) 7: communication setting (direct frequency) F13.09 Positive upper limit of torque control frequency	F13.06		0.00 ~ 120.00	s	0.00	•	0x0D06
F13.08 Upper frequency limit options of torque control 4: reserved 5: high frequency pulse input (X5) 6: communication setting (percentage) 7: communication setting (direct frequency) F13.09 Positive upper limit of torque control frequency 10.50 to maximum frequency F00.16 F13.10 Upper frequency limit of torque control frequency 10.50 to maximum frequency F00.16 F13.11 Static friction torque compensation 10.00 10.			0: set by F13.09				
F13.08			1: AI1				
F13.08 options of torque control 4: reserved 5: high frequency pulse input (X5) 6: communication setting (percentage) 7: communication setting (direct frequency) F13.09 Positive upper limit of torque control frequency 0.50 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 50.00 • 0x0D09 F13.10 Upper frequency limit of offset 0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 • 0x0D0 A Static friction torque compensation 0.0 ~ 100.0			2: AI2				
options of torque control 4: reserved 5: high frequency pulse input (X5) 6: communication setting (percentage) 7: communication setting (direct frequency) Positive upper limit of torque control frequency 0.50 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 50.00 • 0x0D09 Upper frequency limit of torque control frequency 0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 • 0x0D0 •	E12.09	Upper frequency limit	3: reserved		0		0**0D08
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	F13.08	options of torque control	4: reserved		U		UXUDU8
			5: high frequency pulse input (X5)				
F13.09 Positive upper limit of torque control frequency 0.50 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 • 0.00 00009 F13.10 Upper frequency limit offset 0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 • 0.00 00000 A Static friction torque compensation $0.00 \sim 100.0$			6: communication setting (percentage)				
F13.09 torque control frequency 0.50 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 • 0.00 D09 Upper frequency limit offset 0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 • 0.00 D0 • 0.00 D0 F13.11 Static friction torque compensation $0.0 \sim 100.0$ • $0.0 \sim 100.0$			7: communication setting (direct frequency)				
torque control frequency Upper frequency limit offset 0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 A Static friction torque compensation 0.00 ~ 100.0 ~ 100.0 ~ 100.0	F13.09	Positive upper limit of	0.50 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	50.00	•	0x0D09
F13.10 offset 0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16 Hz 0.00 • A Static friction torque compensation $0.0 \sim 100.0$ % $0.0 \sim 100.0$ • B		torque control frequency	1 ,				
F13.11 Static friction torque compensation $0.0 \sim 100.0$ $0.0 \sim 100.0$ $0.0 \sim 100.0$	F13.10	Upper frequency limit	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	0.00	•	0x0D0
F13.11 0.0 ~ 100.0 % 0.0 • B		offset	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		-		A
compensation	F13.11	Static friction torque	$0.0 \sim 100.0$	%	0.0	•	0x0D0
F13.12 Frequency range of static $0.00 \sim 50.00$ Hz 1.00 • $0x0D0$		compensation					В
	F13.12	Frequency range of static	0.00 ~ 50.00	Hz	1.00	•	0x0D0

	friction compensation					С
F13.13	Dynamic friction torque compensation	0.0 ~ 100.0	%	0.0	•	0x0D0 D
F13.18	Reverse speed limit options	0~100	%	100	•	0x0D12
F13.19	Reverse torque control options	0~1		0	•	0x0D13
F14		Parameter group of motor 2				
F14.00	Motor type	0: ordinary asynchronous motor 1: variable-frequency asynchronous motor 2: permanent magnet synchronous motor		0	0	0x0E00
F14.01	Rated power of electric motor	0.10~650.00	kW	Dependi ng on the motor type	0	0x0E01
F14.02	Rated voltage of motor	50~2000	V	Dependi ng on the motor type	0	0x0E02
F14.03	Rated current of motor	0.01 to 600.00 rated power of motor: \leq 75 kW) 0.1 to 6000.0 (rated power of motor: \geq 75 kW)	A	Dependi ng on the motor type	0	0x0E03
F14.04	Rated frequency of motor	0.01~600.00	Hz	Dependi ng on the motor type	0	0x0E04

F14.05	Rated speed	1~60000	rpm	Dependi ng on the motor	0	0x0E05
				type		
				Dependi		
		0:Y		ng on		
F14.06	Motor winding connection	1: Δ		the	0	0x0E06
				motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
F14.07	Rated power factor of	0.600~1.000		ng on		00007
F14.07	motor	0.000~1.000		the motor	0	0x0E07
				type		
				Dependi		
	Motor efficiency			ng on		
F14.08		30.0~100.0	%	the	0	0x0E08
				motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
				ng on		
F14.09	Stator resistance of	$1 \sim 60000$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)	mΩ	the	0	0x0E09
	asynchronous motor	0.1~ 6000.0 (rated power of motor: > 75kW)		motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
	Rotor resistance of	1~60000 (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)		ng on		
F14.10	asynchronous motor	0.1~6000.0 (rated power of motor: > 75kW)	mΩ	the	0	0x0E0A
		,		motor		
				type		
F14.11	Leakage inductance of	0.01 to 600.00 (rated power of motor: $\leq 75 \text{ kW}$)	mН	Dependi	0	0x0E0B

	asynchronous motor	0.001 to 60.000 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)		ng on		
				the		
				motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
				ng on		
F14.12	Mutual inductance of	0.1 to 6000.0 (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)	mH	the	0	0x0E0C
	asynchronous motor	0.01 to 600.00 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)		motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
				ng on		
F14.13	No-load excitation current	0.01 to 600.00 (rated power of motor: $\leq 75 \text{ kW}$)	A	the	0	0x0E0D
	of asynchronous motor	0.1 to 6000.0 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)		motor		
				type		
	Flux weakening coefficient					
F14.14	1 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	87.00	0	0x0E0E
	Flux weakening coefficient					
F14.15	2 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	80.00	0	0x0E0F
	Flux weakening coefficient					
F14.16	3 of asynchronous motor	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	75.00	0	0x0E10
	Flux weakening coefficient					
F14.17		10.00 ~ 100.00	%	72.00	0	0x0E11
	4 of asynchronous motor					
F14.18	Flux weakening coefficient	10.00 ~ 100.00	%	70.00	0	0x0E12
	5 of asynchronous motor					
				Dependi		
	Stator resistance of	1~60000 (rated power of motor: ≤75kW)		ng on		
F14.19	synchronous motor	0.1 to 6000.0 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)	mΩ	the	0	0x0E13
				motor		
				type		
F14.20	d-axis inductance of	$0.01\sim600.00$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)	mН	Dependi	0	0x0E14
	synchronous motor	0.001~60.000 (rated power of motor: > 75kW)		ng on		

				the		
				motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
	q-axis inductance of synchronous motor	$0.01\sim600.00$ (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)		ng on		
F14.21		· · ·	mН	the	0	0x0E15
	synchronous motor	0.001~60.000 (rated power of motor: > 75kW)		motor		
				type		
				Dependi		
				ng on		
F14.22	Counter electromotive force	,	V	the	0	0x0E16
	of synchronous motor	speed)		motor		
				type		
F14.23	Initial electrical angle of	0.0~359.9 (valid for synchronous motor)			0	0x0E17
	synchronous motor	00				
	Motor parameter	00: no operation				
		01: static self-learning of asynchronous motor				
		02: rotation self-learning of asynchronous motor				
F14.34	self-learning	03: inertia self-learning of asynchronous motor		00	0	0x0E22
		11: static self-learning of synchronous motor				
		12: rotary self-learning of synchronous motor				
		13: encoder self-learning of synchronous motor				
F14.35	Drive control mode of	0: v/f control (VVF)		0	0	0x0E23
	motor 2	1: speed sensorless vector control (SVC)				
F14.36	Speed proportional gain	0.00~100.00		12.00	•	0x0E24
	ASR_P1					
	Speed integral time	0.000~30.000				
F14.37	constant	0.000: no integral	s	0.200	•	0x0E25
	ASR_T1					
F14.38	Speed proportional gain	0.00~100.00		8.00	•	0x0E26
	ASR_P2			-		

F14.39	Speed integral time constant ASR_T2	0.000~30.000 0.000: no integral	S	0.300	•	0x0E27
F14.40	Switching frequency 1	0.00 to switching frequency 2	Hz	5.00	•	0x0E28
F14.41	Switching frequency 2	switching frequency 1 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	10.00	•	0x0E29
F14.42	No-load current gain of motor 2	50.0~300.0	%	50.0	•	0x0E2A
F14.43	Filtering time constant of speed loop output	0.000 ~ 0.100	s	0.001	•	0x0E2B
F14.44	Vector control slip gain	50.00~200.00	%	100.00	•	0x0E2C
F14.45	Upper limit source selection of speed control torque	0: set by F06.10 and F06.11 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: reserved 4: reserved 5: communication setting (percentage) 6: The larger of AI1 and AI2 7: The smaller of AI1 and AI2		0	0	0x0E2D
F14.46	Upper limit of speed control motor torque	0.0 ~ 250.0	%	165.0	•	0x0E2E
F14.47	Upper limit of speed control brake torque	0.0 ~ 250.0	%	165.0	•	0x0E2F
F14.48	Excitation current proportional gain ACR-P1	0.00 ~100.00		0.50	•	0x0E30
F14.49	Excitation current integral time constant ACR-T1	0.00 ~ 600.00 0.00: no integral	ms	10.00	•	0x0E31
F14.50	Torque current proportional gain	0.00 ~ 100.00		0.50	•	0x0E32

	ACR-P2					
F14.51	Torque current integral time constant ACR-T2	0.00 ~ 600.00 0.00: no integral	ms	10.00	•	0x0E33
F14.52	Stiffness coefficient of speed loop of motor 2	0~20		12	•	0x0E34
F14.53	SVC zero-frequency processing	0: braking 1: not processed 2: seal the tube		2	0	0x0E35
F14.54	SVC zero-frequency braking current	$50.0 \sim 400.0$ (100.0 is the no-load current of the motor)	%	100.0	0	0x0E36
F14.56	Voltage feedforward gain	0~100	%	0	•	0x0E38
F14.57	Flux weakening control options	0: invalid 1: direct calculation 2: automatic adjustment		2	0	0x0E39
F14.58	Flux weakening voltage	70.00 ~ 100.00	%	95.00	•	0x0E3A
F14.59	Maximum field weakening current of synchronous motor	$0.0 \sim 150.0$ (100.0 is the rated current of the motor)	%	100.0	•	0x0E3B
F14.60	Proportional gain of flux weakening regulator	0.00 ~ 10.00		0.50	•	0x0E3C
F14.61	Integral time of flux weakening regulator	0.01 ~ 60.00	s	2.00	•	0x0E3D
F14.62	MTPA control option of synchronous motor	0: invalid 1: valid		0	0	0x0E3E
F14.63	Self-learning gain at initial position	0~200	%	100	•	0x0E3F
F14.64	Frequency of low frequency band of injection current	$0.00 \sim 100.00$ (100.00 is the rated frequency of the motor)	%	10.00	•	0x0E40

	•					
F14.65	Injection current of low frequency band	$0.0 \sim 60.0$ (100.0 is the rated current of the motor)	%	20.0	•	0x0E41
F14.66	Regulator gain of low frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 10.00		0.50	•	0x0E42
F14.67	Regulator integral time of low frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 300.00	ms	10.00	•	0x0E43
F14.68	Frequency of high frequency band of injection current	$0.00 \sim 100.00$ (100.00 is the rated frequency of the motor)	%	20.00	•	0x0E44
F14.69	Injection current f high frequency band	$0.0 \sim 30.0$ (100.0 is the rated current of the motor)	%	8.0	•	0x0E45
F14.70	Regulator gain of high frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 10.00		0.50	•	0x0E46
F14.71	Regulator integral time of high frequency band of injection current	0.00 ~ 300.00	ms	10.00	•	0x0E47
F14.77	Acceleration/deceleration time options of motor 2	0: the same as motor 1 1: acceleration and deceleration time 1 2: acceleration and deceleration time 2 3: acceleration and deceleration time 3 4: acceleration and deceleration time 4		0	0	0x0E4D
F14.78	Maximum frequency of motor 2	20.00 ~ 600.00	Hz	50	0	0x0E4E
F14.79	Upper frequency limit of motor 2	lower limit frequency F00.19 to maximum frequency F14.78	Hz	50	•	0x0E4F
F14.80	V/F curve setting of motor	0: straight line V/F 1: multi-point broken line V/F 2: 1.3-power V/F		0	0	0x0E50

	Series Solar Tump Inv					
		3: 1.7-power V/F				
		4: square V/F				
		5: VF complete separation mode (Ud = 0, Uq = K				
		* t = voltage of separation voltage source)				
		6: VF semi-separation mode (Ud = 0, Uq = K * t =				
		F/Fe * 2 * voltage of separation voltage source)				
F14.81	Multi-point VF frequency F1 of motor 2	0.00 ~ F14.83	Hz	0.50	•	0x0E51
F14.82	Multi-point VF voltage V1 of motor 2	$0.0 \sim 100.0 \ (100.0 = \text{Rated voltage})$	%	1.0	•	0x0E52
F14.83	Multi-point VF frequency F2 of motor 2	F14.81 ~ F14.85	Hz	2.00	•	0x0E53
F14.84	Multi-point VF voltage V2 of motor 2	0.0 ~ 100.0	%	4.0	•	0x0E54
F14.85	Multi-point VF frequency F3 of motor 2	F14.83 to rated frequency of motor (reference frequency)	Hz	5.00	•	0x0E55
F14.86	Multi-point VF voltage V3 of motor 2	0.0 ~ 100.0	%	10.0	•	0x0E56
F14.87	Stop mode of motor 2	0: slow down to stop 1: free stop		0	0	0x0E57
F14.96	Low speed correction factor of stator resistor of asynchronous motor 2	10.0 ~ 500.0	%	100.0	•	0x0E60
F14.97	Low speed correction factor of rotor resistor of asynchronous motor 2	10.0 ~ 500.0	%	100.0	•	0x0E61
F14.98	Slip gain switching frequency of asynchronous motor 2	0.10 ~ Fmax	Hz	5.00	0	0x0E62
F15		Auxiliary function group				
F15.00	Jog frequency	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	5.00	•	0x0F00

	.					
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.01	Jog acceleration time	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	5.00	•	0x0F01
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.02	Jog deceleration time	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	5.00	•	0x0F02
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.03	Acceleration time 2	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	15.00	•	0x0F03
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.04	Deceleration time 2	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	15.00	•	0x0F04
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.05	Acceleration time 3	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	15.00	•	0x0F05
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.06	Deceleration time 3	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	15.00	•	0x0F06
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.07	Acceleration time 4	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	15.00	•	0x0F07
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
		0.00 ~ 650.00 (F15.13=0)				
F15.08	Deceleration time 4	0.0 ~ 6500.0 (F15.13=1)	s	15.00	•	0x0F08
		0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
	Fundamental frequency of	0: maximum frequency F00.16				
F15.09	acceleration and	1: 50.00Hz		0	0	0x0F09
	deceleration time	2: set frequency				
	Automatic switching of	0: invalid				
F15.10	acceleration and	0: invand 1: valid		0	0	0x0F0A
	deceleration time	1. vanu				
F15.11	Switching frequency of	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	0.00	•	0x0F0B
	- I					

	acceleration time 1 and 2					
F15.12	Switching frequency of deceleration time 1 and 2	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	0.00	•	0x0F0C
F15.13	Acceleration and deceleration time unit	0:0.01s 1:0.1s 2:1s		0	0	0x0F0D
F15.14	Frequency hopping point 1	0.00 ~ 600.00	Hz	600.00	•	0x0F0E
F15.15	Hopping range 1	0.00 ~ 20.00, 0.00 is invalid	Hz	0.00	•	0x0F0F
F15.16	Frequency hopping point 2	0.00 ~ 600.00	Hz	600.00	•	0x0F10
F15.17	Hopping range 2	0.00 ~ 20.00, 0.00 is invalid	Hz	0.00	•	0x0F11
F15.18	Frequency hopping point 3	0.00 ~ 600.00	Hz	600.00	•	0x0F12
F15.19	Hopping range 3	0.00 ~ 20.00, 0.00 is invalid	Hz	0.00	•	0x0F13
F15.20	Detection width of output frequency arrival (FAR)	0.00 ~ 50.00	Hz	2.50	0	0x0F14
F15.21	Output frequency detection FDT1	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	30.00	0	0x0F15
F15.22	FDT1 hysteresis	-(Fmax-F15.21)~F15.21	Hz	2.00	0	0x0F16
F15.23	Output frequency detection FDT2	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	20.00	0	0x0F17
F15.24	FDT2 hysteresis	-(Fmax-F15.23)~F15.23	Hz	2.00	0	0x0F18
F15.25	Options of analog level detection ADT	0: AII 1: AI2		0	0	0x0F19
F15.26	Analog level detection ADT1	0.00 ~ 100.00	%	20.00	•	0x0F1A
F15.27	ADT1 hysteresis	0.00 to F15.26 (valid down in one direction)	%	5.00	•	0x0F1B
F15.28	Analog level detection ADT2	0.00 ~ 100.00	%	50.00	•	0x0F1C
F15.29	ADT2 hysteresis	0.00 to F15.28 (valid down in one direction)	%	5.00	•	0x0F1D
F15.30	Options of energy	0: invalid		0	0	0x0F1E

	consumption braking	1: valid				
	function					
F15.31	Energy consumption braking voltage	110.0 ~ 140.0 (380V, 100.0 = 537V)	%	125.0	0	0x0F1F
F15.32	Braking rate	$20 \sim 100 \text{ (100 means that duty ratio is 1)}$	%	100	•	0x0F20
	Operating mode with set	0: running at the lower frequency limit				
F15.33	frequency less than lower	1: shutdown		0	0	0x0F21
	frequency limit	2: zero-speed running				
		Ones place: fan control mode				
		0: running after power-on				
		1: running at startup				
		2: intelligent operation, subject to temperature				
		control				
		Tens place: power on fan control				
F15.34	Fan control	0: run for 1 minute and then run in fan control		101	0	0x0F22
		mode				
		1: directly operate in fan control mode				
		Hundreds place: Fan low speed mode enable				
		(above 280kW)				
		1: the operation at low speed is invalid				
		2: low speed operation is valid				
F15.35	Overmodulation intensity	1.00 ~ 1.10		1.05	•	0x0F23
F15.36	Switching options of PWM	0: invalid (7-segment PWM modulation)		0		0x0F24
F13.30	modulation mode	1: valid (5-segment PWM modulation)		0	0	UXUF24
F15.37	Switching frequency of	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	Hz	15.00	_	0x0F25
F13.37	PWM modulation mode	0.00 to maximum frequency F00.16	пи	13.00	•	UXUF 23
	Options of dead zone	0: no compensation				
F15.38	compensation mode	1: compensation mode 1		1	0	0x0F26
	compensation mode	2: compensation mode 2				
F15.39	Terminal jog priorityv	0: invalid		0	0	0x0F27
113.39	Terminar Jog priorityv	1: valid				UAUI 27

Deceleration time for quick stop							
F15.40		Deceleration time for quick					
F15.44	F15.40	•		s	1.00	•	0x0F28
F15.44 measured value current		•	0 ~ 65000 (F15.13=2)				
F15.45 The current reaches the hysteresis 0.0~300.0 (100.0% corresponding to rated motor % 100.0 0x0F38	F15.44	The current reaches the	$0.0\sim300.0$ (100.0% corresponding to rated motor	%	100.0	•	0x0F37
F15.45 hysteresis 0.0~300.0 (100.0% corresponding to rated motor orque) 0.0√38 0.0√638		measured value	current)				
F15.46 Torque reaches test value torque 0.0~300.0 (100.0% corresponding to rated motor % 100.0 0x0F39	F15.45	The current reaches the	0.0~F15.44	%	5.0	•	0x0F38
F15.46 Torque reaches test value torque		hysteresis					
The torque reaches the hysteresis ring	F15.46	Torque reaches test value	$0.0\sim300.0$ (100.0% corresponding to rated motor	%	100.0	•	0x0F39
F15.47 hysteresis ring PG card feedback F15.62 frequency display filtering 0~20000 ms 300 0x0F3E			torque)				
PG card feedback F15.62 frequency display filtering time 0~20000 ms 300 • 0x0F3E	F15.47	The torque reaches the	0.0~F15.46	%	5.0	•	0x0F3A
F15.62 frequency display filtering time 0~20000 ms 300 • 0x0F3E		hysteresis ring					
time The speed reaches the limit of rise The speed reaches filtering time The speed reaches the limit of descent The speed reaches filtering time ■ 0.00 ► 0x0F41 ■ 0.00 ■ 0x0F41 ■ 0.00 ■ 0x0F42 ■ 0.00 ■ 0x0F43 ■ 0.00 ■ 0x0F43 ■ 0.00 ■ 0x0F44 ■ 0.00 ■ 0x0F45		PG card feedback					
F15.63 The speed reaches the limit of rise $0.00 \sim \text{Fmax}$ The speed reaches filtering time $0.00 \sim \text{Fmax}$ The speed reaches filtering time $0.00 \sim \text{Fmax}$ The speed reaches the limit of descent $0.00 \sim \text{Fmax}$ Hz $0.00 \sim \text{Fmax}$ Ox0F41 $0.00 \sim \text{Fmax}$ The speed reaches the limit of descent $0.1 \sim 300.0 (0.0)$: no detection; 100.0% : $0.00 \sim 0.00$	F15.62	frequency display filtering	0~20000	ms	300	•	0x0F3E
F15.63		time					
The speed reaches filtering time $0\sim60000$ ms 0×0000	F15.63		0.00~Fmax	Hz	30.00	•	0x0F3F
F15.64 time							
The speed reaches the limit of descent $0.00 \sim Fmax$ $Hz = 0.00$ $\bullet 0x0F41$ $\bullet 0.00 \sim fmax$	F15.64		0~60000	ms	500	•	0x0F40
F15.65 of descent \bullet 0x0F41 F15.66 Overcurrent detection level 0.1~300.0 (0.0: no detection; 100.0%: % 200.0 \bullet 0x0F42 corresponding to the rated current of motor) F15.67 Overcurrent detection delay time 0.00~600.00 s 0.00 \bullet 0x0F43 F15.68 Market price 0.00~100.00 1.00 \bigcirc 0x0F44 F15.69 Power-frequency load factor 30.0~200.0 % 90.0 \bigcirc 0x0F45 F16 Customization function group 0: universal model 0 0 0x1000							
F15.66 Overcurrent detection level $0.1 \sim 300.0 \ (0.0: \text{ no detection; } 100.0\%:$ % 200.0 • $0x0F42$ corresponding to the rated current of motor) F15.67 Overcurrent detection delay time $0.00 \sim 600.00$ s 0.00 • $0x0F43$ F15.68 Market price $0.00 \sim 100.00$ 1.00 0.00 0x0F44 F15.69 Power-frequency load factor $0.00 \sim 200.0$ % $0.00 \sim 2$	F15.65		0.00~Fmax	Hz	0.00	•	0x0F41
corresponding to the rated current of motor) F15.67 Overcurrent detection delay time $0.00 \sim 600.00$ s 0.00 • $0x0F43$ F15.68 Market price $0.00 \sim 100.00$ 1.00 \bigcirc 0x0F44 F15.69 Power-frequency load factor Customization function group F16.00 Industry application $0 : universal model$ Overcurrent detection delay $0.00 \sim 600.00$ s $0.00 \sim 0.00$		of descent					
corresponding to the rated current of motor) F15.67 Overcurrent detection delay time $0.00 \sim 600.00$ s 0.00 • $0x0F43$ F15.68 Market price $0.00 \sim 100.00$ 1.00 \bigcirc 0x0F44 F15.69 Power-frequency load factor Customization function group F16.00 Industry application $0 : universal model$ Overcurrent detection delay $0.00 \sim 600.00$ s $0.00 \sim 0.00$							
F15.67 Overcurrent detection delay time $0.00 \sim 600.00$ s $0.00 \sim 0.00 \sim 0.00$ s $0.00 \sim 0.00$ function group $0.00 \sim 0.00 \sim 0.00 \sim 0.00$ s $0.00 \sim 0.00$ s $0.00 \sim 0.00$ factor $0.00 \sim 0.00$ facto	F15.66	Overcurrent detection level		%	200.0	•	0x0F42
F15.67 time $0.00 \sim 600.00$ s 0.00 • $0x0F43$ F15.68 Market price $0.00 \sim 100.00$ 1.00 • $0x0F44$ F15.69 Power-frequency load factor $30.0 \sim 200.0$ % 90.0 • $0x0F45$ F16 Customization function group F16.00 Industry application 0 : universal model 0 • $0x1000$							
F15.68 Market price $0.00 \sim 100.00$ 1.00 \bigcirc $0x0F44$ F15.69 Power-frequency load factor $0.00 \sim 200.0$	F15.67			s	0.00	•	0x0F43
F15.69 Power-frequency load factor						_	
F15.69 $factor$ $30.0 \sim 200.0$ % 90.0 \bigcirc $0x0F45$ F16 Customization function group 0: universal model 0: $factor$ 0 $factor$	F15.68	_	0.00 ~ 100.00		1.00	0	0x0F44
F16 Customization function group 0: universal model 0: 0 0 0x1000	F15.69		30.0 ~ 200.0	%	90.0	0	0x0F45
F16.00 Industry application 0: universal model 0 0 0x1000		factor					
F16.00 Industry application 0 0x1000	F16		Customization function group				
	F16.00	Industry application	0: universal model		0	0	0x1000
		7 11	1: water supply application			_	

		2: air compressor application				
		3: winding application				
		4: fan application				
		5: spindle application of machine tool				
		6: extruder application				
		7: high-speed motor application				
		8: plastic extruding machine				
		9: EM100 comm macro				
		10: EM303B comm macro				
		1 ~ 65535 (F16.13=0)				
F16.01	0.41.4	0.1 ~ 6553.5 (F16.13=1)		1000		0.1001
F16.01	Set length	0.01~ 655.35 (F16.13=2)	m	1000	•	0x1001
		0.001 ~ 65.535 (F16.13=3)				
F16.02	Pulses per meter	0.1 ~ 6553.5		100.0	•	0x1002
F16.03	Set count value	F16.04 ~ 65535		1000	•	0x1003
F16.04	Specified count value	1~F16.03		1000	•	0x1004
F16.05	Set time of regular running	0.0~ 6500.0, 0.0 is invalid	min	0.0	•	0x1005
F16.06	Agent password	0~65535		0	•	0x1006
F16.07	Setting of cumulative	0-65535; 0: disable the protection when the	1			0.1007
F16.07	power-on arrival time	power-on time is up	h	0	•	0x1007
F16.00	Setting of cumulative	0-65535; 0: disable the protection when the	1	0	_	0.1000
F16.08	running arrival time	running time is up	h	0	•	0x1008
F16.09	Factory password	0~65535		XXXX	•	0x1009
	Analog output percentage					
F16.10	corresponding to the count	0.00 ~100.00	%	0.00	0	0x100A
	value 0					
	Analog output percentage					
F16.11	corresponding to the set	0.00 ~100.00	%	100.00	0	0x100B
	count value					
F16.13	Set length resolution	0:1m		0	0	0x100D
L	1	I.		l	l	

		1:0.1m	1									
		2:0.01	m									
		3:0.00	1m									
F17			Vir	tual I/O	functio	on grou	ıp					
F17.00	VX1 virtual input function options									0	0	0x1100
F17.01	VX2 virtual input function options								-	0	0	0x1101
F17.02	VX3 virtual input function options								-	0	0	0x1102
F17.03	VX4 virtual input function options	The sa	me as t	the funct	ion opt	ions of	digital	input	-	0	0	0x1103
F17.04	VX5 virtual input function options	termin	al of F	02 group)				_	0	0	0x1104
F17.05	VX6 virtual input function options								-	0	0	0x1105
F17.06	VX7 virtual input function options								-	0	0	0x1106
F17.07	VX8 virtual input function options								-	0	0	0x1107
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	000		
	Virtual input	VX8	VX7	VX6	VX5	VX4	VX3	VX 2	V X1	00000	0	0x1108
F17.08	positive/negative logic	the op	en state	gic, inva								
F17.09	VX1-VX8 status setting options	D7	D6 VX7	D5 VX6	D4 VX5	D3 VX4	D2 VX3	D1 VX 2	D0 V X1	000	0	0x1109

				atus is t		as VY	n outpu	ıt stat	us				
		D7	D6	y F17.10 D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		000	•	
F17.10	VX1-VX8 status setting	VX8	VX7	VX6	VX5	VX4	VX3	VX 2	V X1				0x110A
		0: inva						I					
F17.11	VX1 valid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x110B
F17.12	VX1 invalid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x110C
F17.13	VX2 valid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x110D
F17.14	VX2 invalid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x110E
F17.15	VX3 valid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x110F
F17.16	VX3 invalid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x1110
F17.17	VX4 valid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						S	0.000	•	0x1111
F17.18	VX4 invalid delay time	0.000~	30.000)						S	0.000	•	0x1112
F17.19	VY1 virtual output function options										0	0	0x1113
F17.20	VY2 virtual output function options										0	0	0x1114
F17.21	VY3 virtual output function options										0	0	0x1115
F17.22	VY4 virtual output function options			the funct		ions of	digital	outpi	ıt		0	0	0x1116
F17.23	VY5 virtual output function options										0	0	0x1117
F17.24	Reserved												0x1118
F17.25	Reserved												0x1119
F17.26	Reserved												0x111A

		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0				
	Vistoriant	VY8	VY7	VY6	VY5	VY4	VY3	VY 2	V Y1		00000	0	0x111B
F17.27	Virtual output positive/negative logic	0: posi	tive lo	gic, val	id in the	closed	state/in	valid	in				
	positive/negative logic	the op	en state	;									
		1: neg	ative lo	gic, inv	alid in t	he close	ed state	/valid	d in				
		the op	en state	;		T	1						
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0				
	Control options of virtual	VY8	VY7	VY6	VY5	VY4	VY3	VY 2	V Y1		11111	0	0x111C
F17.28	output terminal	0: dep	ending	on the	status of	termin	al X1-X	K5					
		(witho	ut VY6	5-8)									
		1: dep	ending	on the	output fi	ınction	status						
F17.29	VY1 valid delay time	0.000~	-30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x111D
F17.30	VY1 invalid delay time	0.000~	-30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x111E
F17.31	VY2 valid delay time	0.000~	-30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x111F
F17.32	VY2 invalid delay time	0.000~	-30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x1120
F17.33	VY3 valid delay time	0.000~	-30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x1121
F17.34	VY3 invalid delay time	0.000	-30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x1122
F17.35	VY4 valid delay time	0.000~	-30.000)						S	0.000	•	0x1123
F17.36	VY4 invalid delay time	0.000~	-30.000)						s	0.000	•	0x1124
		VX8	VX7	VX6	VX5	VX4	VX3	VX	V		000	×	0x1125
F17.37	Virtual input terminal status	V 210	V 21.7	7710	VAS	V 2 1 1	V 713	2	X1		00000		0X1123
	T	0: inva	ılid										
		1: vali	d			I	I						
F17.38	Virtual output terminal	VY8	VY7	VY	VY5	VY4	VY3	VY			00000	×	0x1126
	status	0 :	1: 1	6				2	Y1				
		0: inva	ıııd										

		1: valid								
F18		N	Aonitoring	parameter	group					
F18.00	Output frequency	0.00 to up	per freque	ncy limit			Hz	XXX	×	0x1200
F18.01	Set frequency	0.00 to m	aximum fro	equency F00).16		Hz	XXX	×	0x1201
F18.03	Estimate feedback frequency	0.00 to up	pper freque	ncy limit			Hz	XXX	×	0x1203
F18.04	Output torque	-200.0 ~ 2	200.0				%	XXX	×	0x1204
F18.05	Torque setting	-200.0 ~ 2	200.0				%	XXX	×	0x1205
F18.06	Output current			l power of n			A	XXX	×	0x1206
F18.07	Output current percentage	0.0~300.0	0 (100.0 = t)	he rated cur	rent of inv	erter)	%	0	×	0x1207
F18.08	Output voltage	0.0 ~ 690	.0				V	XXX	×	0x1208
F18.09	DC bus voltage	0 ~ 1200					V	XXX	×	0x1209
F18.10	Simple PLC running times	0 ~ 10000)					XXX	×	0x120A
F18.11	Simple PLC operation stage	1 ~ 15						XXX	×	0x120B
F18.12	PLC running time at the current stage	0.0 ~ 600	0.0					XXX	×	0x120C
F18.14	Load rate	0~65535					rpm	XXX	×	0x120E
F18.15	UP/DOWN offset	0.00 to 2	* Maximui	n frequency	F00.16		Hz	XXX	×	0x120F
F18.16	PID setting	0.0 to PII) maximun	n range				XXX	×	0x1210
F18.17	PID feedback	0.0 to PII) maximun	n range				XXX	×	0x1211
F18.18	Power meter: MWh	0~65535					MW h	XXX	×	0x1212
F18.19	Watt-hour meter: kWh	0.0 ~ 999	.9				kWh	XXX	×	0x1213
F18.20	Output power	-650.00~0	650.00				kW	XXX	×	0x1214
F18.21	Output power factor	-1.000 ~ 1	1.000					XXX	×	0x1215
F18.22	Digital input terminal status	X5	X4	Х3	X2	X1		XXX	×	0x1216

	•									
	1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1				
740.00	Digital input terminal status	*	AI2	AI1	*	*				
F18.23	2	*	0/1	0/1	*	0/1		XXX	×	0x1217
		*	*	R1	*	Y1				
F18.25	Output terminal state	*	*	0/1	*	0/1		XXX	×	0x1219
F18.26	AI1	0.0~100.0)				%	XXX	×	0x121A
F18.27	AI2	0.0~100.0)				%	XXX	×	0x121B
F18.31	High-frequency pulse input frequency: kHz	0.00~100	.00				kHz	XXX	×	0x121F
F18.32	High-frequency pulse input frequency: Hz	0~65535					Hz	XXX	×	0x1220
F18.33	Count value	0~65535						XXX	×	0x1221
F18.34	Actual length	0~65535					m	XXX	×	0x1222
F18.35	Remaining time of regular running	0.0 ~ 650	0.0				min	XXX	×	0x1223
F18.36	Rotor position of synchronous motor	0.0~359.9) °					XXX	×	0x1224
F18.39	VF separation target voltage	0 ~ 690					V	XXX	×	0x1227
F18.40	VF separation output voltage	0 ~ 690					V	XXX	×	0x1228
F18.45	Speed setting	0~65535	5				rpm	XXX	×	0x12D
F18.46	Output frequency symbol	0~65535	5					XXX	×	0x122E
F18.51	PID output	-100.0 ~	100.0				%		×	0x1233
F18.60	Inverter temperature	-40 to 200	0				°C	0	×	0x123C
F18.67	Saved electric energy (MWH)	cumulativ	ve energy s	aving MWH	I		0~ 6553 5	MWh	×	0x1243
F18.68	Saved electric energy	cumulativ	e energy s	aving kWH			0.0	kWh	×	0x1244

1	(kWH)		~			
	(KWII)		999.			
			9			
			0~			
F18.69	Saved electric charge	1:-1				0x1245
F18.69	(1,000 yuan)	high cumulative cost saving (*1000)	6553		×	0X1245
			5			
			0.0			
F18.70	Saved electric charge	low cumulative cost saving	~		×	0x1246
	(yuan)		999.			
			9			
	Power-frequency power		0~			
F18.71	consumption MWh	power-frequency power consumption MWH	6553	MWh	×	0x1247
			5			
			0.0			
F18.72	Power-frequency power	power-frequency power consumption kWH	~	kWh	×	0x1248
	consumption kWh		999.			
						1
			9			
F19		Protection record group	9			
F19		Protection record group 0: no protection	9			
F19			9			
F19		0: no protection	9			
F19		0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection	9			
F19		0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent	9			
F19		0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent E04: steady-state overcurrent	9			
F19.00	Category of last protection	0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent E04: steady-state overcurrent E05: overvoltage	9	0	×	0x1300
	Category of last protection	0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent E04: steady-state overcurrent E05: overvoltage E06: undervoltage	9	0	×	0x1300
	Category of last protection	0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent E04: steady-state overcurrent E05: overvoltage E06: undervoltage E07: input phase loss	9	0	×	0x1300
	Category of last protection	0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent E04: steady-state overcurrent E05: overvoltage E06: undervoltage E07: input phase loss E08: output phase loss	9	0	×	0x1300
	Category of last protection	0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent E04: steady-state overcurrent E05: overvoltage E06: undervoltage E07: input phase loss E08: output phase loss E09: inverter overload	9	0	×	0x1300
	Category of last protection	0: no protection E01: output short circuit protection E02: instantaneous overcurrent E04: steady-state overcurrent E05: overvoltage E06: undervoltage E07: input phase loss E08: output phase loss E09: inverter overload E10: inverter overheat protection	9	0	×	0x1300

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		E15: inverter memory protection				
		E16: communication abnormality				
		E17: temperature sensor abnormality				
		E18: abnormal disconnection of soft start relay				
		E19: current detection circuit abnormality				
		E20: stall protection				
		E21: PID feedback disconnection				
		E22: reserved				
		E24: parameter identification abnormality				
		E25: reserved				
		E26: load loss protection				
		E27: up to the cumulative power-on time				
		E28: up to the cumulative running time				
		E43: material cutoff protection				
		E44: cable protection				
		E57: overpressure in pipeline network				
		E58: under-pressure in pipeline network				
		E76: short-circuit protection to ground				
F19.01	Output frequency in protection	0.00 to upper frequency limit	Hz	0.00	×	0x1301
F10.02		0.00 to 650.00 (rated power of motor: ≤ 75 kW)		0.00	.,	0. 1202
F19.02	Output current in protection	0.0 to 6500.0 (rated power of motor: > 75 kW)	A	0.00	×	0x1302
F19.03	Bus voltage in protection	0~1200	V	0	×	0x1303
		0: not running				
		1: forward acceleration				
		2: reverse acceleration				
F19.04	Operating status in	3: forward deceleration		0	×	0x1304
	protection	4: reverse deceleration				
		5: constant speed in forward running				
		6: reverse constant speed in reverse running				
F19.05	Working time in protection		h	0	×	0x1305

F19.06	Category of previous protection	same as F19.00 parameter description		0	×	0x1306
F19.07	Output frequency in protection		Hz	0.00	×	0x1307
F19.08	Output current in protection		A	0.00	×	0x1308
F19.09	Bus voltage in protection		V	0	×	0x1309
F19.10	Operating status in protection	same as F19.04 parameter description		0	×	0x130A
F19.11	Working time in protection		h	0	×	0x130B
F19.12	Category of two previous protections	same as F19.00 parameter description		0	×	0x130C
F19.13	Output frequency in protection		Hz	0.00	×	0x130D
F19.14	Output current in protection		A	0.00	×	0x130E
F19.15	Bus voltage in protection		V	0	×	0x130F
F19.16	Operating status in protection	same as F19.04 parameter description		0	×	0x1310
F19.17	Working time in protection		h	0	×	0x1311
F27	Wind	ding/unwinding application macro parameter grou	р			
F27.00	Application macro	0: winding mode 1: unwinding mode 2: wire drawing mode 3: straight wire drawing machine mode		0	0	0x1B00
F27.01	Feedforward gain action channel	0: feedforward gain * set source B 1: feedforward gain * set source A 2: feedforward gain * 10V		1	0	0x1B01
F27.02	Feedforward gain input mode	0: no change in feedforward gain 1: 0.00 to upper limit of feedforward gain 2: - upper limit of feedforward gain to + upper limit of feedforward gain		1	0	0x1B02

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		Ones place: feedforward reset option				
		0: automatic reset				
		1: terminal reset				
		Tens place: feedforward power-off stop option				
F27.03	Feedforward control	0: save after power failure		10		0x1B03
F27.03	reediorward control	1: not save after power failure		10	0	UXIBUS
		Hundreds place: options of continuous feedforward				
		calculation				
		0: not calculate				
		1: calculate				
F27.04	Upper limit of feedforward	0.00~500.00	%	500.00	0	0x1B04
12,	gain		, ,			0.1201
F27.05	Initial feedforward gain	0.00~500.00	%	50.00	•	0x1B05
F27.06	Feedforward gain filter	0~1000	ms	0		0x1B06
127.00	time	0 -1000	1113	0		OXIDOO
F27.07	Feedforward range 0	0.00 to feedforward range 1	%	4.00	•	0x1B07
F27.08	Feedforward range 1	feedforward range 0 to feedforward range 2	%	12.00	•	0x1B08
F27.09	Feedforward range 2	feedforward range 1 to feedforward range 3	%	23.00	•	0x1B09
F27.10	Feedforward range 3	feedforward range 2 to feedforward range 4	%	37.00	•	0x1B0
12,110	1 course made range b	Total Canada Tango 2 to 1000 Canada Tango 1	,,	27.00		A
F27.11	Feedforward range 4	feedforward range 3 to feedforward range 5	%	52.00	•	0x1B0B
F27.12	Feedforward range 5	feedforward range 4 to 100.00	%	72.00	•	0x1B0C
F27.12		0.00 50.00	0//0	0.60		0x1B0
F27.13	Soft start increment	0.00 ~ 50.00	%/S	0.60	•	D
F27.14	Feedforward increment 1	0.00 ~ 50.00	%/S	0.11	•	0x1B0E
F27.15	Feedforward increment 2	0.00 ~ 50.00	%/S	0.30	•	0x1B0F
F27.16	Feedforward increment 3	0.00 ~ 50.00	%/S	0.75	•	0x1B10
F27.17	Feedforward increment 4	0.00 ~ 50.00	%/S	1.55	•	0x1B11
F27.18	Feedforward increment 5	0.00 ~ 50.00	%/S	4.00	•	0x1B12
·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

F27.19	Feedforward increment 6	0.00 ~ 50.00	%/S	11.00	•	0x1B13
		Ones place: disconnection detection mode				
		0: automatic detection				
		1: external signal				
		Tens place: material cutoff detection control				
		0: detect when the output is greater than the lower				
		limit of material cutoff detection				
		1: no detection				
		Hundreds place: material cutoff handling mode				
		0: protection of terminal action only				
		1: delayed stop and trip protection				
F27.20	Material cutoff control	2: material cutoff protection		01201		0.1014
F27.20	mode	3: automatic reset after protection shutdown		01201	0	0x1B14
		4: material cutoff detection terminal output only				
		(straight wire drawing machine) 5:				
		automatic reset of cutoff detection terminal				
		(straight wire drawing machine)				
		Thousands place: brake mode				
		0: mode 0				
		1: mode 1				
		Myriabit: reverse unwinding mode				
		0: no speed limit				
		1: reverse speed limit by F27.24				
F27.21	Material cutoff detection	0.0~10.0	S	6.0	•	0x1B15
	delay					
	Lower limit of material					
F27.22	cutoff detection after	0.00 ~ 60.00	Hz	5.00	•	0x1B16
	parking					
F27.23	Time of continuous running	$0.0 \sim 60.0$	S	10.0	•	0x1B17
	after material cutoff					
F27.24	Frequency of continuous	0.00~Fmax	Hz	5.00	•	0x1B18

	running after material					
	cutoff					
F27.25	Brake signal output	0.00~FUP	Hz	2.50	•	0x1B19
F27.26	Braking signal duration	0.0~100.0	S	5.0	•	0x1B1 A
F27.27	Minimum frequency of wiring detection	0.00~20.00	Hz	10.00	•	0x1B1B
F27.28	Judgment time for invalid cable signal	0.1 ~ 20.0	S	10.0	•	0x1B1C
F27.29	Judgment time for valid cable signal	0.1 ~ 20.0	S	2.0	•	0x1B1 D
F27.30	Filtering time for material cutoff detection	1~100	ms	5	•	0x1B1E
F27.36	Current value of feedforward gain	-500.0~500.0	%		×	0x1B24
F45		Modbus free mapping parameter group				
F45.00	Modbus communication mapping	0: invalid 1: valid	-	0	•	0x2D00
F45.01	Source address 1	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D01
F45.02	Destination address 1	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D02
F45.03	Mapping coefficient 1	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D03
F45.04	Source address 2	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D04
F45.05	Destination address 2	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D05
F45.06	Mapping coefficient 2	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D06
F45.07	Source address 3	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D07
F45.08	Destination address 3	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D08
F45.09	Mapping coefficient 3	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D09
F45.10	Source address 4	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D0

	•					
						A
F45.11	Destination address 4	0~65535		0		0x2D0
F43.11	Destination address 4	0~03333	-	U	•	В
F45.12	Mapping coefficient 4	0.00~100.00	_	1.00	•	0x2D0
						С
F45.13	Source address 5	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D0
				_		D
F45.14	Destination address 5	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D0E
F45.15	Mapping coefficient 5	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D0F
F45.16	Source address 6	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D10
F45.17	Destination address 6	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D11
F45.18	Mapping coefficient 6	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D12
F45.19	Source address 7	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D13
F45.20	Destination address 7	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D14
F45.21	Mapping coefficient 7	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D15
F45.22	Source address 8	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D16
F45.23	Destination address 8	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D17
F45.24	Mapping coefficient 8	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D18
F45.25	Source address 9	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D19
F45.26	Destination address 9	0~65535	_	0		0x2D1
1 13.20	Destination address 7	0 00000		Ŭ		A
F45.27	Mapping coefficient 9	0.00~100.00	_	1.00	•	0x2D1
						В
F45.28	Source address 10	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D1
						С
F45.29	Destination address 10	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D1
						D
F45.30	Mapping coefficient 10	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D1E
F45.31	Source address 11	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D1F

F45.32	Destination address 11	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D20
F45.33	Mapping coefficient 11	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D21
F45.34	Source address 12	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D22
F45.35	Destination address 12	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D23
F45.36	Mapping coefficient 12	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D24
F45.37	Source address 13	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D25
F45.38	Destination address 13	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D26
F45.39	Mapping coefficient 13	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D27
F45.40	Source address 14	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D28
F45.41	Destination address 14	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D29
F45.42	Mapping coefficient 14	0.00~100.00	_	1.00	•	0x2D2
1 13.12	wapping coefficient 11	0.00		1.00		A
F45.43	Source address 15	0~65535	_	0	•	0x2D2
						В
F45.44	Destination address 15	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D2
						C
F45.45	Mapping coefficient 15	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D2 D
F45.46	Source address 16	0~65535	_	0	•	0x2D2E
F45.47	Destination address 16	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D2F
F45.48	Mapping coefficient 16	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D30
F45.49	Source address 17	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D31
F45.50	Destination address 17	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D32
F45.51	Mapping coefficient 17	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D33
F45.52	Source address 18	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D34
F45.53	Destination address 18	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D35
F45.54	Mapping coefficient 18	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D36
F45.55	Source address 19	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D37

F45.56	Destination address 19	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D38
F45.57	Mapping coefficient 19	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D39
F45.58	Source address 20	0~65535	_	0		0x2D3
143.36	Source address 20	0~05555	-	0	•	A
F45.59	Destination address 20	0~65535	_	0	•	0x2D3
						В
F45.60	Mapping coefficient 20	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D3
						C 0x2D3
F45.61	Source address 21	0~65535	-	0	•	D
F45.62	Destination address 21	0~65535	_	0	•	0x2D3E
F45.63	Mapping coefficient 21	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D3F
F45.64	Source address 22	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D40
F45.65	Destination address 22	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D41
F45.66	Mapping coefficient 22	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D42
F45.67	Source address 23	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D43
F45.68	Destination address 23	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D44
F45.69	Mapping coefficient 23	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D45
F45.70	Source address 24	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D46
F45.71	Destination address 24	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D47
F45.72	Mapping coefficient 24	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D48
F45.73	Source address 25	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D49
F45.74	Destination address 25	0~65535	_	0	•	0x2D4
	2 5000000000000000000000000000000000000			Ů		A
F45.75	Mapping coefficient 25	0.00~100.00	_	1.00	•	0x2D4
						B 02D4
F45.76	Source address 26	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D4 C
F45.77	Destination address 26	0~65535	_	0	•	0x2D4

						D
F45.78	Mapping coefficient 26	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D4E
F45.79	Source address 27	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D4F
F45.80	Destination address 27	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D50
F45.81	Mapping coefficient 27	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D51
F45.82	Source address 28	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D52
F45.83	Destination address 28	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D53
F45.84	Mapping coefficient 28	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D54
F45.85	Source address 29	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D55
F45.86	Destination address 29	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D56
F45.87	Mapping coefficient 29	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D57
F45.88	Source address 30	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D58
F45.89	Destination address 30	0~65535	-	0	•	0x2D59
F45.90	Mapping coefficient 30	0.00~100.00	-	1.00	•	0x2D5
						A

6.6 Solar water pump special function parameter description

Function code	name	Parameter Detailed Description	Default value	property
F51.00	Solar pump mode	0: General inverter mode 1: CVT mode 2: PID regulation MPPT mode 4: Frequency disturbance regulation MPPT mode 0 means the solar water pump mode is invalid and it is a general model; 1 means that the fixed voltage setting method is adopted, and the reference voltage is the digital reference voltage of F51.01, which is a fixed value; 2 is the MPPT mode of reference voltage disturbance regulation. A value of 4 indicates the MPPT mode using frequency disturbance regulation.	0	0
F51.01	Reference voltage Digital given	0~F51.02 V When F51.00 is set to 1, the reference voltage value is given by this function code.	600 V /260 V	•
F51.02	Reference voltage Maximum	0~6000 V The maximum value of the reference voltage that can be set	750 V /400 V	0
F51.03	Minimum output frequency allowed	0.00~50.00 Hz When in solar water pump mode, when the output frequency is lower than this value, after the delay time set by F51.12, the inverter reports a weak light sleep fault.	10.00 Hz	•
F51.04	Water shortage dormancy delay	0.0~3600.0 S When the low water level signal of the input terminal is valid (No. 96), after the delay time set by this function code, the water shortage alarm (EtSLP) is reported and the system goes into sleep mode. In the case of non-continuous operation, the delay timer will be automatically reset.	5.0S	•

Water shortuge Wake-up delay Wake-up delay Water shortuge Wake-up delay Wake-up delay Reservoir full of water Sleep delay Reservoir full of water Wake-up delay The delay time set by this function code, the water tank full water alarm (FuSLP) is reported and the system goes into sleep mode. In the case of non-continuous operation, the delay timer will be automatically reset to zero. 0.0–3600.0 S When the full water level signal of the input terminal is invalid (No. 97), after the delay time set by this function code, the water tank full water alarm of the reservoir (FuSLP) is invalid and the system re-enters the rouning state. In the case of non-continuous, the delay timer will be automatically reset. Dry rum detection. Dry rum detection. Dry rum detection. Dry rum detection current Dry rum detection Dry rum detection current Dry rum detection current Dry rum detection current Dry rum detection current furning dry-run detection. When the cutput frequency is greater than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.08, the output current is less than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.08, the output current is less than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.09, and the duration is greater than the dry-run delay time set by F51.09, and the duration is greater than the dry-run delay time set by F51.09, and the duration sit greater than the dry-run delay time set by F51.00, a dry-run alarm (drSLP) is issued and the system goes into sleep mode. In non-continuous situations, the delay timer will be automatically cleared.			inp inverter eger munuar		
Reservoir full of water Sleep delay F51.06 Reservoir full of water Sleep delay Reservoir full of water alarm (FuSLP) is reported and the system goes into sleep mode. In the case of non-continuous operation, the delay timer will be automatically reset to zero. O.0-3600.0 S When the full water level signal of the input terminal is invalid (No. 97), after the delay time set by this function code, the full water alarm of the reservoir (FuSLP) is invalid and the system re-enters the running state. In the case of non-continuous, the delay timer will be automatically reset. Dry run F51.08 Dry running detection F51.09 Dry running detection current Dry run F51.00 Delay time Dry run detection Delay time Delay time When the full water level signal of the input terminal is invalid (No. 97), after the delay time set by this function code, the full water alarm of the reservoir (FuSLP) is invalid and the system re-enters the running state. In the case of non-continuous, the delay timer will be automatically reset. 20.08 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	F51.05		When the input terminal low water level signal is invalid (No. 96), after the delay time set by this function code, the water shortage alarm (EtSLP) is invalid and re-enters the running state. In the case of	20.08	•
Reservoir full of water Wake-up delay Dry run F51.09 Dry running detection current Dry run Attection Delay time Dry run Attection Delay time Dry run Attection Delay time Wake-up delay State. In the case of non-continuous, the delay timer will be automatically reset. 20.0S • • 45.00 Hz • • 45.00 Hz • • Attention code sets the detection current of the motor) This function code sets the detection current during dry-run detection. When the output frequency is greater than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.08, the output current is less than the dry-run detection current set by F51.09, and the duration is greater than the dry-run delay time set by F51.10, a dry-run alarm (drSLP) is issued and the system goes into sleep mode. In non-continuous situations, the delay timer will be automatically cleared.	F51.06	water	When the full water level signal of the input terminal is valid (No. 97), after the delay time set by this function code, the water tank full water alarm (FuSLP) is reported and the system goes into sleep mode. In the case of non-continuous operation, the delay timer will be automatically	5.08	•
F51.08 detection frequency during dry-run detection. Dry running detection current This function code sets the detection frequency during dry-run detection. Dry running detection current This function code sets the detection current during dry-run detection. 0.0~3600.0 S This function code sets the delay current during dry-run detection. When the output frequency is greater than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.08, the output current is less than the dry-run detection detection current set by F51.09, and the duration is greater than the dry-run detection and the system goes into sleep mode. In non-continuous situations, the delay timer will be automatically cleared.	F51.07	water	When the full water level signal of the input terminal is invalid (No. 97), after the delay time set by this function code, the full water alarm of the reservoir (FuSLP) is invalid and the system re-enters the running state. In the case of non-continuous, the delay timer will be	20.0S	•
This function code sets the detection current during dry-run detection. 0.0~3600.0 S This function code sets the delay current during dry-run detection. When the output frequency is greater than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.08, the output current is less than the dry-run detection detection current set by F51.09, and the duration is greater than the dry-run delay time set by F51.10, a dry-run alarm (drSLP) is issued and the system goes into sleep mode. In non-continuous situations, the delay timer will be automatically cleared.	F51.08	detection	This function code sets the detection frequency during dry-run	45.00 Hz	•
This function code sets the delay current during dry-run detection. When the output frequency is greater than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.08, the output current is less than the dry-run detection current set by F51.09, and the duration is greater than the dry-run delay time set by F51.10, a dry-run alarm (drSLP) is issued and the system goes into sleep mode. In non-continuous situations, the delay timer will be automatically cleared.	F51.09			30.0%	•
F51.11 Dry-run 0~600 Min 1 Min ◆	F51.10	detection	This function code sets the delay current during dry-run detection. When the output frequency is greater than the dry-run detection frequency set by F51.08, the output current is less than the dry-run detection current set by F51.09, and the duration is greater than the dry-run delay time set by F51.10, a dry-run alarm (drSLP) is issued and the system goes into sleep mode. In non-continuous situations, the	20.08	•
	F51.11	Dry-run	0~600 Min	1 Min	•

	detection alarm	After the dry-run alarm is enabled, the dry-run alarm (drSLP) becomes		
	reset time	invalid after the delay time set by this function code, and the system		
		re-enters the running state. In the case of non-continuous operation, the		
		delay timer will be automatically reset to zero.		
		0.0~3600.0 S		
		When the output frequency is less than or equal to the value set by		
574.40	Weak light sleep	F51.03, the delay timing starts. After this state continues for the weak	1000	
F51.12	delay time	light sleep delay time, the weak light alarm (LvSLP) is reported and	100.0 S	•
		the system goes to sleep. In the case of non-continuity, the delay		
		timing will be automatically cleared.		
		0.0~3600.0 S		
	Weak light	In the weak light alarm, when the solar input voltage is greater than the		
F51.13	wake-up delay	value set by F51.16, the delay timing starts. After this state continues	1 00.0 S	•
	time	for the weak light wake-up delay time, the weak light alarm (LvSLP)		
		is cleared and the running state is re-entered.		
		0~750 V		
		When the PV input voltage is lower than the set voltage value, the	380 V	
D51.14	Weak light	delay timing starts. The PV input voltage continues to be lower than	model: 350	
F51.14	voltage setting	the set voltage value time (F51.15 function code setting). After	220 V	•
		reaching the time, the weak light alarm (LvSLP) is reported and sleep	model: 180	
		is performed.		
	Weak light			
F51.15	voltage	20 ms~3000 ms	20ms	•
	detection time			
		0~1200	380 V	
	Light mass	In the weak light sleep state, if the solar input voltage is greater than	model: 660	
F51.16	Light recovery	this set value and the delay time set by F51.13 has passed, the weak	220 V	•
	voltage	light alarm (LvSLP) is cleared and the system re-enters the running	model: 3 2	
		state.	0	
F51.17	Reference	0~200 V	50 V	_
131.17	voltage initial	The maximum power tracking starts with a disturbance of the	30 V	•

	value	reference voltage initial value.		
	adjustment	Initial reference voltage = PV input voltage - F51.17		
	Maximum	F51.19~F51.02		
	tracking	reference voltage for tracking.		
F51.18	reference	The factory value is determined by the model:	750 V	•
	voltage	380 V model: 750 V 220 V model: 400 V		
		0.00~1.00		
		This function code can be used to set the minimum voltage reference		
		for maximum power tracking.		
		Maximum Power Tracking Minimum Voltage Reference = solar panel		
		open circuit voltage * F51.19.		
	Minimum	The maximum power tracking voltage will track within the range of		
	tracking	the minimum voltage reference~ F51.18, F51.23 must be greater than		
F51.19	reference	the minimum voltage reference. The smaller the difference between	0.70	•
	voltage	the two, the narrower the tracking range and the faster the tracking.		
	coefficient	However, it is imperative that the voltage point of the normal		
		maximum power falls within this range. F51.18 and F51.19 must be		
		adjusted appropriately according to the on-site conditions.		
		The current minimum reference voltage can be checked through		
		F51.26.		
		0.0~10.0 S (0.0 is invalid)		
	Automatically	When F51.20 is set to 0.0, the automatic adjustment of reference		
F51.20	adjust reference	voltage is invalid.	0.5 S	•
	voltage time	The reference voltage limit is automatically adjusted once every time		
		interval set by F51.20 .		
	Allowable	0.30 Hz~10.00 Hz		
	output	When the output frequency fluctuation is less than the function code		
F51.21	frequency	value, the reference voltage is not adjusted, but when the output	2.00 Hz	•
	fluctuation	frequency fluctuation range is greater than the function code value, the		
	range	reference voltage is increased.		
F51.22	Reference	0~300 V, adjust the reference voltage according to the value set by this	5 V	×

	voltage	function code.		
	adjustment			
	amplitude			
	Initial reference	0~6000 V		
F51.23	voltage for PI	Initial reference voltage for PI regulation = Current PV voltage –		
	regulation	F51.17		
774.04	Current PV	0~6000 V		
F51.24	voltage display	Displays the current PV input voltage		×
D51.05	PV reference	0~6000 V		
F51.25	voltage display	Display the current reference voltage value		×
	Minimum			
E51.26	tracking	0~6000 V		
F51.26	reference	Displays the minimum reference voltage for maximum power tracking		×
	voltage display			
F51.27	reserve			
F51.28	reserve			
	Poted flow of	0.0~1000.0 m3/h		
F51.29	Rated flow of water pump	The flow rate of the pump at rated frequency and rated head Q_{N}	6.0 m3/h	•
		Unit: cubic meter/hour		
	Rated head of water pump	0.0~500.0 m		
F51.30		The head of the pump at rated frequency and rated flow rate is H_N	24.0 m	•
		Unit: meter		
		0: Do not reset		
	Pump total flow	1: Reset		
F51.31	reset	This function code to 1 can reset the total flow of the pump. F51.32	0	•
	reset	and F51.33 will be cleared and restarted. After the reset is completed,		
		function code F51.29 will automatically become 0.		
	Current flow of	0.0~2000.0 m3/h		
F51.32		$Q = Q_N * F * / F_N$		×
	the pump	Unit: cubic meter/hour		

	water pump	$H = 0.9 H_N * (F/F_N)^2$		
		Unit: meter		
F51.34	Pump total flow	0~65535 m3 This function code displays the upper 16 bits of the total flow of the pump. Unit: cubic meter.		×
F51.35	Total pump flow rate low	$0.0\sim6553.5 \text{ m}3$ This function code displays the lower 16 bits of the total flow of the pump. Total pump flow = F51.32 * 6553.5 + F51.33 Unit: cubic meter.		×
F51.36	Power failure restart selection enable	0: Invalid 1: Valid	1	•
F51.37	Power failure restart delay time	0.0~600.0 S	15.0 S	•
F51.38	Кр	0.00~100.00 PID proportional adjustment parameters	10.00	•
F51.39	Ki	0.00~100.00 PID integral adjustment parameters	0.50	×
F51.40	Kd	0.00~100.00 PID differential adjustment parameters	0.00	×
F51.41	Rapid frequency reduction	$0.00\sim50.00~Hz$ When the solar input voltage is lower than (F51.14+50 V), the output frequency will be reduced by the value set by this function code every 1ms.	0.50 Hz	×
F51.42	Main and auxiliary winding voltage ratio	1.00~5.00 This function code sets the voltage ratio of the main winding and the auxiliary winding. When the motor shakes, adjusting this function code appropriately can reduce the motor shaking.	1.00	•

		np inverter oser Francus		-
	Output voltage	0.00~1.00		
F51.43	gain	This function sets the output voltage gain. When the motor current is	1.00	•
	gam	too large, the value of this function code can be appropriately reduced.		
		0.01~10.00		
F51.44	MPPT step time	MPPT dynamically adjusts the time period of output frequency	0.05s	•
		0.00~5.00		
	MPPT	MPPT increases the reference value of the frequency when		
F51.45	frequency	dynamically adjusting the output frequency. When the output	0.05	•
	adjustment	frequency needs to be increased, the frequency increases by the value	Hz	
		set by this function code for each time period set by F51.44.		
		1~100		
		When dynamically adjusting the output frequency, the solar input		
	Voltage regulation ratio in mode 4	voltage will fluctuate. This function code sets the ratio of the	10	
F51.46		difference of normal voltage fluctuation to the reference voltage of		•
		F51.25. When the voltage fluctuation difference is greater than this		
		function code, the frequency will not be increased.		
		0~50		
	Fast frequency reduction detection times	If the solar input voltage decreases continuously within the N MPPT	3	
F51.47		cycles set by this function code, the frequency reduction process will		•
		be performed quickly. N is the value set by this function code.		
		0~100		
	F C			
F51.48	Fast frequency	Each time the output frequency needs to be quickly reduced, the output	2 0	•
	reduction gain	frequency is reduced by N times the adjustment frequency set by		
		F51.45. N is the value set by this function code.		
F53		AC/DC switching mode		
	AC/DC	0: Invalid		
F53.00	switching mode	1: Mode 1, AC conditional access and disconnection	0	0
		2: Mode 2, AC fixed access		
F53.01	Mode 1	0: Voltage frequency switching	0	0
1 33.01	switching type	1: Valid	U	
F53.02	AC connection	0.00~50.00hz	30.00HZ	_

	frequency	In mode 1, when the output frequency is lower than value set by this		
		function code, after the delay time set by F53.05, the output of output		
		terminal function 62 is valid, the main contactor is controlled to be		
		closed, and the AC power supply is connected.		
		0.00~50.00hz		
		In mode 1, F53.01 is set as 0. When the time cycle set by F53.06 is		
		reached, the output frequency is switched to the value set by this		
	frequency AC	function code. If the current bus voltage value is greater than value set		
F53.03	disconnection	by F53.04, after a fixed delay of two minutes, the output frequency is	35.00HZ	•
		reduced to 0, the output of output terminal function 62 is invalid, and		
		the main contactor is controlled to open. AC power is disconnected.		
		The inverter resumes the PV mode control output frequency operation.		
	AC			
F53.04	disconnection	0~ 750V. Ditto	670V	•
	voltage			
		In mode 1, when the output frequency is lower than value set by the		
	AC connection	function code F53.02, after the delay time set by the function code, the		
F53.05	delay time	output of the output terminal function 62 is valid, the main contactor is	10.0s	•
		controlled to be closed, and the AC power supply is connected.		
		In mode 1, start timing after AC voltage is connected. After the time		
		period set by this function code is reached, judge whether to		
	Switching	disconnect the AC power supply according to the switching mode set		
F53.06	detection period	by F53.01. When F53.01 is set to 1, the output frequency is directly	1.00H	0
		reduced to 0 after the timing is reached, the AC is disconnected, and		
		the frequency converter is restored to operation.		
	Remaining time	•		
F53.07	for switching	After the AC is connected, it is determined whether the AC is	1.00H	×
	detection	disconnected for the remaining time.		
		In mode 1/2, set this function code to 1, and the output of terminal		
F53.08	Forced AC	function 62 is forced to be valid. When set to 0, the terminal function	0	0
	switching status	62 determines whether or not to output a valid parameter.		_
		1 1		

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F53.09	AC switching status	Valid state of terminal function 62 0: Invalid 1: Valid	0	×
	Mode 2	0: Mode 2 frequency source is controlled by F00.07		
F53.10	frequency	1: Mode 2 frequency source is controlled by digital potentiometer	0	0
	source selection	2: Constant pressure water supply mode control		

Notes:

- ① After restoring the factory values, you need to set F51.00 to 1, 2 or 4 to use the solar water pump special function normally.
- ② For the timing problem of meeting multiple alarm conditions at the same time, such as water shortage alarm, full water alarm, weak light alarm, dry run alarm, when each condition is met at the same time, each will start delay timing, which is not related. When a certain alarm delay time is reached, the alarm is valid and dormant. The other 3 alarm delay timings will be maintained. After the alarm is reset and restored to normal, if the other 3 alarm conditions are still met, the last timing will continue, and so on. If an alarm condition is not met in the middle, the alarm delay timing will be reset.

6.7 Quick Debugging Solution

- 1. Set the corresponding motor parameters according to the motor nameplate.
- 2. If you use an external start/stop button, you need to set F00.02 = 1 and F02.00 = 1, and then connect the start/stop button to X1 and com port.
- 3. Set the solar water pump parameter group

In solar water pump control, we have 3 different solar water pump modes:

F51.00 = 1 CVT mode

F51.00 = 2 PID-regulated MPPT mode

F51.00 = 4 frequency disturbance-regulated MPPT mode

2.1 Set F51.00 = 1.

① Introduction to working logic

In this mode, function code F51.01 is used as the given value of the PID regulator, the current input voltage is used as the feedback of the PID regulator, and the output of the PID regulator is used as the increment of the given frequency of the inverter. The execution cycle of the PID module is set by function code F51.44.

During the startup phase, the inverter starts running at a fixed motor rated frequency, and the input

voltage decreases accordingly. When the voltage decreases by the value set by F51.17, that is, the input voltage is lower than the initial reference voltage of F51.23 PI regulation, it enters the dynamic adjustment phase.

In the dynamic adjustment stage, the given value of the PID regulator is a fixed value, which is displayed by function code F51.25 and modified by function code F51.01. The user can modify it manually. The feedback of the PID regulator is the current solar input voltage, which is displayed by function code F51.24.

2 Set digital given reference voltage F51.01

If the user uses this mode, a suitable reference voltage needs to be set.

If the reference voltage is set too low, the solar input voltage and the inverter output frequency will oscillate significantly. At this time, the F51.01 digital given reference voltage can be appropriately increased until there is no obvious oscillation.

If the reference voltage is set too high, the inverter output frequency is relatively stable in intuitive performance. The F51.01 digital given reference voltage can be appropriately reduced to obtain a higher output frequency.

3 PID parameter adjustment

The default parameters can basically meet most conditions.

If you want to increase the response speed, you can increase Kp F51.38 appropriately. However, a larger Kp will cause a sharp drop in input voltage during the startup process, resulting in a false alarm of weak light sleep failure. Reducing Kp can get a more stable output frequency.

Increasing Kif51.39 can eliminate steady-state errors and suppress fluctuations in output frequency and solar input voltage to a certain extent.

4 F51.41 Rapidly reduce frequency

During operation, it is inevitable that the solar input voltage will drop rapidly in an instant. At this time, if the PID regulator cannot respond quickly to reduce the output frequency, a weak light fault may easily occur.

At this time, you can set the function code F51.41. When the input voltage is close to the weak light sleep voltage F51.14, generally the difference is within 50V, the output frequency of the inverter will decrease rapidly, and the pump-up voltage of the motor deceleration will increase the solar input voltage to maintain the normal operation of the system. The frequency reduction every 1 ms is set by F51.41.

This function is only valid when F51.00 = 1 or 2

4. Set F51.00 = 2.

① Introduction to working logic

In this mode, function code F51.25 displays the given value of the PID regulator, the current input voltage is used as the feedback of the PID regulator, and the output of the PID regulator is used as the increment of the given frequency of the inverter. The execution cycle of the PID module is set by function code F51.44.

During the startup phase, the inverter starts running at a fixed motor rated frequency, and the input voltage decreases accordingly. When the voltage decreases by the value set by F51.17, that is, the input voltage is lower than the initial reference voltage of F51.23 PI regulation, it enters the dynamic adjustment phase.

In the dynamic adjustment stage, the given reference voltage of the PID regulator is displayed by function code F51.25. The system adjusts the given reference voltage of the PID according to the fluctuation of the output frequency. The feedback of the PID regulator is the current solar input voltage, which is displayed by function code F51.24.

2 PID given voltage automatic adjustment

PID The given voltage of the regulator is automatically adjusted based on the initial reference voltage of F51.23. It is automatically adjusted according to the time period set by F51.20 S. The voltage amplitude of each adjustment is set by function code F51.22.

When the output frequency fluctuates greatly, and the frequency fluctuation is greater than the range set by F51.21, the given voltage is automatically increased. When the output frequency has no fluctuation or fluctuates slightly, and is less than the value set by F51.45, the given voltage is automatically reduced to obtain a higher output frequency.

3 PID parameter adjustment

The default parameters can basically meet most conditions.

If you want to increase the response speed, you can increase Kp F51.38 appropriately. However, a larger Kp will easily cause a sharp drop in input voltage during the startup process, resulting in a false alarm of weak light sleep failure. Reducing Kp can get a more stable output frequency.

Increasing Ki F51.39 can eliminate steady-state errors and suppress fluctuations in output frequency and solar input voltage to a certain extent .

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This function is only valid when F51.00 = 1 or 2

5. Set F51.00 = 4.

① Set F51.14 and F51.16 according to the actual output voltage of the solar panel

720V in the morning when not running , and the voltage is about 680V after running, then you can set F51.14 = 580V, F51.16 = 700V.

When the input voltage is less than (F51.14 + 20V That is, when the voltage is 600V), after a delay of 3 ms, the output frequency is reduced to 1 Hz and the output frequency is readjusted after 1s.

If a weak light alarm occurs and the F51.24 input voltage shows about 700V (a higher voltage when not running), you can increase F51.15 appropriately.

If the inverter is completely powered off instantly, you need to increase the value of F51.14, reduce the value of F51.15, reduce the deceleration time (F00.15), set F04.19 = 1 for free stop. Adjust F51.48.

Taking the single-phase camera model as an example, if the solar input voltage is 400V when not running in the morning, and the voltage is about 360V after running, you can set F51.14 =280V, F51.16 = 390V.

When the input voltage is less than (F51.14 + 20V That is, 300V), after a delay of 3 ms, the output frequency is reduced to 1 Hz, and the output frequency is readjusted after 1s.

If a weak light alarm occurs and the input voltage of F51.24 is displayed as about 400V (a higher voltage when not in operation), F51.15 can be appropriately increased.

If the inverter is completely powered off instantly, you need to increase the value of F51.14, reduce the value of F51.15, reduce the deceleration time (F00.15), set F04.19 = 1 for free stop. Adjust F51.48.

The above F51 group parameters are all modified during operation and adjusted according to actual conditions.

2 Setting F51.46

During operation, if the output frequency is stable and F51.24 solar input voltage is stable without fluctuation or with very small fluctuation, you can check the value of F18.55 function code and set F51.46 to

a value slightly larger than F18.55. Then observe the output frequency and F51.22 solar input voltage.

If it is still in a relatively stable state and the output frequency rises significantly, F51.46 can be increased again.

If the output frequency or F51.24 PV input voltage starts to fluctuate or the fluctuation increases, please reduce the value of F51.46.

If the output frequency and F51.24 PV input voltage do not change significantly, and the output frequency does not rise significantly after a period of time, please restore F51.46 to the previous setting value.

3 Setting F51.48

During normal operation, the lighting conditions remain unchanged and there is no obvious cloud cover.

Observe the output frequency and F51.24 solar input voltage.

If the frequency fluctuates greatly, the value of this function code can be reduced. After the reduction, it is still necessary to observe that the output frequency decreases when the clouds cover the sun for a moment. If F51.24 fluctuates too much, the light is weak, or the inverter is completely powered off, the value of F51.48 cannot be reduced or the value of F51.48 still needs to be increased. At the same time, check the function code F00.15 deceleration time and F04.19 stop mode. The deceleration time can be reduced and the stop mode can be changed to free stop (F04.19 = 1).

Increasing the value of F51.48 will lead to an increase in the jitter of the output frequency when the solar input power does not meet the conditions for the motor to operate at the rated frequency. The user needs to set it reasonably.

Part 7 Special function settings

7.1 AC/DC Switching

In solar water pump mode, two types of AC access are supported. F53.00 = 1 and F53.00 = 2.

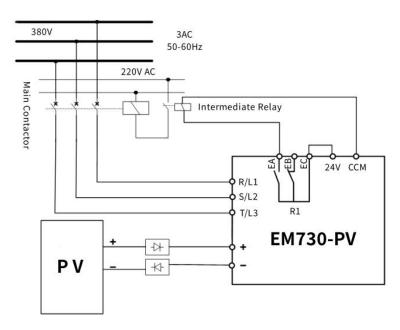
7.1.1 AC/DC Switching Mode.

Operating Logic:

- 1. The inverter starts normally, controlling the output frequency according to the settings defined in F51.00.
- 2. When the output frequency drops below the value set in F53.02, after the delay time set in F53.05, the output terminal function 62 becomes active, controlling the main contactor to close, and AC power is connected. The output frequency is controlled to the motor's rated frequency.
- 3. The system starts a timer according to the time period set in F53.06. The output frequency is maintained at the motor's rated frequency.
- 4. Once the time period ends, the system checks whether AC should be disconnected based on the setting in F53.01.
- 5. If F53.01 = 0, after the time period ends, the output frequency is reduced to the value set in F53.03. After stabilizing, if the bus voltage is higher than the value set in F53.04 (after a 2-minute delay), the system enters step 6 to perform the AC disconnection logic. If the bus voltage is not higher than the set value, the motor's rated frequency is resumed, and the system returns to step 3.

If F53.01 = 0, after the time period ends, proceed to step 6 to disconnect AC.

6. The control output frequency is reduced to 0, the terminal function 62 output is invalid, and the main contactor is disconnected. Re-enter step 2.



7.1.2 AC Fixed Access Mode

In this mode, the AC power can be directly connected to the inverter's RST power input through the main circuit breaker. The output from the solar panels is connected to the inverter's + and - terminals after passing through a diode. When the input voltage from the solar panels exceeds 537V (theoretical value: 380 * 1.414 = 537V), the inverter's internal rectifier diodes will not conduct. The AC input power will supply energy. When the solar input voltage drops below 537V, the rectifier diodes will conduct, and the AC input power will participate in the energy supply. The bus voltage will not drop below 537V.

In this mode, the frequency source is controlled by function code F53.10.

	Mode 2	0:Mode 2 frequency source is controlled by F00.07		
F53.10	frequency	1:Mode 2 frequency source is controlled by digital potentiometer	1.00	•
	source selection	2: Constant pressure water supply mode control		

7.2 Constant Pressure Control

In this mode, parameters F51.00 = 1/2/4, F53.00 = 2, and F53.10 = 2; AC/DC are both connected to the inverter.

In this mode, the output of the PID module is used as the set frequency. The setpoint for the PID module is defined by F09.01, which is the digital pressure setpoint. The PID feedback comes from AI1/AI2. The user should choose the appropriate feedback signal type based on the actual output signal of the pressure sensor (voltage-type or current-type).

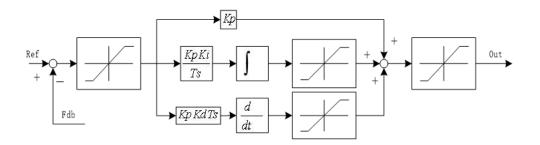


Fig. 9-1 Process PID Block Diagram Description

PID control is a closed-loop control method in which the system's output signal (Out) is fed back to the PID controller. After PID computation, the controller's output is adjusted, forming one or more closed loops. The purpose is to make the system's output value (Out) match the set target value (Ref). The specific principle diagram is shown in Figure 7-27.

The PID controller calculates the control output based on the difference between the system's set target (Ref) and the feedback signal (Fdb), using three computation factors: Proportional (P), Integral (I), and Derivative (D). The characteristics of each computation factor are as follows:

Proportional (P):

Proportional control is the simplest control method. The controller's output is directly proportional to the input error signal. When only proportional control is used, the system output will have steady-state error.

Integral (I):

In integral control, the controller's output is proportional to the integral of the input error signal. This can eliminate steady-state error, ensuring that the system has no steady-state error once it stabilizes. However, it cannot track rapid changes.

Derivative (D):

In derivative control, the controller's output is proportional to the derivative of the input error signal (i.e., the rate of change of the error). It predicts the trend of error change, quickly responds to rapid variations, and improves the system's dynamic performance during the regulation process.

Function Code	Function code name	Parameter description	Unit	Factory value	Attribute
F09.00	PID given source	0: digital PID given 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: Reserved 4Reserved 5: PULSE High Frequency Pulse (X5) 6: Communication given (percentage given)		0	0
F09.01	Digital PID setting	0.0 ~ PID given feedback range F09.03		0.00	•
F09.02	PID feedback source	1: AI1 2: AI2 3: Reserved 4: Reserved 5: PULSE High Frequency Pulse (X5) 6: Communication given		1	0
F09.03	PID given feedback range	0.1~6000.0		10.00	•

F09.00 = 0: Digital PID Setpoint F09.01

The PID setpoint is set by the digital PID setpoint (F09.01), and the specific percentage is calculated as F09.01 / F09.03 * 100.00%.

F09.02 = 1: AI1

F09.02 = 2: AI2

The PID feedback percentage is directly determined by the AI (percentage).

Function Code	Function code name	Parameter description	Unit	Factory value	Attribute
F09.16	Upper Limit of PID Output	F09.17~+100.0	%	100.0	•
F09.17	Lower Limit of PID Output	-100.0∼F09.16	%	0.0	•

PID Output Limiting The entire process of the PID module has an output range defined by (F09.17, F09.16). If the actual adjustment result falls outside this range, the output will be limited to the boundaries.

Function Code	Function code name	Parameter description	Unit	Factory value	Attribute
F09.18	PID Deviation Limit	0.00 to 100.00 (0.00 is invalid)	%	0.00	•

When the deviation between the PID setpoint and the feedback is less than or equal to the deviation limit (F09.18), the PID will stop the adjustment action. This ensures that when the deviation between the setpoint and feedback is small, the output frequency remains stable and unchanged, which is effective in some closed-loop control scenarios.

Function Code	Function code name	Parameter description	Unit	Factory value	Attribute
F09.27	PID Sleep Control Selection	0: Disabled 1: Zero-speed sleep 2: Lower frequency sleep 3: Pipe sealing sleep		0	•
F09.28	Sleep Action Point	0.00 ~ 100.00 (100.00 corresponds to the PID setpoint feedback range)	%	100.00	•
F09.29	Sleep Delay Time	0.0~6500.0	s	0.0	•
F09.30	Wake-up Action Point	$0.00 \sim 100.00 \ (100.00 \ corresponds \ to \ the$ PID setpoint feedback range)	%	0.00	•
F09.31	Wake-up Delay Time	0.0~6500.0	s	0.0	•

In certain situations, at a specific moment, when the output and feedback signals tend to stabilize, or when the controlled variable is within the allowable range, the system may stop outputting and temporarily enter a sleep mode. When the controlled variable exceeds the allowed range, the inverter wakes up and resumes output. This cycle continues, ensuring that the controlled variable stays within the allowable range while also achieving energy savings. A detailed function description is provided in Table 7-17.

Mode		
Action Mode	Status	Description
Positive Action (e.g., constant pressure control)	Normal Operation	Sleep condition judgment: If Feedback > Sleep Action Point (F09.28) (Required condition: When restarting after shutdown or sleep, the feedback pressure must be greater than or equal to the set pressure), or the inverter output frequency reaches the lower limit and can no longer decrease (due to the inverter's minimum frequency or the lower limit of PID output), then, if the above conditions are met and maintained for the duration of the Sleep Delay Time (F09.29), the system will enter Sleep Mode. ★: During the delay period, PID continues to output; after the delay, output follows the function code setting.
	Sleep Mode	Wake-up condition judgment: If Feedback ≤ Wake-up Action Point (F09.30), and this condition is maintained for the duration of the Wake-up Delay Time (F09.31), the system will exit Sleep Mode. ★: During the delay period, output follows the function code setting; after the delay, the PID resumes normal output.
Negative Action(e.g., constant temperature control)	Normal Operation	Sleep condition judgment: If Feedback < Sleep Action Point (F09.28) (Required condition: When restarting after shutdown or sleep, the feedback pressure must be less than or equal to the set pressure), or the inverter output frequency reaches the lower limit and can no longer decrease (due to the inverter's minimum frequency or PID output lower limit), then, if the above conditions are met and maintained for the duration of the Sleep Delay Time (F09.29), the system will enter Sleep Mode. ★: During the delay period, the PID continues to output; after the delay, output follows the function code setting.
	Sleep Mode	Wake-up condition judgment: $ \mbox{ If } \mbox{Feedback} \geq \mbox{Wake-up Action Point (F09.30), and this condition is maintained for the } $

duration of the Wake-up Delay Time (F09.31), the system will exit Sleep Mode.
★: During the delay period, output follows the function code setting; after the delay, the
PID resumes normal output.

Table 7-17 Sleep and Wake-up Function Description

Suggestion:

In the case of positive action, F09.28 (sleep action point) \geq F09.30 (wake-up action point);

In the case of negative action, F09.28 (sleep action point) \leq F09.30 (wake-up action point).

Function Code	Function code	Parameter description	Unit	Factory value	Attribute
F09.39	Wake-up Mode Selection	0: Target pressure (F09.01) * Wake-up Activation Point Coefficient 1: Wake-up Activation Point (F09.30)		0	0
F09.40	Wake-up Activation Point Coefficient	0.0–100.0 (100% corresponds to PID set value)	%	90.0	•

F09.39 = 0: Target pressure = F09.01 * Wake-up action point coefficient (F09.40)

F09.40 * Pre-set value

F09.39 = 1: Wake-up action point (F09.30)

When the PID is below the wake-up point F09.30 and remains there for the wake-up delay time defined by F09.31, the system will wake up.

Function Code	Function code	Parameter description	Unit	Factory value	Attribute
F09.44	Sleep Mode Selection	0: Sleep based on Sleep Frequency(F09.45)1: Sleep based on Sleep Activation Point(F09.28)		0	0
F09.45	Sleep Frequency	0.00 ~ Upper Limit Frequency (F00.18)	Hz	30.00	•

Part 8 Protection/Warning Solutions

8.1 Protection Content

When the inverter is in the abnormal status, the digital tube display will show the corresponding protection code and its parameters, the protection relay and protection output terminal will work, and the inverter will stop the output. In case of protection, the motor will stop rotating normally or slow down until it is stopped. The protection contents and solutions of the EM730 series inverter are shown in Table 10-1.

Table 10-1 Protection Contents and Solutions of EM730 Series Inverter

Protection code	Protection Type	Protection Cause	Protection Solution
E01	Short circuit	 Short circuit to the ground. Inter-phase short circuit Short circuit of the external braking resistor. The acceleration and deceleration time is too short. The inverter module is damaged. There is excessive on-site interference. 	 Check the wiring for short circuits. Properly increase the acceleration and deceleration time. Investigate the cause and reset the controller after implementing the corresponding solutions. Seek technical support.
E02		 The acceleration and deceleration time is too short. In the V/F drive mode, the V/F curve setting is unreasonable. The motor is running during startup. The motor used is beyond the capacity of the inverter or the load is too heavy. Motor parameters are not suitable and need to be identified. The phases on the output side of the inverter are short-circuited. The inverter is damaged. 	 Increase the acceleration and deceleration time. Reasonably set the V/F curve. Enable speed tracking or start DC braking. Use the appropriate motor or inverter. Identify the motor parameters. Check the wiring for short circuits. Seek technical support.
E04	Steady-state overcurrent	The same as E02	The same as E02

		1. The deceleration time is too short, and	Increase the deceleration time.
		the motor has too much regenerated	2. Check the wiring of the braking unit
		energy.	and braking resistor.
		2. The braking unit or braking resistor	3. Use a suitable braking unit/braking
70.5		forms an open circuit.	resistor.
E05	Overvoltage	3. The braking unit or braking resistor does	4. Reduce the power voltage to the
		not match.	specified range.
		4. The power voltage is too high.	5. For the model of the built-in braking
		5. The energy consumption braking	unit, set F15.30 to 1, and enable the
		function is not enabled	energy consumption braking.
		1. The input power supply is subject to	
		phase loss.	Check the input power supply and
	Undervoltage	2. The terminals of the input power supply	
E06		are loose.	wiring. 2. Tighten the screws of input terminals.
Eoo		3. The voltage of the input power supply	Tighten the serews of input terminals. Check the air circuit breaker and
		drops too much.	contactor.
		4. The switch contacts of the input power	contactor.
		supply are aging.	
			Check the input power supply.
		1. The input power supply is subject to	2. Check the wiring of the input power
E07	Input phase	phase loss.	supply.
Lov	loss	2. The input power supply fluctuates	3. Check whether the terminal is loose
		greatly.	4. Use a voltage regulator on the input
			side.
			1. Check the connection between the
			inverter and motor.
E08	Output phase	1. The output terminals U, V and W have	2. Check whether the output terminal is
	loss	phase losses.	loose.
			3. Check whether the motor winding is
			disconnected.

	overload	is too short. deceleration time.	
		In the V/F drive mode, the V/F curve 2. Reasonably set the V/F curv	e.
		setting is unreasonable. 3. Use the inverter that matche	s the load.
		The load is too heavy. 4. Reduce the braking time are	nd braking
		The braking time is too long, the intensity. Do not enable D	C braking
		braking intensity is too high, or DC repeatedly.	
		braking is enabled repeatedly.	
	Inverter	1. The operating environment inverter should me inverter should me specifications. The inverter is subject to poor	
E10	overheat	ventilation. 2. Improve the ventilation en and check whether the a blocked.	
		3. Replace the cooling fan.	
F11	Parameter	There is a logic conflict in parameter 1. Check whether parameter	rs set is
E11	setting conflict	settings. illogical before the protection	n.
E13	Motor	The acceleration and deceleration time 1. Increase the acceleration time deceleration time. In the V/F drive mode, the V/F curve	ion and
	overload	2. Reasonably set the V/F curv setting is unreasonable.	
		The load is too heavy. 3. Use a motor matching the lo	oad.
E14	External protection	The protection terminal of the external l. Check the external device. device acts.	
		Interference results in memory reading 1. Press the STOP/RESET ke	ey to reset
	Inverter	and writing errors. the controller and try again.	
E15	memory	The internal memory of the controller is 2. For the parameters (e.g.	frequency
	protection	read and written repeatedly, causing setting) to be modified freq	uently, set
		damage to the memory. F10.56 to 11 after debugging	g.
E16	Communicatio n error		in the
		system. system.	

		Communication is disconnected.	2. Adjust the F10.03 communication
			timeout.
			3. Check whether the communication
			cable is disconnected.
	Abnormality of		2. Check whether the inverter
F17	inverter	1. The inverter temperature sensor is	temperature sensor is connected
E17	temperature	disconnected or short-circuited.	properly.
	sensor		3. Seek technical support.
		1. The power supply fails during operation.	
		2. The input power supply is subject to	1. Stop the inverter before power-off, or
		phase loss.	directly reset the protection.
	The soft start	3. The terminals of the input power supply	2. Check the input power supply and
E18	relay is not	are loose.	wiring.
	engaged.	4. The voltage of the input power supply	3. Tighten the screws of input terminals.
		drops too much.	4. Check the air circuit breaker and
		5. The switch contacts of the input power	contactor.
		supply are aging.	
	Error of		
F10	current	1. The detection circuit of the drive board	
E19	detection	or control board is damaged.	Seek technical support.
	circuit		
		1 77 1 1 2 2 2 1 4	Increase the deceleration time.
F20	C4-114 - 4:	The deceleration time is too short.	2. Check the dynamic brake.
E20	Stall protection	Error of dynamic brake for deceleration.	3. Check whether the motor cannot be
		3. The load is too heavy.	stopped as it is driven by another load.
			1. Check whether the feedback line falls
		1. The PID feedback is greater than the	off.
E21	PID feedback	upper limit (F09.24) or less than the	2. Check whether the sensor is working
	disconnection	lower limit (F09.25), depending on the	abnormally.
		type of the feedback sensor.	3. Adjust the detection value of feedback
			disconnection to a reasonable level.

		1. Pr	ress the STOP/RESET key during	1.	Press the STOP/RESET key to reset.
		pa	arameter identification.	2.	The external terminal should not be
		2. Th	he external terminal stops working		operated during parameter
		(F	FRS = ON) properly during parameter		identification.
E24	Self-identificat	id	lentification.	3.	Check the connection between the
	ion error	3. Th	he motor is not connected.		inverter and motor.
		4. Th	he rotary self-learning motor is not	4.	Disconnect the rotary self-learning
		di	isconnected from the load.		motor from the load.
		5. Th	he motor fails.	5.	Check the motor.
		1. Th	he motor is not connected or does not	1.	Check the wiring and use the
		m	natch the load.		appropriate motor
E26	Load loss	2. Lo	oad loss occurs.	2.	Check the equipment.
	protection	3. Th	ne parameters of load loss protection	3.	Change the off-load detection level
		ar	re not set reasonably.		F07.22 and detection time F07.23.
	Up to		1		
E27	cumulative	1. Th	ne inverter maintenance time is up.	1.	Please contact the dealer for technical
	power-on time	2			support.
	Up to			1	Please contact the dealer for technical
E28	cumulative	1. Th	1. The inverter maintenance time is up.		
	running time				support.
		1 Tl	he valid time of the wiring detection	1.	Check whether the sensor can work
	Wiring		erminal is too long.		normally.
E44				2.	Check whether the terminal is capable
	protection		erminal is too long.		of properly judging the closing and
			Anima is too long.		opening.
				1.	Check whether the sensor is in the
	Overpressure	1. Th	ne feedback pressure in the water		abnormal status.
E57	in pipeline	peline supply application is too high.			Check the analog terminal for normal
	network				detection of analog input.
				3.	Check the external device.
E58	Under-pressure	1. T	The feedback pressure in the water	1.	Check whether the sensor is in the

	in pipeline	supply application is too low.		abnormal status.
	network		2.	Check the analog terminal for normal
				detection of analog input.
			3.	Check the external device.
	Short circuit to	The output is short-circuited to ground.		Check whether the output cable is broken or whether the motor shell is broken down.
E76	the ground	2. The inverter module is damaged.		Investigate the cause and reset the controller after implementing the corresponding solutions. Seek technical support.
EtSLP	Water shortage	 The water in the water intake area is drained The low-level detection sensor is damaged 		Check whether there is water in the water intake area Replace the low-level detection sensor
FuSLP	Full water storage tank sleep	 The water level in the water storage area is full The high-level detection sensor in the water storage area is damaged 		water storage area is full
LvSLP		 Insufficient light intensity Light weak voltage value is set higher 		Wait for the light to become stronger before it automatically recovers Appropriately reduce the light detection voltage
drSLP	Dry running sleep	 The water flow of the water pump is very small or there is no water The dry-run detection current is set larger 	1.	Change the water source Appropriately reduce the dry-run detection current

Part 9 Optional Accessories

9.1 Boost Module

9.1.1 Wiring

- PV+ and PV- of the boost module are connected to the positive and negative inputs of the DC power supply;
- +) and (-) of the boost module are connected to the input (+) and (-) of the water pump inverter;
- 85 communication terminal A+ of the boost module is connected to the A+ of the inverter, and the A-terminal is connected to the A-;
- After checking that the wiring is correct, it can run automatically after power-on.

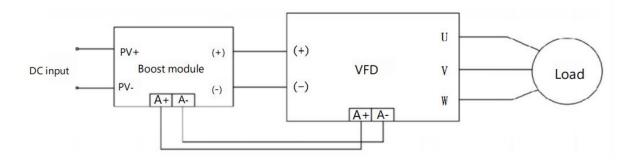


figure 1 Connection between boost module and inverter

9.1.2 Operation and Operation Process

1 Automatic voltage boost

the input voltage of the boost module is below 260V, the voltage will be automatically increased to 260V; if the input voltage is greater than 260V, the boost module will not boost the voltage temporarily; after the inverter is running and communicates successfully with the boost module, it will automatically boost the voltage according to the reference voltage of the inverter (the boost value of the inverter with a reference voltage of 220V is 350V, and the boost value of the inverter with a reference voltage of 380V is 570V).

2Inverter function code

F52 group boost module dedicated group

Function	Function code	Parameter	unit	Factory	
Code	name	Description	unit	default	
F52.00	Whether to enable the boost	0: Disable		1	
F52.00	module	1: Enable		1	
F52.01	Reference voltage	0~690	V	0	
F52.02	Voltage loop Kp	0.00~65.535		0.270	

F52.03	Voltage loop Ki	0.00~65.535		0.135
F52.04	Current loop Kp	0.00~65.535		
F52.05	Current loop Ki	0.00 ~ 65.535		
F52.06	Carrier frequency	0 ~ 50	KZ	
F52.0 7	Light-weak voltage warning value setting	0~690	V	260
F52.0 8	Light intensity voltage warning value setting	0~690	V	690
F52.0 9	Motor overload factor	0.00~100.00	%	100.00
F52. 10	Inverter side fault flag	0: No fault 1: Fault		0
F52. 11	Boost side open circuit voltage	0~690	V	0
F52. 12	Boost side open circuit current	0.00~650.00	A	0.00
F52.1 3	Low light intensity warning sign	0: No warning 1: Low light 2: High light		0
F52.1 4	Inverter operation selection when boost module fails	O: Inverter stops working 1: Warning output continues to operate with limited power		1

illustrate:

- Function code F 52.00 should be set to 1. If the DC bus voltage does not match after the inverter is powered on, check whether the F52.00 function code is 1;
- Function code F 52.01 means the inverter automatically sets parameters according to the rated voltage, without manual setting.
- Function codes F 52.02 and F 52.03 are the Kp and Ki parameters of the voltage loop PI and do not need to be changed;
- Function codes F52.04 and F52.05 are the Kp and Ki parameters of the current loop PI and do not need to be changed;
- Function code F52.06 is for setting the carrier frequency of the boost module.
- Function codes F 52.0 7 and F 52.0 8 can set the light-weak warning voltage value and light-intensity warning voltage value. When the input voltage is less than the light-weak

warning voltage value, the boost module fault light is on and the inverter pops up a light-weak warning; when the input voltage is greater than the light-intensity voltage value, the boost module fault light is on and the inverter pops up a light-intensity warning;

- Function code F 52.0 9 is used to set the overload factor and judge the input current for overload protection. 100% corresponds to the rated current of the boost module.
- Function code F 52. 11 displays the input voltage on the PV+ and PV- sides of the boost module; function code F 52. 12 displays the current on the PV+ and PV- sides of the boost module.
- F 52. 13 shows the warning sign on the boost module side, if the light is weak it is 1 and the light intensity is 2.

9.1.3 Working conditions

Input is the DC voltage of the solar panel

Maximum DC input voltage: 600V

Starting voltage: 80V

Minimum operating voltage: 70V

Maximum input current: 22A

9.1.4 Warnings and faults

Light intensity warning: When the light intensity is detected, the inverter pops up a warning, the red light of the boost module lights up, and the boost does not stop.

Weak light warning: When weak light is detected, the inverter pops up a warning, the red light of the boost module turns on, and the boost does not stop.

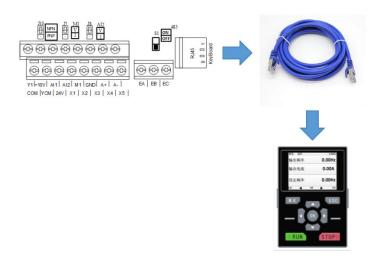
Communication failure. After the communication failure, the boost module automatically reduces the voltage to 260V (when the input voltage on the PV+ and PV- sides is less than 260V) or the input voltage on the PV+ and PV- sides; the boost module automatically boosts the voltage after the communication is reconnected.

9.2 LCD keyboard

- ①LCD keyboard can display 3 lines of data
- ②Support parameter upload and download

9.2.1 Wiring

Use a network cable to directly connect the inverter RJ45 network port and the LCD keyboard network port, and then the LCD keyboard can be used normally.



9.3 GPRS Module

Optional GPRS module, providing WEB for remote monitoring by customers



9.4 Output Reactor

It can increase the effective transmission distance of the frequency converter and is suitable for long cable water pump applications

